

# Extra Credit2 (Movie Rating) Seung Min Song

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GitHub: <https://github.com/seung-m1nsong/607>

## Survey software

I used Google Forms to gather the movie reviewers' survey response.

## CSV

Please visit <https://github.com/seung-m1nsong/607> homework2 to view my mysql query

View GitHub CSV file to RStudio

##	firstname	lastname	age	sex	location	SpiderMan	Thor	Top_Gun	Morbius
## 1:	Ben	Brand	32	Male	North America	5	3	5	2
## 2:	Samuel	Kim	22	Male	North America	4	3	3	1
## 3:	Ray	Watts	55	Male	North America	4	2	5	2
## 4:	Kelly	Kovack	37	Female	North America	4	3	4	0
## 5:	Reno	Jimenez	40	Male	North America	4	1	5	2
## 6:	Maria	Riva	27	Female	Eastern Europe	5	4	4	0
## 7:	Daniel	Hanry	38	Male	North America	4	3	5	1
## 8:	Raymund	Suh	40	Male	Asia	5	3	5	0
##	Toronto	Doctor_Strange							
## 1:	1		1						
## 2:	1		1						
## 3:	0		1						
## 4:	3		0						
## 5:	1		1						
## 6:	2		2						
## 7:	0		2						
## 8:	0		1						

## mysql

Please visit <https://github.com/seung-m1nsong/607> homework2 to view my mysql query

Connect RStudio with my local mysql

View movie list

##	movieid	movietitle	releaseyear	genre
## 1	1	Spider-Man: No Way Home	2021	Action
## 2	2	Thor: Love and Thunder	2022	Action
## 3	3	Top Gun: Maverick	2022	Action
## 4	4	Morbius	2022	Action
## 5	5	Toronto	2022	Comic
## 6	6	Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness	2022	Action

##	reviewer	movie	rating
## 1	Ben Brand	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5
## 2	Ben Brand	Thor: Love and Thunder	3
## 3	Ben Brand	Top Gun: Maverick	3
## 4	Ben Brand	Morbius	2
## 5	Ben Brand	Toronto	1
## 6	Ben Brand	Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness	1
## 7	Samuel Kim	Spider-Man: No Way Home	4
## 8	Samuel Kim	Thor: Love and Thunder	3
## 9	Samuel Kim	Top Gun: Maverick	3
## 10	Samuel Kim	Morbius	1
## 11	Samuel Kim	Toronto	1
## 12	Samuel Kim	Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness	1
## 13	Ray Watts	Spider-Man: No Way Home	4
## 14	Ray Watts	Thor: Love and Thunder	2
## 15	Ray Watts	Top Gun: Maverick	5
## 16	Ray Watts	Morbius	2
## 17	Ray Watts	Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness	1
## 18	Kelly Kovack	Spider-Man: No Way Home	4
## 19	Kelly Kovack	Thor: Love and Thunder	3
## 20	Kelly Kovack	Top Gun: Maverick	4
## 21	Kelly Kovack	Toronto	3
## 22	Reno Jimenez	Spider-Man: No Way Home	4
## 23	Reno Jimenez	Thor: Love and Thunder	1
## 24	Reno Jimenez	Top Gun: Maverick	5
## 25	Reno Jimenez	Morbius	2
## 26	Reno Jimenez	Toronto	1
## 27	Reno Jimenez	Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness	1
## 28	Maria Riva	Spider-Man: No Way Home	5
## 29	Maria Riva	Thor: Love and Thunder	4
## 30	Maria Riva	Top Gun: Maverick	4
## 31	Maria Riva	Toronto	2
## 32	Maria Riva	Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness	2
## 33	Daniel Hanry	Spider-Man: No Way Home	4
## 34	Daniel Hanry	Thor: Love and Thunder	3
## 35	Daniel Hanry	Top Gun: Maverick	5
## 36	Daniel Hanry	Morbius	1
## 37	Daniel Hanry	Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness	2

```
## 38 Raymund Suh Spider-Man: No Way Home 5
## 39 Raymund Suh Thor: Love and Thunder 3
## 40 Raymund Suh Top Gun: Maverick 5
## 41 Raymund Suh Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness 1
```

View all movie reviewer

```
## reviewerid firstname lastname age sex location
## 1 1 Ben Brand 32 Male North America
## 2 2 Samuel Kim 22 Male North America
## 3 3 Ray Watts 55 Male North America
## 4 4 Kelly Kovack 37 Female North America
## 5 5 Reno Jimenez 40 Male North America
## 6 6 Maria Riva 27 Female Eastern Europe
## 7 7 Daniel Hanrt 38 Male North America
## 8 8 Raymund Suh 40 Male Asia
```

Show movie title with rating from reviewers.

I joined two table: Table called 'move' and 'movierating'

```
## movietitle avg_rating min_rating max_rating
## 1 Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness 1.2857 1 2
## 2 Morbius 1.6000 1 2
## 3 Spider-Man: No Way Home 4.3750 4 5
## 4 Thor: Love and Thunder 2.7500 1 4
## 5 Top Gun: Maverick 4.2500 3 5
## 6 Toronto 1.6000 1 3
```

## Standarizing data

Data standardization is an important due to the fact that it provides a structure for creating and maintaining data quality

For example, the analysis of vulnerable areas for Covid-19 is a standard analysis model developed by New York City. However, if New Jersey data is inputted according to the data format, it can be used in New Jersey. This model can be easily used to analyze areas where there is shortage of COVID-19 screening clinics.

## About missing record

```
#step 0: insert the old survey data into a new data frame for easier viewing.
```

```
df <- dfMovierating
```

```
# There is no record for the review with no rating in the table because Null values are not stored in t
```

```
#step 1. Use the pivot_wider() function to create a data frame identical to Excel format. missing recor
```

```
pv_wider <- df %>%
  pivot_wider(
    names_from = movie,
```

```

    values_from = rating
  )
print(pv_wider)

```

```

## # A tibble: 8 x 7
##   reviewer      'Spider-Man: No Way Home' Thor:~1 Top G~2 Morbius Toronto Docto~3
##   <chr>                <int>    <int>    <int>    <int>    <int>    <int>
## 1 Ben Brand              5        3        3        2        1        1
## 2 Samuel Kim             4        3        3        1        1        1
## 3 Ray Watts              4        2        5        2       NA        1
## 4 Kelly Kovack           4        3        4       NA        3       NA
## 5 Reno Jimenez           4        1        5        2        1        1
## 6 Maria Riva             5        4        4       NA        2        2
## 7 Daniel Hanry           4        3        5        1       NA        2
## 8 Raymund Suh            5        3        5       NA       NA        1
## # ... with abbreviated variable names 1: 'Thor: Love and Thunder',
## #   2: 'Top Gun: Maverick', 3: 'Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness'

```

*#step 2: if change the data frame created in step 1 to its original form using the pivot\_longer() funct*

```

pv_longer <- pv_wider %>%
  pivot_longer(
    cols = colnames(pv_wider)[2:7],
    names_to = 'movie',
    values_to = 'rating'
  )
print(pv_longer)

```

```

## # A tibble: 48 x 3
##   reviewer  movie                                rating
##   <chr>    <chr>                                <int>
## 1 Ben Brand Spider-Man: No Way Home              5
## 2 Ben Brand Thor: Love and Thunder              3
## 3 Ben Brand Top Gun: Maverick                  3
## 4 Ben Brand Morbius                          2
## 5 Ben Brand Toronto                          1
## 6 Ben Brand Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness 1
## 7 Samuel Kim Spider-Man: No Way Home              4
## 8 Samuel Kim Thor: Love and Thunder              3
## 9 Samuel Kim Top Gun: Maverick                  3
## 10 Samuel Kim Morbius                          1
## # ... with 38 more rows

```

*#step 3: use is.na()function to exclude NA value. After that calculate movie\_avg for each movie. (ident*

```

movie_avg <- pv_longer %>%
  filter(!is.na(rating)) %>%
  group_by(movie) %>%
  summarise(movie_avg = mean(rating))
print(movie_avg)

```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 2
##   movie                                movie_avg
##   <chr>                                <dbl>
## 1 Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness    1.29
## 2 Morbius                                           1.6
## 3 Spider-Man: No Way Home                        4.38
## 4 Thor: Love and Thunder                         2.75
## 5 Top Gun: Maverick                              4.25
## 6 Toronto                                           1.6
```

*#step 4: use is.na() function to exclude NA value. After that calculate movie\_mean.*

```
movie_mean <- mean((pv_longer %>%
  filter(!is.na(rating)))$rating)

print(movie_mean)
```

```
## [1] 2.829268
```

*#step 5: Using mutate, add column named sub\_avg\_mean in the movie\_avg created in step 3 and insert movie\_avg*

```
movie_compute <- movie_avg %>%
  mutate(subs_avg_mean = movie_avg - movie_mean)

print(movie_compute)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
##   movie                                movie_avg subs_avg_mean
##   <chr>                                <dbl>         <dbl>
## 1 Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness    1.29         -1.54
## 2 Morbius                                           1.6         -1.23
## 3 Spider-Man: No Way Home                        4.38          1.55
## 4 Thor: Love and Thunder                         2.75        -0.0793
## 5 Top Gun: Maverick                              4.25          1.42
## 6 Toronto                                           1.6         -1.23
```

*#step 6: use is.na()function to exclude NA value. After that calculate each person's user\_avg and user\_avg - movie\_avg*

```
user_compute <- pv_longer %>%
  filter(!is.na(rating)) %>%
  group_by(reviewer) %>%
  mutate(
    user_avg = mean(rating),
    sub_user_avg_mean_movie = mean(rating) - movie_mean
  )

print(user_compute)
```

```
## # A tibble: 41 x 5
## # Groups:   reviewer [8]
##   reviewer  movie                                rating user_~1 sub_u-2
##   <chr>    <chr>                                <int>   <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1 Ben Brand Spider-Man: No Way Home              5     2.5   -0.329
```

```
## 2 Ben Brand Thor: Love and Thunder 3 2.5 -0.329
## 3 Ben Brand Top Gun: Maverick 3 2.5 -0.329
## 4 Ben Brand Morbius 2 2.5 -0.329
## 5 Ben Brand Toronto 1 2.5 -0.329
## 6 Ben Brand Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness 1 2.5 -0.329
## 7 Samuel Kim Spider-Man: No Way Home 4 2.17 -0.663
## 8 Samuel Kim Thor: Love and Thunder 3 2.17 -0.663
## 9 Samuel Kim Top Gun: Maverick 3 2.17 -0.663
## 10 Samuel Kim Morbius 1 2.17 -0.663
## # ... with 31 more rows, and abbreviated variable names 1: user_avg,
## # 2: sub_user_avg_mean_movie
```

*#step 7: use is.na()function to bring record with NA value and merge(m1) with the movie\_compute crated*

```
m1 <- merge(pv_longer[is.na(pv_longer$rating)], movie_compute)
print(m1)
```

```
##           movie      reviewer rating movie_avg
## 1 Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness Kelly Kovack    NA 1.285714
## 2           Morbius Kelly Kovack    NA 1.600000
## 3           Morbius Maria Riva    NA 1.600000
## 4           Morbius Raymund Suh    NA 1.600000
## 5           Toronto Ray Watts    NA 1.600000
## 6           Toronto Daniel Hanry    NA 1.600000
## 7           Toronto Raymund Suh    NA 1.600000
## subs_avg_mean
## 1 -1.543554
## 2 -1.229268
## 3 -1.229268
## 4 -1.229268
## 5 -1.229268
## 6 -1.229268
## 7 -1.229268
```

```
m2 <- merge(m1,
             unique(user_compute[,c('reviewer', 'user_avg', 'sub_user_avg_mean_movie')]),
             by.x=c('reviewer'),
             by.y=c('reviewer')) %>%
  mutate(rating = round(movie_mean + subs_avg_mean + sub_user_avg_mean_movie, 0)) %>%
  select('reviewer', 'movie', 'rating', 'user_avg', 'sub_user_avg_mean_movie')
print(m2)
```

```
##           reviewer      movie rating user_avg
## 1 Daniel Hanry      Toronto      2      3.0
## 2 Kelly Kovack Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness      2      3.5
## 3 Kelly Kovack      Morbius      2      3.5
## 4 Maria Riva      Morbius      2      3.4
## 5 Ray Watts      Toronto      2      2.8
## 6 Raymund Suh      Morbius      2      3.5
## 7 Raymund Suh      Toronto      2      3.5
## sub_user_avg_mean_movie
## 1 0.17073171
```

```
## 2          0.67073171
## 3          0.67073171
## 4          0.57073171
## 5         -0.02926829
## 6          0.67073171
## 7          0.67073171
```

*#step 8: combine m2 created in step 7 and user\_compute with no NA record using the union() function.*

```
final <- union(user_compute, m2)
```

```
print(final)
```

```
## # A tibble: 48 x 5
## # Groups:   reviewer [8]
##   reviewer      movie      rating user_~1 sub_u-2
##   <chr>      <chr>      <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1 Ben Brand Spider-Man: No Way Home      5     2.5   -0.329
## 2 Ben Brand Thor: Love and Thunder      3     2.5   -0.329
## 3 Ben Brand Top Gun: Maverick           3     2.5   -0.329
## 4 Ben Brand Morbius                    2     2.5   -0.329
## 5 Ben Brand Toronto                    1     2.5   -0.329
## 6 Ben Brand Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness 1     2.5   -0.329
## 7 Samuel Kim Spider-Man: No Way Home      4     2.17  -0.663
## 8 Samuel Kim Thor: Love and Thunder      3     2.17  -0.663
## 9 Samuel Kim Top Gun: Maverick           3     2.17  -0.663
## 10 Samuel Kim Morbius                    1     2.17  -0.663
## # ... with 38 more rows, and abbreviated variable names 1: user_avg,
## #    2: sub_user_avg_mean_movie
```

*#step 9: use pivot\_wider() function to make the data frame created in step 8 identical to Excel format*

```
final %>%
  pivot_wider(
    names_from = movie,
    values_from = rating
  ) %>%
  select(1, 4:9, 2, 3)
```

```
## # A tibble: 8 x 9
## # Groups:   reviewer [8]
##   reviewer      Spider--1 Thor:~2 Top G~3 Morbius Toronto Docto~4 user_~5 sub_u-6
##   <chr>      <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1 Ben Brand      5      3      3      2      1      1     2.5   -0.329
## 2 Samuel Kim      4      3      3      1      1      1     2.17  -0.663
## 3 Ray Watts      4      2      5      2      2      1     2.8   -0.0293
## 4 Kelly Kovack    4      3      4      2      3      2     3.5    0.671
## 5 Reno Jimenez    4      1      5      2      1      1     2.33  -0.496
## 6 Maria Riva      5      4      4      2      2      2     3.4    0.571
## 7 Daniel Hanry    4      3      5      1      2      2      3     0.171
## 8 Raymund Suh     5      3      5      2      2      1     3.5    0.671
## # ... with abbreviated variable names 1: 'Spider-Man: No Way Home',
## #    2: 'Thor: Love and Thunder', 3: 'Top Gun: Maverick',
## #    4: 'Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness', 5: user_avg,
## #    6: sub_user_avg_mean_movie
```

```
# mean_movie
movie_mean
```

```
## [1] 2.829268
```

```
# movie_avg
merge(movie_compute, dfMovierating) %>%
  select('movie', 'movie_avg') %>%
  pivot_wider(
    names_from = movie,
    values_from = movie_avg
  )
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 6
##   Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of ~1 Morbius Spide~2 Thor:~3 Top G~4 Toronto
##   <list>                                <list>  <list>  <list>  <list>  <list>
## 1 <dbl [7]>                            <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
## # ... with abbreviated variable names
## #   1: 'Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness',
## #   2: 'Spider-Man: No Way Home', 3: 'Thor: Love and Thunder',
## #   4: 'Top Gun: Maverick'
```

```
# avg_mean
merge(movie_compute, dfMovierating) %>%
  select('movie', 'subs_avg_mean') %>%
  pivot_wider(
    names_from = movie,
    values_from = subs_avg_mean
  )
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 6
##   Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of ~1 Morbius Spide~2 Thor:~3 Top G~4 Toronto
##   <list>                                <list>  <list>  <list>  <list>  <list>
## 1 <dbl [7]>                            <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
## # ... with abbreviated variable names
## #   1: 'Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness',
## #   2: 'Spider-Man: No Way Home', 3: 'Thor: Love and Thunder',
## #   4: 'Top Gun: Maverick'
```