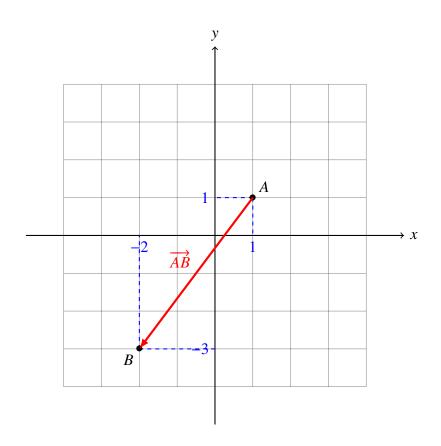


Quiz #1 Solutions

Problem 1.

(1)



(2)

$$\overrightarrow{AB} = (x_B - x_A, y_B - y_A)$$

= $(-2 - 1, -3 - 1)$
= $(-3, -4)$

(3)

$$\|\overrightarrow{AB}\| = \sqrt{(-3)^2 + (-4)^2}$$

= $\sqrt{9 + 16}$
= 5

(4) The unique unit vector having the same direction as \overrightarrow{AB} is the vector $\overrightarrow{u_1}$ given by

$$\overrightarrow{u_1} = \frac{\overrightarrow{AB}}{\|\overrightarrow{AB}\|}$$

$$= \frac{(-3, -4)}{5}$$

$$= \left(-\frac{3}{5}, -\frac{4}{5}\right)$$

Another unit vector parallel to \overrightarrow{AB} (in fact the only other one) is $\overrightarrow{u_2} = -\overrightarrow{u_1}$, that is:

$$\overrightarrow{u_2} = \left(\frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{5}\right)$$

(5) We can take the vectors $\overrightarrow{v_1} = 2\overrightarrow{u_1}$ and $\overrightarrow{v_2} = -2\overrightarrow{u_1}$ (in fact these are the only solutions), that is:

$$\overrightarrow{v_1} = \left(-\frac{6}{5}, -\frac{8}{5}\right)$$

$$\overrightarrow{v_2} = \left(\frac{6}{5}, \frac{8}{5}\right)$$

Problem 2 (\sim 5 points.). True or False? *No explanations required*.

- (1) False [This is only true when \overrightarrow{u} and \overrightarrow{v} have same direction]
- (2) True [This follows from the distributive properties of operations on vectors]
- (3) True [Any unit vector can be obtained this way]
- (4) True [This is one of the properties of scalar multiplication]
- (5) False [This is true if all three vectors are non-null, but if \overrightarrow{v} is the null vector, \overrightarrow{u} and \overrightarrow{w} could be any vectors]