

differential_algebraic_equations

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0.0.1 1. Algebraic Equation:

- Found in the **Laplace domain**.
- An algebraic equation results from transforming a **differential equation** in the time domain (continuous signals) to the Laplace domain using the Laplace transform.
- It is expressed in terms of the Laplace variable s .

Example: For an RC circuit, the differential equation: $RC \frac{dV_{\text{out}}(t)}{dt} + V_{\text{out}}(t) = V_{\text{in}}(t)$, transforms into the algebraic equation: $(sRC + 1)V_{\text{out}}(s) = V_{\text{in}}(s)$.

0.0.2 2. Difference Equation:

- Found in the **discrete-time domain**.
- A difference equation models the relationship between input and output signals sampled at discrete time intervals.
- It replaces derivatives with differences and uses z -domain analysis (discrete equivalent of Laplace transform).

Example: For a discrete-time RC circuit: $y[n] + ay[n-1] = bx[n]$, where $y[n]$ is the output, $x[n]$ is the input, and a and b are coefficients based on sampling rate and circuit parameters.

This is a **difference equation** because it relates values of y and x at different time steps.

0.0.3 Key Differences Between Algebraic and Difference Equations:

Aspect	Algebraic Equation	Difference Equation
Domain	Continuous (Laplace domain)	Discrete (time or z -domain)
Signals	Continuous-time (t)	Discrete-time (n)
Transforms Used	Laplace Transform (s)	z -Transform (z)
Application	Continuous systems analysis	Discrete systems analysis
Form of Relation	Algebraic (e.g., $H(s)$)	Recursive (e.g., $y[n]$)

0.0.4 Connection Between the Two:

1. A **differential equation** can be converted into an **algebraic equation** using the Laplace transform.
 2. A **difference equation** can be derived by discretizing the original differential equation using methods like **Euler's method** or **bilinear transform**.
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0.0.5 When to Use Each:

- Use **algebraic equations** for analyzing continuous systems (e.g., circuits, control systems).
 - Use **difference equations** for analyzing digital systems (e.g., sampled data systems, digital filters).
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0.0.6 Summary:

An **algebraic equation** arises in continuous-time system analysis (Laplace domain), while a **difference equation** models discrete-time systems. They are related but not equivalent, as they belong to different domains of analysis. Let me know if you'd like further details!

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