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Week 5: Exception Handling and File I/O

Teaching Guide & Hands-on Project



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Project Overview

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Homework Assignment

Task 1: Add Try-Catch to User Input (Required)

Task 2: Implement Auto-Save (Required)

Task 3: Advanced File Operations (Challenge)



Assessment Checklist



Common Student Errors & Solutions

Error 1: File Not Found

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Additional Resources



Preview of Week 6



Key Takeaways

Week 5: Exception Handling and File I/O

Teaching Guide & Hands-on Project



Session Overview

Duration: 2 - 3 Hours

Teaching: 90 minutes | **Hands-on Practice:** 50 minutes



Learning Objectives

By the end of this session, students will be able to:

1. Understand exceptions and error handling concepts
 2. Use try-catch-finally blocks effectively
 3. Handle multiple exception types
 4. Throw and create custom exceptions
 5. Read and write text files in Java
 6. Work with CSV (Comma-Separated Values) files
 7. Use try-with-resources for automatic resource management
 8. Implement data persistence in applications using files
-



Quick Review (5 minutes)

Quick Questions:

- What's the difference between ArrayList and HashSet?
- When would you use HashMap instead of ArrayList?
- What does an interface define?
- Can a class implement multiple interfaces?

Key Review Points:

- Collections provide dynamic data structures
 - Choose collections based on needs: order, uniqueness, lookup
 - Interfaces define contracts for behavior
-

Detailed Lesson Plan (120 Minutes)

Part 1: Understanding Exceptions (15 minutes)

What are Exceptions? (5 minutes)

Definition:

- Exceptions are events that disrupt normal program flow
- Represent errors or unexpected situations
- Allow graceful error handling instead of program crashes

Real-world analogy:

Ordering food at a restaurant:

Normal Flow:

1. You order food
2. Kitchen prepares it
3. You receive your meal
4. You eat

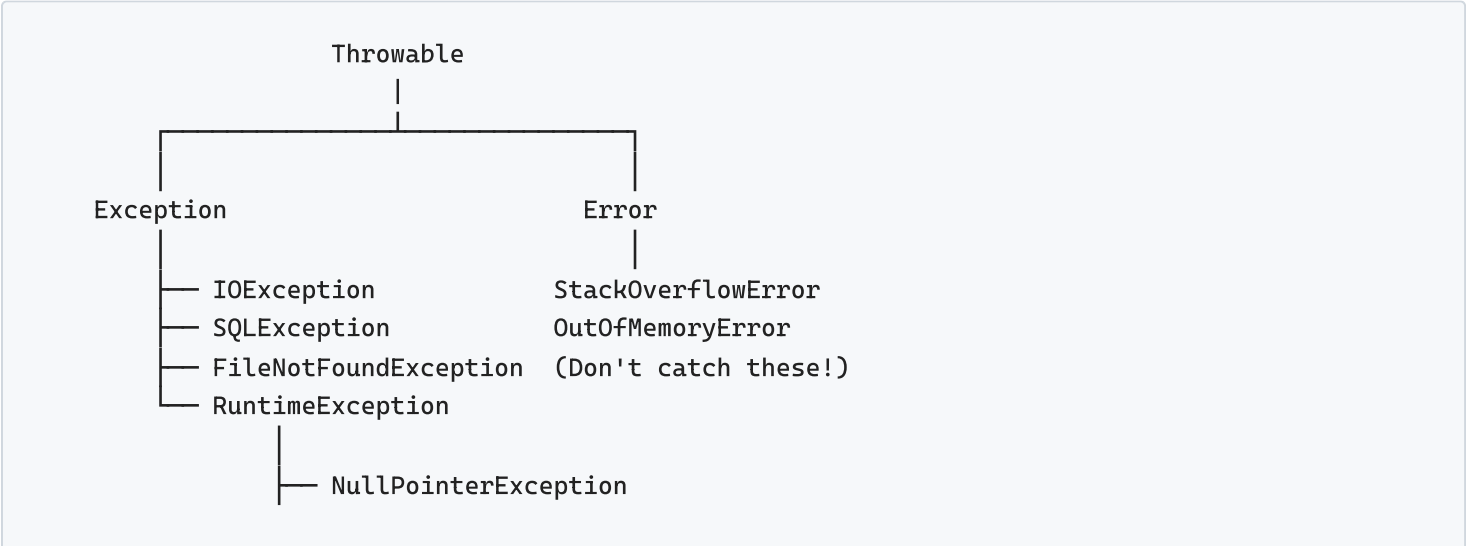
Exception Scenarios:

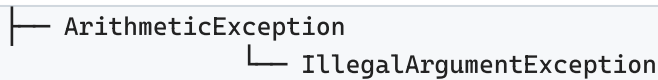
- Item not available → MenuItemException
- Kitchen is closed → KitchenClosedException
- Payment declined → PaymentException
- You're allergic → AllergyException

Each exception is handled differently!

Exception Hierarchy (5 minutes)

Draw the hierarchy:





Two Main Categories:

1. Checked Exceptions (must handle)

- IOException, FileNotFoundException, SQLException
- Compiler forces you to handle them

2. Unchecked Exceptions (Runtime Exceptions)

- NullPointerException, ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException
- Can occur anywhere, not required to handle

Common Exceptions Demonstration (5 minutes)

Example 1: Common Runtime Exceptions

```
public class CommonExceptionsDemo {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // 1. ArithmeticException
        try {
            int result = 10 / 0; // Division by zero
        } catch (ArithmeticException e) {
            System.out.println("Error: Cannot divide by zero!");
        }

        // 2. NullPointerException
        try {
            String text = null;
            System.out.println(text.length()); // Calling method on null
        } catch (NullPointerException e) {
            System.out.println("Error: String is null!");
        }

        // 3. ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException
        try {
            int[] numbers = {1, 2, 3};
            System.out.println(numbers[5]); // Index doesn't exist
        } catch (ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e) {
            System.out.println("Error: Array index out of bounds!");
        }

        // 4. NumberFormatException
        try {
            int num = Integer.parseInt("abc"); // Not a valid number
        } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
            System.out.println("Error: Cannot convert to number!");
        }
    }
}
```

```
System.out.println("Program continues running!");    }    }
```

Output:

```
Error: Cannot divide by zero!  
Error: String is null!  
Error: Array index out of bounds!  
Error: Cannot convert to number!  
Program continues running!
```

Part 2: Try-Catch-Finally Blocks (20 minutes)

Basic Try-Catch (8 minutes)

Example 2: Simple Try-Catch

```
import java.util.Scanner;  
  
public class TryCatchDemo {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);  
  
        System.out.print("Enter first number: ");  
        int num1 = scanner.nextInt();  
  
        System.out.print("Enter second number: ");  
        int num2 = scanner.nextInt();  
  
        try {  
            int result = num1 / num2;  
            System.out.println("Result: " + result);  
        } catch (ArithmeticException e) {  
            System.out.println("Error: Cannot divide by zero!");  
            System.out.println("Please enter a non-zero divisor.");  
        }  
  
        System.out.println("Thank you for using the calculator!");  
        scanner.close();  
    }  
}
```

Key Points:

- Code that might fail goes in `try` block
- Exception handling goes in `catch` block
- Program continues after catch block

Multiple Catch Blocks (7 minutes)

Example 3: Handling Multiple Exceptions

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class MultipleCatchDemo {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        try {
            System.out.print("Enter array size: ");
            int size = scanner.nextInt();

            int[] numbers = new int[size];

            System.out.print("Enter index to access: ");
            int index = scanner.nextInt();

            System.out.print("Enter value: ");
            int value = scanner.nextInt();

            numbers[index] = value;
            System.out.println("Value stored successfully!");

            // Division operation
            System.out.print("Divide by: ");
            int divisor = scanner.nextInt();
            int result = value / divisor;
            System.out.println("Result: " + result);

        } catch (ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e) {
            System.out.println("Error: Index out of array bounds!");
            System.out.println("Index must be between 0 and " + (e.getMessage()));
        } catch (ArithmeticException e) {
            System.out.println("Error: Cannot divide by zero!");
        } catch (NegativeArraySizeException e) {
            System.out.println("Error: Array size cannot be negative!");
        } catch (Exception e) {
            // Catch-all for any other exceptions
            System.out.println("Error: Something went wrong!");
            System.out.println("Details: " + e.getMessage());
        }

        scanner.close();
    }
}
```

Important: Order matters! More specific exceptions before general ones.

Finally Block (5 minutes)

Example 4: Try-Catch-Finally

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class FinallyDemo {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = null;

        try {
            scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
            System.out.print("Enter a number: ");
            int number = scanner.nextInt();

            int result = 100 / number;
            System.out.println("Result: " + result);

        } catch (ArithmeticException e) {
            System.out.println("Error: Division by zero!");
        } catch (Exception e) {
            System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
        } finally {
            // This ALWAYS runs, even if exception occurs
            System.out.println("Cleaning up resources ... ");
            if (scanner != null) {
                scanner.close();
                System.out.println("Scanner closed.");
            }
        }

        System.out.println("Program ended.");
    }
}
```

Finally Block Rules:

- ALWAYS executes (even if exception occurs)
- Used for cleanup (closing files, connections, etc.)
- Runs even if there's a return statement in try/catch

Part 3: Throwing Exceptions and Custom Exceptions (15 minutes)

Throwing Exceptions (7 minutes)

Example 5: Throwing Exceptions

```

public class ThrowExceptionDemo {

    public static void validateAge(int age) {
        if (age < 0) {
            throw new IllegalArgumentException("Age cannot be negative!");
        }
        if (age < 18) {
            throw new IllegalArgumentException("Must be 18 or older!");
        }
        System.out.println("Age is valid: " + age);
    }

    public static double calculateDiscount(double price, double discount) {
        if (price < 0) {
            throw new IllegalArgumentException("Price cannot be negative!");
        }
        if (discount < 0 || discount > 100) {
            throw new IllegalArgumentException("Discount must be between 0 and 100!");
        }
        return price * (1 - discount / 100);
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        try {
            validateAge(25);
            validateAge(-5); // This will throw exception
        } catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
            System.out.println("Validation Error: " + e.getMessage());
        }

        try {
            double finalPrice = calculateDiscount(100, 20);
            System.out.println("Final price: $" + finalPrice);

            calculateDiscount(100, 150); // Invalid discount
        } catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
            System.out.println("Calculation Error: " + e.getMessage());
        }
    }
}

```

Custom Exceptions (8 minutes)

Example 6: Creating Custom Exceptions

```

// Custom exception class
public class InvalidGradeException extends Exception {
    public InvalidGradeException(String message) {
        super(message);
    }
}

```



```
} }
```

```
public class InsufficientBalanceException extends Exception {
    private double balance;
    private double amount;

    public InsufficientBalanceException(double balance, double amount) {
        super("Insufficient balance. Balance: $" + balance + ", Requested: $" + amount);
        this.balance = balance;
        this.amount = amount;
    }

    public double getBalance() {
        return balance;
    }

    public double getShortfall() {
        return amount - balance;
    }
}
```

```
// Using custom exceptions
public class BankAccount {
    private String accountNumber;
    private double balance;

    public BankAccount(String accountNumber, double initialBalance) {
        this.accountNumber = accountNumber;
        this.balance = initialBalance;
    }

    public void withdraw(double amount) throws InsufficientBalanceException {
        if (amount > balance) {
            throw new InsufficientBalanceException(balance, amount);
        }
        balance -= amount;
        System.out.println("Withdrawal successful. New balance: $" + balance);
    }

    public void deposit(double amount) {
        if (amount ≤ 0) {
            throw new IllegalArgumentException("Deposit amount must be positive!");
        }
        balance += amount;
        System.out.println("Deposit successful. New balance: $" + balance);
    }

    public double getBalance() {
        return balance;
    }
}
```

```
} }
```

```
public class BankDemo {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        BankAccount account = new BankAccount("ACC001", 1000);

        try {
            account.deposit(500);
            account.withdraw(300);
            account.withdraw(2000); // This will throw exception
        } catch (InsufficientBalanceException e) {
            System.out.println("Transaction Failed: " + e.getMessage());
            System.out.println("You need $" + e.getShortfall() + " more.");
        } catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
            System.out.println("Invalid Operation: " + e.getMessage());
        }

        System.out.println("Final balance: $" + account.getBalance());
    }
}
```

Part 4: File I/O Basics (20 minutes)

Reading Files (10 minutes)

Example 7: Reading Text Files

```
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class FileReadingDemo {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // Method 1: Using Scanner
        try {
            File file = new File("data.txt");
            Scanner fileScanner = new Scanner(file);

            System.out.println("=== Reading File ===");
            while (fileScanner.hasNextLine()) {
                String line = fileScanner.nextLine();
                System.out.println(line);
            }

            fileScanner.close();
        }
    }
}
```

```

        System.out.println("Error: File not found!");
        System.out.println("Please create 'data.txt' in the project directory.");
    }
}

```

Example 8: Reading with BufferedReader

```

import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.FileReader;
import java.io.IOException;

public class BufferedReaderDemo {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        BufferedReader reader = null;

        try {
            reader = new BufferedReader(new FileReader("students.txt"));
            String line;
            int lineNumber = 1;

            System.out.println("≡≡≡ File Contents ≡≡≡");
            while ((line = reader.readLine()) != null) {
                System.out.println(lineNumber + ": " + line);
                lineNumber++;
            }

        } catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
            System.out.println("Error: File not found!");
        } catch (IOException e) {
            System.out.println("Error reading file: " + e.getMessage());
        } finally {
            try {
                if (reader != null) {
                    reader.close();
                }
            } catch (IOException e) {
                System.out.println("Error closing file: " + e.getMessage());
            }
        }
    }
}

```

Writing Files (10 minutes)

Example 9: Writing to Files

```

import java.io.FileWriter;
import java.io.BufferedWriter;
import java.io.IOException;

```

```

public class FileWritingDemo {    public static void main(String[] args) {
    // Method 1: Simple FileWriter        try {
        FileWriter writer = new FileWriter("output.txt");
        writer.write("Hello, File I/O!\n");           writer.write("This is line 2.\n");
        writer.write("This is line 3.\n");           writer.close();
        System.out.println("File written successfully!");
    } catch (IOException e) {
        System.out.println("Error writing file: " + e.getMessage());    }
    // Method 2: BufferedWriter (more efficient)        try {
        BufferedWriter bw = new BufferedWriter(new FileWriter("students.txt"));
        bw.write("Alice,20,Computer Science,3.8");           bw.newLine();
        bw.write("Bob,22,Mathematics,3.5");           bw.newLine();
        bw.write("Charlie,21,Physics,3.9");           bw.newLine();
        bw.close();           System.out.println("Student data written successfully!");
    } catch (IOException e) {
        System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());    }    }    }

```

Example 10: Appending to Files

```

import java.io.FileWriter;
import java.io.IOException;

public class AppendFileDemo {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        try {
            // true parameter means append mode
            FileWriter writer = new FileWriter("log.txt", true);

            writer.write("New log entry at " + new java.util.Date() + "\n");
            writer.write("User logged in\n");
            writer.write("---\n");

            writer.close();
            System.out.println("Log appended successfully!");

        } catch (IOException e) {
            System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
        }
    }
}

```

Part 5: Try-With-Resources (10 minutes)

Modern Resource Management (10 minutes)

Example 11: Try-With-Resources

```

import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.FileReader;
import java.io.IOException;

public class TryWithResourcesDemo {

    // Old way (verbose)
    public static void readFileOldWay(String filename) {
        BufferedReader reader = null;
        try {
            reader = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(filename));
            String line;
            while ((line = reader.readLine()) != null) {
                System.out.println(line);
            }
        } catch (IOException e) {
            System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
        } finally {
            try {
                if (reader != null) {
                    reader.close();
                }
            } catch (IOException e) {
                System.out.println("Error closing: " + e.getMessage());
            }
        }
    }

    // New way (cleaner with try-with-resources)
    public static void readFileNewWay(String filename) {
        try (BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(filename))) {
            String line;
            while ((line = reader.readLine()) != null) {
                System.out.println(line);
            }
        } catch (IOException e) {
            System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
        }
        // Resource is automatically closed!
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("≡ Reading with try-with-resources ≡");
        readFileNewWay("data.txt");
    }
}

```

Benefits of Try-With-Resources:

- Automatic resource closing

- Cleaner, more readable code
- Reduces resource leaks
- Handles multiple resources easily

HANDS-ON PROJECT: Student Management System with File Persistence (50 minutes)

Project Overview

Enhance the Week 4 Student Management System to:

1. **Save data to files** when exiting
2. **Load data from files** when starting
3. **Export to CSV** for spreadsheet compatibility
4. **Import from CSV** to bulk add students
5. **Handle all file operations** with proper exception handling
6. **Create backup files** automatically

Step-by-Step Implementation

Step 1: Add File Persistence to Student Class

```
public class Student extends Person {
    private String major;
    private double gpa;
    private ArrayList<String> enrolledCourses;

    public Student(String name, int age, String id, String email, String major, double gpa) {
        super(name, age, id, email);
        this.major = major;
        this.gpa = gpa;
        this.enrolledCourses = new ArrayList<>();
    }

    // Convert student to CSV format
    public String toCSV() {
        // Format: name,age,id,email,major,gpa,course1;course2;course3
        String courses = String.join(";", enrolledCourses);
        return String.format("%s,%d,%s,%s,%s,%.2f,%s",
            name, age, id, email, major, gpa, courses);
    }

    // Create student from CSV line
    public static Student fromCSV(String csvLine) throws InvalidDataException {
```

```

try {
    String[] parts = csvLine.split(",");
    if (parts.length < 6) {
        throw new InvalidDataException("Invalid CSV format: insufficient fields");
    }
    String name = parts[0];
    int age = Integer.parseInt(parts[1]);
    String id = parts[2];
    String email = parts[3];
    String major = parts[4];
    double gpa = Double.parseDouble(parts[5]);
    Student student = new Student(name, age, id, email, major, gpa);
    // Add courses if present
    if (parts.length > 6 && !parts[6].isEmpty()) {
        String[] courses = parts[6].split(";");
        for (String course : courses) {
            student.enrollCourse(course);
        }
    }
    return student;
} catch (NumberFormatException e) {
    throw new InvalidDataException("Invalid number format in CSV: " + csvLine);
} // Other methods from previous weeks ... @Override

public void displayInfo() {
    System.out.println("
    System.out.println("
    System.out.println("
    System.out.println("Name: " + name);
    System.out.println("Student ID: " + id);
    System.out.println("Major: " + major);
    System.out.println("Age: " + age);
    System.out.println("Email: " + email);
    System.out.println("GPA: " + gpa);
    if (!enrolledCourses.isEmpty()) {
        System.out.println("\nEnrolled Courses:");
        for (String course : enrolledCourses) {
            System.out.println(" - " + course);
        }
    }
}

@Override public String getRole() { return "Student"; }
public void enrollCourse(String course) { if (!enrolledCourses.contains(course)) {
    enrolledCourses.add(course);
} }
public void dropCourse(String course) { enrolledCourses.remove(course); }
public ArrayList<String> getEnrolledCourses() {
    return new ArrayList<>(enrolledCourses);
} // Getters
public double getGpa() { return gpa; } public String getMajor() { return major; }
// Setters public void setGpa(double gpa) { this.gpa = gpa; }
public void setMajor(String major) { this.major = major; }
public boolean isHonorRoll() { return gpa ≥ 3.5; } @Override
public boolean matches(String keyword) { return super.matches(keyword) ||
    major.toLowerCase().contains(keyword.toLowerCase()); }

```

Step 2: Custom Exception for Invalid Data

```

public class InvalidDataException extends Exception {
    public InvalidDataException(String message) {
        super(message);
    }

    public InvalidDataException(String message, Throwable cause) {

```

```
super(message, cause);    }    }
```

Step 3: File Manager Class

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
import java.util.Date;

public class FileManager {
    private static final String DATA_FILE = "students.csv";
    private static final String BACKUP_DIR = "backups/";

    // Save all students to file
    public static void saveStudents(ArrayList<Student> students) throws IOException {
        // Create backup first
        createBackup();

        try (BufferedWriter writer = new BufferedWriter(new FileWriter(DATA_FILE))) {
            // Write header
            writer.write("Name,Age,ID,Email,Major,GPA,Courses");
            writer.newLine();

            // Write student data
            for (Student student : students) {
                writer.write(student.toCSV());
                writer.newLine();
            }

            System.out.println("\n Data saved successfully to " + DATA_FILE);

        } catch (IOException e) {
            System.out.println("X Error saving data: " + e.getMessage());
            throw e;
        }
    }

    // Load all students from file
    public static ArrayList<Student> loadStudents() {
        ArrayList<Student> students = new ArrayList<>();

        File file = new File(DATA_FILE);
        if (!file.exists()) {
            System.out.println("No existing data file found. Starting fresh.");
            return students;
        }

        try (BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(DATA_FILE))) {
```



```

        String line;                boolean firstLine = true;                int lineNumber = 1;
        while ((line = reader.readLine()) != null) {
            lineNumber++;                // Skip header
            if (firstLine) {                firstLine = false;
                continue;                }
            // Skip empty lines                if (line.trim().isEmpty()) {
                continue;                }                try {
                Student student = Student.fromCSV(line);
                students.add(student);                } catch (InvalidDataException e) {
                System.out.println("Warning: Skipping invalid data at line " +
lineNumber);
                System.out.println(" Reason: " + e.getMessage());                }
            }
            System.out.println("/ Loaded " + students.size() + " students from file");
            } catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
                System.out.println("Data file not found. Starting with empty database.");
            } catch (IOException e) {
                System.out.println("Error reading file: " + e.getMessage());                }
        return students;                }                // Create backup of current data
private static void createBackup() {                File dataFile = new File(DATA_FILE);
        if (!dataFile.exists()) {                return;                // Nothing to backup                }
        // Create backup directory if it doesn't exist
        File backupDir = new File(BACKUP_DIR);                if (!backupDir.exists()) {
            backupDir.mkdir();                }
        // Generate backup filename with timestamp
        SimpleDateFormat sdf = new SimpleDateFormat("yyyyMMdd_HH:mm:ss");
        String timestamp = sdf.format(new Date());
        String backupFilename = BACKUP_DIR + "students_" + timestamp + ".csv";
        try (BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(DATA_FILE));
            BufferedWriter writer = new BufferedWriter(new FileWriter(backupFilename))) {
            String line;                while ((line = reader.readLine()) != null) {
                writer.write(line);                writer.newLine();                }
            System.out.println("/ Backup created: " + backupFilename);
        } catch (IOException e) {
            System.out.println("Warning: Could not create backup: " + e.getMessage());
        }                }                // Export students to CSV (user-friendly format)
public static void exportToCSV(ArrayList<Student> students, String filename) {
        try (BufferedWriter writer = new BufferedWriter(new FileWriter(filename))) {
            // Write header
            writer.write("Student Name, Age, Student ID, Email, Major, GPA, Number of Courses");
            writer.newLine();                // Write data
            for (Student student : students) {
                writer.write(String.format("%s,%d,%s,%s,%s,%s,%d",
                    student.getName(),                student.getAge(),
                    student.getId(),                student.getEmail(),
                    student.getMajor(),                student.getGpa(),
                    student.getEnrolledCourses().size()));                writer.newLine();
            }                System.out.println("/ Data exported to " + filename);
            } catch (IOException e) {
                System.out.println("X Export failed: " + e.getMessage());                }                }

```

```

        // Import students from CSV
public static ArrayList<Student> importFromCSV(String filename) throws IOException,
    InvalidDataException {
    ArrayList<Student> importedStudents = new ArrayList<>();
    try (BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(filename))) {
        String line;          boolean firstLine = true;          int lineNumber = 1;
        int successCount = 0;    int errorCount = 0;
        while ((line = reader.readLine()) != null) {              lineNumber++;
            if (firstLine) {                                      firstLine = false;
                continue;                                         }
            if (line.trim().isEmpty()) {                          continue;                                         }
            try {
                Student student = Student.fromCSV(line);
                importedStudents.add(student);                    successCount++;
            } catch (InvalidDataException e) {
                System.out.println("Line " + lineNumber + " error: " + e.getMessage());
                errorCount++;                                     }
            }
        System.out.println("\n=== Import Summary ===");
        System.out.println("Successfully imported: " + successCount);
        System.out.println("Errors: " + errorCount);
    } catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
        throw new IOException("Import file not found: " + filename);
    }
    return importedStudents;
}

```

Step 4: Enhanced Management System with File Operations

```

import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.io.IOException;

public class PersistentUniversitySystem {
    private HashMap<String, Student> studentsById;
    private ArrayList<Student> students;
    private Scanner scanner;

    public PersistentUniversitySystem() {
        studentsById = new HashMap<>();
        students = new ArrayList<>();
        scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        loadData();
    }

    private void loadData() {
        System.out.println("Loading data from file ...");
        students = FileManager.loadStudents();
    }
}

```

```

        studentsById.put(student.getId(), student);    }    }
private void saveData() {    try {    FileManager.saveStudents(students);
    } catch (IOException e) {    System.out.println("Failed to save data!");
    }    }    public void displayMenu() {
System.out.println("\n┌───────────────────────────────────────────┐");
System.out.println("│          STUDENT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM v2.0          │");
System.out.println("└───────────────────────────────────────────┘");
System.out.println("1. Add Student");
System.out.println("2. Display All Students");
System.out.println("3. Search Student");
System.out.println("4. Update Student GPA");
System.out.println("5. Delete Student");
System.out.println("6. Display Honor Roll");
System.out.println("7. Save Data");    System.out.println("8. Export to CSV");
System.out.println("9. Import from CSV");    System.out.println("10. Exit");
System.out.println("────────────────────────────────────────");
System.out.print("Enter choice (1-10): ");    }
public void addStudent() {    System.out.println("\n--- Add New Student ---");
    try {    System.out.print("Name: ");
        String name = scanner.nextLine();
        System.out.print("Age: ");    int age = scanner.nextInt();
        scanner.nextLine();    System.out.print("Student ID: ");
        String id = scanner.nextLine();
        if (studentsById.containsKey(id)) {
            System.out.println("X Student ID already exists!");    return;
        }    System.out.print("Email: ");
        String email = scanner.nextLine();
        System.out.print("Major: ");    String major = scanner.nextLine();
        System.out.print("GPA (0.0-4.0): ");
        double gpa = scanner.nextDouble();    scanner.nextLine();
        if (gpa < 0.0 || gpa > 4.0) {
            throw new IllegalArgumentException("GPA must be between 0.0 and 4.0");
        }
        Student student = new Student(name, age, id, email, major, gpa);
        students.add(student);    studentsById.put(id, student);
        System.out.println("✓ Student added successfully!");
    } catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
        System.out.println("X Invalid input: " + e.getMessage());
        scanner.nextLine(); // Clear buffer    } catch (Exception e) {
        System.out.println("X Error adding student: " + e.getMessage());
        scanner.nextLine(); // Clear buffer    }    }
public void displayAllStudents() {    System.out.println("\n--- All Students ---");
    if (students.isEmpty()) {
        System.out.println("No students in the system.");    return;    }
    for (int i = 0; i < students.size(); i++) {
        System.out.println("\nStudent #" + (i + 1));
        students.get(i).displayInfo();    System.out.println("=".repeat(40));
    }    System.out.println("Total students: " + students.size());    }
    public void searchStudent() {
System.out.println("\n--- Search Student ---");

```

```

System.out.print("Enter search keyword: ");
String keyword = scanner.nextLine();
ArrayList<Student> results = new ArrayList<>();
for (Student student : students) {          if (student.matches(keyword)) {
    results.add(student);                    }      }
if (results.isEmpty()) {                    System.out.println("No students found.");
} else {                                    System.out.println("\nFound " + results.size() + " student(s):");
    for (Student student : results) {        System.out.println();
        student.displayInfo();              System.out.println("—".repeat(40));
    }      }      }      public void updateGPA() {
System.out.println("\n--- Update Student GPA ---");
System.out.print("Enter Student ID: ");      String id = scanner.nextLine();
    Student student = studentsById.get(id);    if (student == null) {
        System.out.println("X Student not found.");    return;      }
try {    System.out.println("Current GPA: " + student.getGpa());
    System.out.print("Enter new GPA (0.0–4.0): ");
    double newGpa = scanner.nextDouble();      scanner.nextLine();
    if (newGpa < 0.0 || newGpa > 4.0) {
        throw new IllegalArgumentException("GPA must be between 0.0 and 4.0");
    }
    student.setGpa(newGpa);
    System.out.println("✓ GPA updated successfully!");
} catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
    System.out.println("X " + e.getMessage());      scanner.nextLine();
} catch (Exception e) {                    System.out.println("X Invalid input!");
    scanner.nextLine();      }      }      public void deleteStudent() {
System.out.println("\n--- Delete Student ---");
System.out.print("Enter Student ID: ");      String id = scanner.nextLine();
    Student student = studentsById.get(id);    if (student == null) {
        System.out.println("X Student not found.");    return;      }
System.out.println("\nStudent to delete:");    student.displayInfo();
System.out.print("\nAre you sure? (yes/no): ");
String confirm = scanner.nextLine();
if (confirm.equalsIgnoreCase("yes")) {      students.remove(student);
    studentsById.remove(id);
    System.out.println("✓ Student deleted successfully!");      } else {
        System.out.println("Deletion cancelled.");      }
}
public void displayHonorRoll() {
    System.out.println("\n--- Honor Roll (GPA ≥ 3.5) ---");
    ArrayList<Student> honorStudents = new ArrayList<>();
    for (Student student : students) {        if (student.isHonorRoll()) {
        honorStudents.add(student);          }      }
    if (honorStudents.isEmpty()) {
        System.out.println("No students on honor roll.");      } else {
        for (Student student : honorStudents) {
            student.displayInfo();
            System.out.println("—".repeat(40));
        }
        System.out.println("Total: " + honorStudents.size());      }
}
public void exportData() {                System.out.println("\n--- Export Data ---");
    System.out.print("Enter filename (e.g., export.csv): ");
    String filename = scanner.nextLine();
    if (!filename.endsWith(".csv")) {        filename += ".csv";      }
}

```

```

FileManager.exportToCSV(students, filename);    }
public void importData() {        System.out.println("\n--- Import Data ---");
    System.out.print("Enter filename to import: ");
    String filename = scanner.nextLine();        try {
        ArrayList<Student> importedStudents = FileManager.importFromCSV(filename);
        if (importedStudents.isEmpty()) {
            System.out.println("No valid students to import.");        return;
        }
        System.out.print("\nImport " + importedStudents.size() + " students? (yes/no): ");
        String confirm = scanner.nextLine();
        if (confirm.equalsIgnoreCase("yes")) {        int addedCount = 0;
            int skippedCount = 0;
            for (Student student : importedStudents) {
                if (studentsById.containsKey(student.getId())) {
                    System.out.println("Skipping duplicate ID: " + student.getId());
                    skippedCount++;        } else {
                        students.add(student);
                        studentsById.put(student.getId(), student);
                        addedCount++;        }
            }
            System.out.println("\n Import complete!");
            System.out.println("Added: " + addedCount);
            System.out.println("Skipped (duplicates): " + skippedCount);
        } else {        System.out.println("Import cancelled.");        }
        } catch (IOException e) {
            System.out.println("X Import failed: " + e.getMessage());
        } catch (InvalidDataException e) {
            System.out.println("X Data error: " + e.getMessage());        }    }

public void run() {
    System.out.println("Welcome to Student Management System");
    System.out.println("with File Persistence");
    System.out.println(" ");
    int choice;    do {        displayMenu();        try {
        choice = scanner.nextInt();        scanner.nextLine();
        switch (choice) {        case 1: addStudent(); break;
            case 2: displayAllStudents(); break;
            case 3: searchStudent(); break;
            case 4: updateGPA(); break;
            case 5: deleteStudent(); break;
            case 6: displayHonorRoll(); break;
            case 7: saveData(); break;        case 8: exportData(); break;
            case 9: importData(); break;        case 10:
                System.out.println("\nSaving data before exit ... ");
                saveData();
                System.out.println("Thank you for using the system!");
                System.out.println("Goodbye!");        break;
            default:
                System.out.println("X Invalid choice! Please enter 1-10.");
        }        } catch (Exception e) {
            System.out.println("X Invalid input! Please enter a number.");
        }
    } while (choice != 10);
}

```

```
        scanner.nextLine(); // Clear invalid input
        choice = 0; // Continue loop
    } while (choice != 10); scanner.close();
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
    PersistentUniversitySystem system = new PersistentUniversitySystem();
    system.run();
}
```



Homework Assignment

Task 1: Add Try-Catch to User Input (Required)

Enhance the system to handle all user input errors gracefully:

- Catch `InputMismatchException` for invalid number inputs
- Validate email format
- Validate age range (16-100)
- Show user-friendly error messages

Task 2: Implement Auto-Save (Required)

Add automatic saving feature:

- Auto-save after every 5 operations
- Show "Auto-saving..." message
- Track number of unsaved changes

Task 3: Advanced File Operations (Challenge)

Implement the following features:

1. **Search in files:** Search without loading entire file into memory
2. **Restore from backup:** Allow user to restore from a backup file
3. **Export filtered data:** Export only honor roll students or students by major
4. **Log file:** Create a log file that records all operations with timestamps



Assessment Checklist

Students should be able to:

- [] Understand exception types and hierarchy
- [] Use try-catch-finally blocks correctly
- [] Handle multiple exception types
- [] Throw exceptions when appropriate
- [] Create custom exception classes

- [] Read text files using Scanner and BufferedReader
- [] Write text files using FileWriter and BufferedWriter
- [] Use try-with-resources for automatic cleanup
- [] Parse CSV files
- [] Implement data persistence in applications
- [] Handle file I/O errors gracefully

Common Student Errors & Solutions

Error 1: File Not Found

```
File file = new File("data.txt"); // Wrong path!
```

Solution: Check file location, use absolute path if needed, or create file first

Error 2: Resource Leak

```
FileWriter writer = new FileWriter("file.txt");  
writer.write("text");  
// Forgot to close!
```

Solution: Use try-with-resources or ensure close() in finally block

Error 3: Buffer Not Flushed

```
BufferedWriter writer = new BufferedWriter(new FileWriter("file.txt"));  
writer.write("text");  
// Data might not be written!
```

Solution: Call flush() or close() to ensure data is written

Error 4: Incorrect Exception Handling Order

```
try {  
    // code  
} catch (Exception e) {  
    // Too general!  
} catch (IOException e) { // Unreachable!
```

```
// Never executed}
```

Solution: More specific exceptions before general ones

Additional Resources

- [Java Exception Handling](#)
- [Java I/O Tutorial](#)
- [Try-With-Resources](#)
- [Working with Files](#)



Preview of Week 6

Next week we'll cover:

- **Database Concepts:** Tables, rows, columns, relationships
- **SQL Fundamentals:** SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE
- **PostgreSQL:** Installation and setup
- **Database Design:** Creating schemas and relationships
- **SQL Joins:** Combining data from multiple tables

Prepare: Install PostgreSQL before next class!



Key Takeaways

"Exceptions = Graceful Error Handling"

Don't let your program crash - handle errors elegantly

"Try-With-Resources = Modern Best Practice"

Automatic resource management prevents leaks

"Files = Data Persistence"

Your data lives beyond program execution

"Always Validate Input"

Never trust user input - validate and handle errors

"Backups Save Lives"

Always create backups before modifying data