# Lesson 9: Where does your son work

### **Lesson Objectives**

- 1. Be able to ask where something is, and give a response.
- Be able to ask where someone works/ eats/ reads ..etc., and give a response

## **Expressing location with** zài:

Ex: Je suis à l'ecole

wǒ zài xuéxiào

### The Different Uses of **zai** in Chinese

- 1. Expressing location with (zài)
- The (zài) character can be used to indicate location and often be used to state 'to be located at'.

## subject + zài + place

- (ta zài jia) He is at home.
- The negation for (zài) is (bú zài) :
- (ta bú zài jia) He is **not at** home.

# (zài) = en train de (lesson 13)

2 Using (zài) to suggest ongoing actions in the present (Lesson 13)

Ex: wǒ zài kàn shu

= I am reading a book

Ex: wǒ zài gongzuò

- = I am working
- = Je suis en train de travailler

**Grammar:** zài is a verb.

Typically indicating the location of somebody or something. (can be used as a Preposition)

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1 zài = to be at (Preposition)

zài + location (place) + Verb

Ex. at the hospital to work, at school to work

= zài yiyuàn gongzuò (
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năr ? = where (Interrogative Pronoun)
 Ex. wò de péngyǒu zài năr ?
 = Où sont mes amis? (where are my friends?)

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ne !? (expressing I wonder = what
about..?)
ne ?= La particule finale (Et....?)
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Ni ne ?= what about you?
= et vous? (et toi?)
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## Example:

?

wǒ shì Fàguó rén, nǐi ne?

- = Je suis français(e), et toi?
- = I am French. What about you?

### • Leçon 9

**Examples:** 

- 1. Ni de érzi zài năr gongzuò?

  Your son is at where to work? (Where does your son work?)
- 2 A: Yisheng zài năr gongzuò? ?

  The doctor is at where to work?( Where does the doctor work)

B: Yisheng + zài + yiyuàn gongzuò + +

•

The doctor is at the hospital to work. (The doctor is working at the hospital).



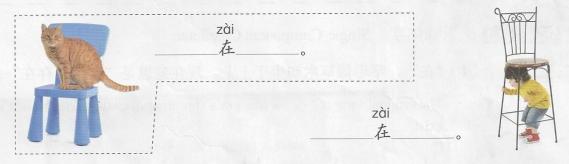
# Lesson 9 Exercises



- 2 根据课文内容回答问题。 Answer the questions based on the dialogues.
  - 小狗在哪儿? Xiǎo gǒu zài nǎr?
  - ②他在哪儿工作? Tā zài nǎr gōngzuò?
  - ③他儿子在哪儿工作? Tā érzi zài nǎr gōngzuò?
  - 4 她爸爸在家吗? Tā bàba zài jiā ma?
  - ⑤ 她爸爸在哪儿呢? Tā bàba zài nǎr ne?

#### 3 用本课新学的语言点和词语描述图片

Describe the pictures using the newly-learned language points and words.





Wǒ māma shì	tā zài	
我妈妈是	,她在	0

Wǒ nǚ'ér shì tā bù 我 女儿 是\_\_\_\_\_\_,她不\_\_\_\_\_。



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第 18-22 题:看问题,选择正确的 Questions 18-22: Read the questions and c	回答 hoose the right	answer to each of them.
Nǐ hē shuǐ ma? 例如:你喝水吗? Example: Would you like some water?	F	Wǒ shì xuésheng, wǒ bù gōngzuò. A 我是学生,我不工作。
Nǐ zài nǎr gōngzuò? 18. 你在哪儿工作?		Bú zài,Lǐ lǎoshī zài yīyuàn. B 不在,李老师在 医院。
Wǒ de xiǎo gǒu zài nǎr? 19. 我的小狗在哪儿?		Zài nàr, yǐzi xiàmiàn. C 在那儿,椅子下面。
Wǒ de bēizi ne? 20. 我的杯子呢?		Tā shì lǎoshī, zài xuéxiào gōngzuò. D 她是老师,在学校工作。
Nǐ nǚ'ér zài nǎr gōngzuò? 21. 你女儿在哪儿工作?	add to teel by	Bēizi zài zhèr. E 杯子在这儿。
Qǐngwèn, Lǐ lǎoshī zài ma? 22. 请问,李老师在吗?		Hǎo de, xièxie! F 好的,谢谢!
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第 23-30 题:看句子,选择正确的词语填空

Questions 23-30: Read the sentences and choose the right words to fill in the brackets

zài nǎr ne míngzi shénme A在 B哪儿 C呢 D名字 E什么

Nǐ jiào shénme

例如: 你叫 什么 ( D )?

Example: What is your name?

Nǐ bàba zuò gōngzuò?

23. 你爸爸做( )工作?

Nǐ hǎo, qǐngwèn Wáng lǎoshī zài

24. 你好,请问 王 老师在()?

Wǒ érzi shì yīshēng, yīyuàn gōngzuò.

25. 我儿子是 医生,() 医院 工作。

Nĭ de māo

26. 你的猫():

xuéxiào yīyuàn shāngdiàn jiā F家 G学校 H医院 I商店

Nǐ yǒu jǐ kǒu rén?

27. 你( )有几口人?

Wǒ xiǎng qù mǎi yí ge bēizi.

28. 我 想 去( )买一个杯子。

Míngtiān xiàwǔ wǒ xiǎng qù kàn shū.

29. 明天 下午我想去()看书。

Tā bàba shì yīshēng, zài gōngzuò.

30. 他爸爸是 医生, 在( ) 工作。