

polar_plot

December 9, 2024

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[1]: using FFTW, LinearAlgebra
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[2]: include("modules/operations.jl");
```

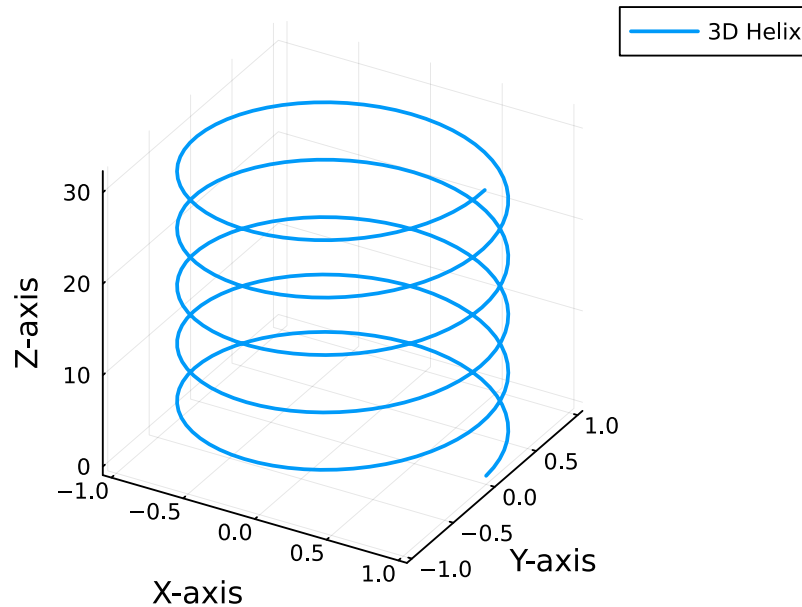
```
[3]: using Plots
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```
# Define parameters
t = 0:0.1:10 # Range for the parameter
x = cos.(t) # X-coordinates (helix)
y = sin.(t) # Y-coordinates (helix)
z = t # Z-coordinates (height of the helix)

# Create 3D plot
plot(x, y, z
      # , proj=:circle
      , linewidth=2
      , label="3D Helix"
      , title="3D Helix Example"
      , xlabel="X-axis", ylabel="Y-axis", zlabel="Z-axis"
    )
```

```
[3]:
```

3D Helix Example



```
[4]: using Plots

# Define the transfer function  $H(e^{j\omega})$  for the discrete-time system
function H()
    # Complex exponential terms
    z = ^(j * ) #  $e^{(j)}$ 
    z = ^(2j * ) #  $e^{(j2)}$ 

    # Transfer function
    numerator = z^2 - sqrt(2) * z + 1 #  $(z^2 - \sqrt{2}z + 1)$ 
    denominator = z^2 #  $(z^2)$ 
    return numerator / denominator
end

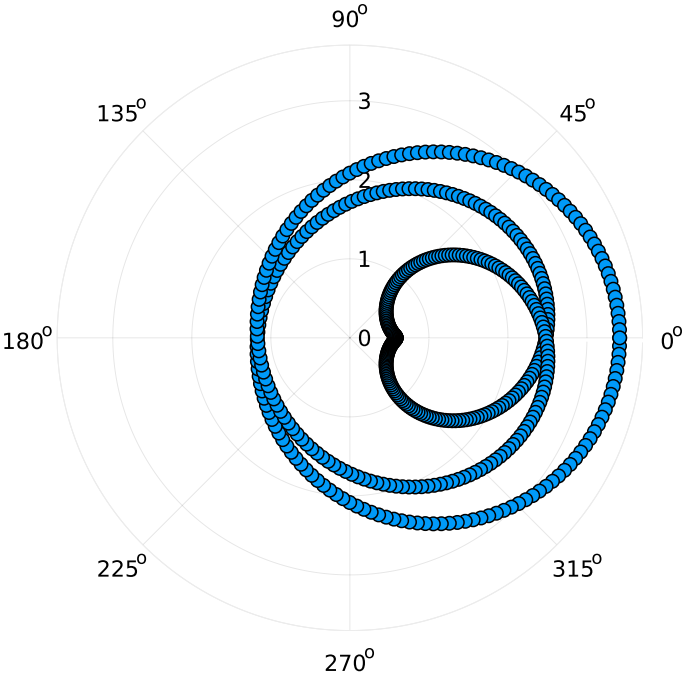
# Frequency range (from - to for discrete systems)
= range(- , , length=500)

# Magnitude and phase response
magnitude = abs.(H.( ))
phase = angle.(H.( )) # Phase in radians

# Polar plot (magnitude and phase)
plot(phase, magnitude
```

```
, proj=:polar, marker=:circle
, title="Polar Plot of Frequency Response", legend=false
)
```

[4]: Polar Plot of Frequency Response



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[ ]:
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