

## Quiz #3 Solutions

Monday, October 2 2017

## Problem 1.

- (1) For any sets A and B,  $\overline{A \cup B} = \overline{A} \cap \overline{B}$ . For any sets A and B,  $\overline{A \cap B} = \overline{A} \cup \overline{B}$ . Note: it is understood that all complements are taken relative to a "universe" set U containing A and B.
- (2) For any propositions P and Q,  $\neg(P \lor Q) = (\neg P) \land (\neg Q)$ . For any propositions P and Q,  $\neg(P \land Q) = (\neg P) \lor (\neg Q)$ .
- (3) For any propositional function P(x) over some domain D:

$$\neg(\forall x \in D \quad P(x)) \equiv \exists x \in D \quad \neg P(x)$$
$$\neg(\exists x \in D \quad P(x)) \equiv \forall x \in D \quad \neg P(x)$$

## Problem 2.

Let C be the set of all countries, and let P(x, y) denote the proposition "x has a trade agreement with y" over the domain  $C \times C$ . The proposition can be written:

$$\exists x \in C \ \exists y \in C \quad P(x, y)$$

*Note:* If we want to eliminate the possibility of a country having a trade agreement with itself, P(x, y) should be "x has a trade agreement with y and  $x \neq y$ ".

The negation of this proposition is:

$$\forall x \in C \ \forall y \in C \quad \neg (P(x, y))$$

which can be stated: "No country has a trade agreement with any other country."

## Problem 3.

- (1) True
- (2) False
- (3) True
- (4) True
- (5) False
- (6) True
- (7) True
- (8) True