

artikel.=""Most Americans now carry some immune protection, experts said, whether from vaccine. For two years, the coronavirus killed Americans on a brutal, predictable schedule: A few weeks, then a lull. But that pattern appears to have changed. Nearly three months since an ultra-contagious set of omicron variants took hold, the spread of the virus and the number of deaths in its wake, two measures that were once yoked together, have diverged. Because so many Americans have now been vaccinated or infected or both, they said, the number of deaths has fallen. "In previous waves, there were still substantial pockets of people who had not been vaccinated," they said. That turn in the pandemic has nevertheless left many Americans behind. Older people make up a larger share of Covid deaths than they did last year. The virus continues to kill. Covid is still killing an average of 314 people daily, one-tenth the number who were dying even in the peak of the pandemic. With the country's resources for fighting the virus drying up and many Americans forgoing booster shots, the situation is dire. "As the time since people got vaccinated becomes longer and longer, the efficacy of the immune response wanes," they said. The link between Covid cases and deaths started weakening over the winter, scientists said, but it has become even clearer this spring. This spring, Covid has been killing fewer Americans daily than during any period except the start of the pandemic. By some estimates, the case fatality rate – the share of recorded Covid cases that prove deadly – has fallen to its lowest point. To account for those problems, Dr. Dowdy looked at the proportion of reported test results that are positive. By his rough calculations, Dr. Dowdy estimated that the ratio of deaths to test positivity fell from about 1 in 100 in the early months of the pandemic to about 1 in 1,000 now. "What we're seeing is that the average case of Covid-19 is becoming much milder," he said. That is a better reflection of gains in immunity than it is of any intrinsic weakening of the virus. The country paid a staggering price: Some 200,000 people were killed by Covid this winter and more than 1 million have been hospitalized. "Our level of community immunity heading into this wave was much higher than it's ever been before," they said. In the Northeast, where the Omicron subvariants first took hold this spring, deaths climbed a bit, but not as much as in previous waves. But across the United States, where cases have been climbing since early April, deaths have risen again. "I think it's somewhat reassuring that deaths didn't really spike as they had during earlier waves," they said. Virginia Pitzer, an epidemiologist at the Yale School of Public Health, said that shift stemmed from a change in the mix of subvariants. In a country as large as the United States, every Covid wave is also a collection of staggered waves. Some states have also moved from reporting Covid deaths daily to doing so weekly, and they have

And some states said that so many residents had died from Covid this winter that it took them
“Our surveillance system in the U.S. is not as strong as it should be or could be,” Dr. Geral
There are a number of possible reasons that Covid deaths have not fallen even further. With i
The country’s stagnant booster campaign has also left many older people at a long distance fr
“Overall, the people who’ve been coming through with Covid are much, much less sick than they
Disparities in access to booster shots and antiviral pills have also put some Americans at hi
The number of hospitalized Covid patients is still climbing nationally, making it likely that
“Unfortunately, vaccination rates in many southern states are among the lowest in the country
Even as fewer cases turn deadly, the unprecedented number of infections this winter and sprin
Dr. Karan, of Stanford, said that he had lingering symptoms from a January bout with Covid un
In the Northeast, where cases have been falling for several weeks, Dr. Ranney said that Covid
They had also been presenting differently, she said. In previous surges, patients’ most press
“This wave feels qualitatively and quantitatively different,” Dr. Ranney said. “We’re not see
print(artikel)

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#Case Folding

dengan fungsi lower() yang sudah disediakan oleh Python
artikel = artikel.lower()

coba tampilkan hasilnya
print(artikel)

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```
# Menghapus Tanda Baca
```

```
# import library regex
```

```
import re
```

```
import string
```

```
#hapus angka
```

```
#artikel = re.sub(r"\d+", "", artikel)
```

```
#hapus punctuation
```

```
artikel = artikel.translate(str.maketrans("".string.punctuation))
```

```
#hapus whitespace leading & trailing
artikel = artikel.strip()
```

```
#hapus multiple whitespace into single whitespace
artikel = re.sub('\s+', ' ',artikel)
```

```
# tampilkan hasilnya
print(artikel)
```

```
lactable schedule a few weeks after infections climbed so did deaths cutting an unforgivi
```



```
#TOKENISASI
# import library nltk
import nltk
# download package punkt -> punctuation nltk
nltk.download('punkt')

# lakukan tokenisasi
tokens = nltk.tokenize.word_tokenize(artikel)

# coba tampilkan hasilnya
print(tokens)
```

```
📁 ➔ punkt to /root/nltk_data...
ers/punkt.zip.
arry', 'some', 'immune', 'protection', 'experts', 'said', 'whether', 'from', 'vaccines',
```



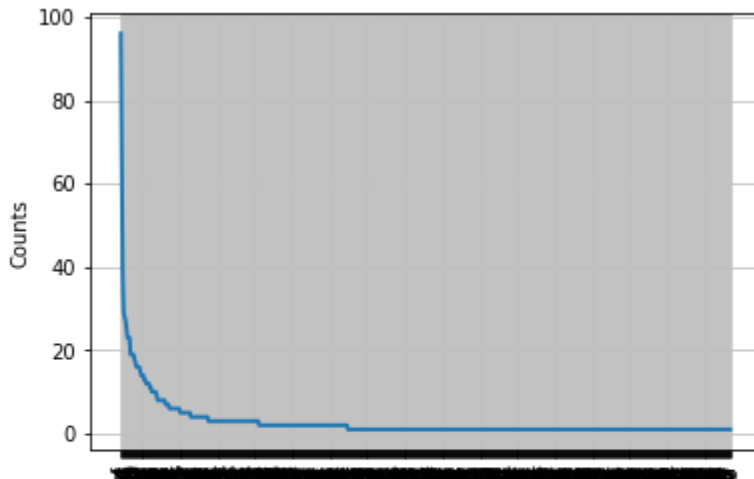
```
#Menampilkan frekuensi token
# import nltk
import nltk

frekuensi_token = nltk.FreqDist(tokens)
print(frekuensi_token.most_common())
```

```
[('the', 96), ('of', 66), ('in', 38), ('and', 29), ('to', 28), ('that', 27), ('covid', 2
```



```
frekuensi_token.plot()
```



```
# Stopword Removal
# import nltk
import nltk

# download package punkt -> punctuation nltk
nltk.download('punkt')

# import stopwords
from nltk.corpus import stopwords

# download stopwords
nltk.download('stopwords')

# lakukan tokenisasi
tokens = nltk.tokenize.word_tokenize(artikel)

# stopwords dalam bahasa Inggris
stopwords_set = set(stopwords.words('english'))

# siapkan untuk menampung hasil setelah stopwords dibuang
token_setelah_stopword = []

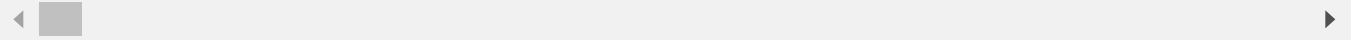
# siapkan untuk menampung token yang dianggap stopwords
token_stopword = []

# cek semua token
for token in tokens:
    if token in stopwords_set: # berarti termasuk stopword
        token_stopword.append(token)
    else:
        token_setelah_stopword.append(token)

# token-token yang termasuk stopword
print(token_stopword)

# token-token yang bukan stopword (dipakai untuk tahap berikutnya)
print(token_setelah_stopword)
```

```
['most', 'now', 'some', 'from', 'on', 'both', 'for', 'the', 'on', 'a', 'a', 'few', 'afte  
['americans', 'carry', 'immune', 'protection', 'experts', 'said', 'whether', 'vaccines',  
[nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk_data...  
[nltk_data]   Package punkt is already up-to-date!  
[nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk_data...  
[nltk_data]   Unzipping corpora/stopwords.zip.
```

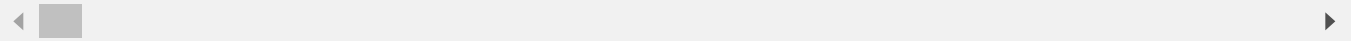


#Stemming

```
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer  
porter = PorterStemmer()
```

```
hasil_stemming_porter = [porter.stem(word) for word in token_setelah_stopword]  
print(hasil_stemming_porter)
```

```
['american', 'carri', 'immun', 'protect', 'expert', 'said', 'whether', 'vaccin', 'infect
```

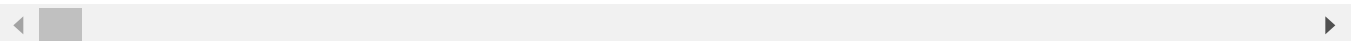


#Lemmatization

```
import nltk  
from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer  
nltk.download('wordnet')  
nltk.download('omw-1.4')
```

```
wordnet_lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()  
hasil_lemmatization = [wordnet_lemmatizer.lemmatize(word) for word in token_setelah_stopword]  
print(hasil_lemmatization)
```

```
[nltk_data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nltk_data...  
[nltk_data]   Package wordnet is already up-to-date!  
[nltk_data] Downloading package omw-1.4 to /root/nltk_data...  
[nltk_data]   Unzipping corpora/omw-1.4.zip.  
['american', 'carry', 'immune', 'protection', 'expert', 'said', 'whether', 'vaccine', 'i
```



```
from nltk.tag import pos_tag  
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
```

```
import nltk  
nltk.download('averaged_perceptron_tagger')
```

```
def postag(str_data) :  
    tok_sentence = nltk.word_tokenize(str_data)  
    tagged_sentence = nltk.pos_tag(tok_sentence)  
    return tagged_sentence
```

```
temp = postag(artikel)  
print(temp)
```

```
[nltk_data] Downloading package averaged_perceptron_tagger to  
[nltk_data]   /root/nltk_data...  
[nltk_data]   Package averaged_perceptron_tagger is already up-to-  
[nltk_data]   date!  
[('most', 'JJ'), ('americans', 'NNS'), ('now', 'RB'), ('carry', 'VBP'), ('some', 'DT'),
```



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