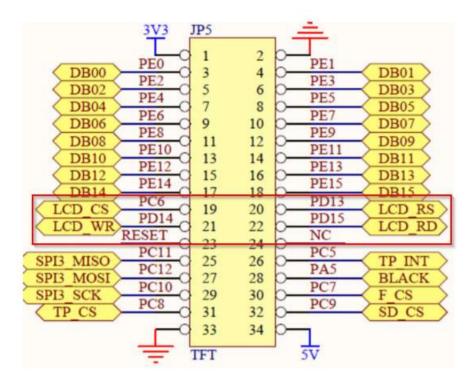
임베디드 설계 및 실험 실험 결과 보고서 10 주차 3 조

실험 내용

- 1. Lcd.c 에서 write 관련 코드 작성
- 2. ADC 설정/interrupt 설정
- 3. Main.c 작성
 - LCD 에 Text(팀명) 출력
 - LCD 터치 시 좌표(X, Y) 출력
 - 센서 값 LCD 에 출력
 - LCD 에 버튼 4개 만들고 해당 버튼 클릭 시 LED On
- 4. 실험 결과

Lcd.c 완성

Lcd 의 schematic 는 다음과 같다.



- LCD_WR_REG

LCD_CS 는 Low 로 Falling Edge => High 에서 Low 로 변경하면 됨.

LCD_RS(핀맵에서 RS 를 의미함)는 Command 를 전송해야 됨 => Low

LCD_WR 는 Low 로 Falling Edge => High 에서 Low 로 변경하면 됨.

D13 핀은 Low 로,

C6, D14 핀을 reset 시켜 Failing Edge 를 만들고 그 뒤에 다시 1로 원위치.

```
static void LCD_WR_REG(uint16_t LCD_Reg)
{
    // TODO implement using GPIO_ResetBits/GPIO_SetBits
    GPIO_SetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_15);
    GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_13);
    GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOC, GPIO_Pin_6);
    GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_14);

GPIO_Write(GPIOE, LCD_Reg);

// TODO implement using GPIO_ResetBits/GPIO_SetBits
    GPIO_SetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_14);

GPIO_SetBits(GPIOC, GPIO_Pin_6);
}
```

- LCD WR DATA

```
LCD_CS 는 Low 로 Falling Edge => High 에서 Low 로 변경하면 됨.

LCD_RS(핀맵에서 RS 를 의미함)는 Command 를 전송해야 됨 => Low

LCD_RD 는 Low 로 Falling Edge => High 에서 Low 로 변경하면 됨.

D13 는 High,
```

C6, D15 핀을 reset 시켜 Failing Edge 를 만들고 그 뒤에 다시 1로 원위치.

```
static void LCD_WR_DATA(uint16_t LCD_Data)
{
    // TODO implement using GPIO_ResetBits/GPIO_SetBits
    GPIO_SetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_15);
    GPIO_SetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_13);
    GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOC, GPIO_Pin_6);
    GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_14);

GPIO_Write(GPIOE, LCD_Data);
    // TODO implement using GPIO_ResetBits/GPIO_SetBits

GPIO_SetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_14);
    GPIO_SetBits(GPIOC, GPIO_Pin_6);
}
```

ADC Channel 설정

- ADC 값 읽기는 interrupt 를 사용함.

```
void ADC_Configure(void){
   ADC_InitTypeDef ADCch3:

ADCch3.ADC_Mode = ADC_Mode_Independent:
   ADCch3.ADC_ScanConvMode = ENABLE:
   ADCch3.ADC_ScanConvMode = ENABLE:
   ADCch3.ADC_ExternalTrigConv = ADC_ExternalTrigConv_None:
   ADCch3.ADC_DataAlign = ADC_DataAlign_Right:
   ADCch3.ADC_NbrOfChannel = 1:
   ADC_RegularChannelConfig(ADC1,ADC_Channel_3,1,ADC_SampleTime_239Cycles5):
   ADC_Init(ADC1,&ADC_IT_EOC,ENABLE):
   ADC_Cmd(ADC1,ADC_IT_EOC,ENABLE):
   ADC_ResetCalibration(ADC1):
   while(ADC_GetResetCalibrationStatus(ADC1)):
   ADC_StartCalibration(ADC1):
   while(ADC_GetCalibrationStatus(ADC1)):
   ADC_SoftwareStartConvCmd(ADC1, ENABLE):
}
```

Interrupt 설정

```
void NVIC_Configure(void){
    NVIC_InitTypeDef nvic;
    nvic.NVIC_IRQChannel = ADC1_2_IRQn;
    nvic.NVIC_IRQChannelPreemptionPriority = 0;
    nvic.NVIC_IRQChannelSubPriority = 0;
    nvic.NVIC_IRQChannelCmd = ENABLE;
    NVIC_Init(&nvic);
}

void ADC1_2_IRQHandler(void) {
    if(ADC_GetITStatus(ADC1,ADC_IT_EOC) != RESET){
        adc_value = ADC_GetConversionValue(ADC1);
        ADC_ClearITPendingBit(ADC1,ADC_IT_EOC);
    }
}
```

LCD 에 화면 띄우기

```
int main(){

SystemInit():
RCC_Configure():
GPIO_Configure():
ADC_Configure():
NVIC_Configure():
NVIC_Configure():

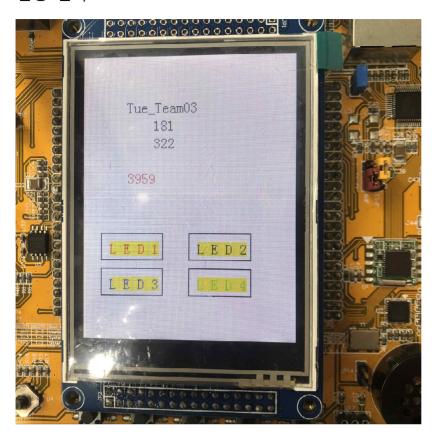
LCD_Init():
Touch_Configuration():
Touch_Adjust():
LCD_Clear(WHITE):
LCD_ShowString(50,50,"Tue_Team03", BLACK, WHITE):

//含狀(出意) 그리기
LCD_DrawRectangle(20, 200, 90, 230):
LCD_ShowString(30,210, "L E D 1", RED, YELLOW):
LCD_DrawRectangle(20, 240, 90, 270):
LCD_DrawRectangle(20, 240, 90, 270):
LCD_DrawRectangle(120, 200, 190, 230):
LCD_DrawRectangle(120, 200, 190, 230):
LCD_ShowString(30,210, "L E D 2", BLACK, YELLOW):
LCD_DrawRectangle(120, 240, 190, 270):
LCD_DrawRectangle(120, 240, 190, 270):
LCD_ShowString(130,250, "L E D 4", GREEN, YELLOW):
```

화면에 터치 위치 출력/ 터치 위치에 따라 LED on,off / 조도 센서 값 주기적으로 출력

```
Touch_GetXY(&pos_x,&pos_y,0): //日末 값 単のシス
Convert_Pos(pos_x, pos_y,&pix_x,&pix_y); // 변수에 날기
adc_value = ADC_GetConversionValue(ADC1): //조도센서값 받아오기
LCD_ShowNum(80, 70, pix_x, 3, BLACK, WHITE): //x좌표값 출력
LCD_ShowNum(80, 90, pix_y, 3, BLACK, WHITE): // y좌표값 출력
GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_3);
GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_4);
  GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_7):
else if(20 < pix_x && pix_x < 90 && 240 < pix_y && pix_y < 270){ //LED3 \not\exists J/GPIO\_SetBits(GPIOD, GPIO\_Pin_4):
  GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_3);
GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_2);
GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_7);
else if(120 < pix_x && pix_x < 190 && 200 < pix_y && pix_y < 230)[ //LED2 考기
  GPIO_SetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_3):
GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_2):
GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_4):
  GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_7):
else if(120 < pix_x && pix_x < 190 && 240 < pix_y && pix_y < 270){ //LED4 对기 GPIO_SetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_7);
  GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_3);
GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_4);
GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_2);
i++:
if(i == 100){ //계속 바꾸면 정신 사나워서 |가 100이 될 때마다 바꿈
  LCD_ShowNum(50, 130, adc_value, 4, RED, WHITE): //플링 방식
```

실행 결과



- 나머지는 동영상으로 첨부.

```
#include "stm32f10x.h"
#include "core_cm3.h"
#include "stm32f10x_rcc.h"
#include "stm32f10x_gpio.h"
#include "stm32f10x_usart.h"
#include "stm32f10x_adc.h"
#include "misc.h"
#include "lcd.h"
#include "touch.h"
int color[12]={WHITE,CYAN,BLUE,RED,MAGENTA,LGRAY,GREEN,YELLOW,BROWN,BRRED,GRAY};
int i = 0;
uint16_t adc_value;
uint16_t pos_x,pos_y;
uint16_t pix_x,pix_y;
void GPIO_Configure() {
  GPIO_InitTypeDef GPIO_InitStructure;
  GPIO_InitTypeDef PA3;
  GPIO_InitStructure.GPIO_Mode = GPIO_Mode_Out_PP;
  GPIO_InitStructure.GPIO_Pin = (GPIO_Pin_2 | GPIO_Pin_3 | GPIO_Pin_4 | GPIO_Pin_7); //LED
  GPIO_InitStructure.GPIO_Speed = GPIO_Speed_50MHz;
  GPIO_Init(GPIOD, &GPIO_InitStructure);
  PA3.GPIO_Mode = GPIO_Mode_AIN;
  PA3.GPIO_Pin = GPIO_Pin_3; //ADC
  GPIO_Init(GPIOA,&PA3);
void RCC_Configure(void){
   RCC_APB2PeriphClockCmd(RCC_APB2Periph_AFIO, ENABLE);
   /*TODO : APB2PeriphClockEnable */
    RCC_APB2PeriphClockCmd( // 사용하고자하는 port들의 clock을 enable 한다.
    RCC_APB2Periph_GPIOA | RCC_APB2Periph_GPIOD | RCC_APB2Periph_ADC1, ENABLE): //ADC1 레퍼런
스 146p에 있음
}
void ADC_Configure(void){
```

```
ADC_InitTypeDef ADCch3;
  ADCch3.ADC_Mode = ADC_Mode_Independent;
  ADCch3.ADC_ScanConvMode = ENABLE;
  ADCch3.ADC_ContinuousConvMode = ENABLE;
  ADCch3.ADC_ExternalTrigConv = ADC_ExternalTrigConv_None;
  ADCch3.ADC_DataAlign = ADC_DataAlign_Right;
  ADCch3.ADC_NbrOfChannel = 1;
  ADC\_Regular Channel Config (ADC1, ADC\_Channel\_3, 1, ADC\_Sample Time\_239 Cycles 5); \\
  ADC_Init(ADC1,&ADCch3);
  ADC_ITConfig(ADC1,ADC_IT_EOC,ENABLE);
  ADC_Cmd(ADC1,ENABLE);
   ADC_ResetCalibration(ADC1);
   while (ADC\_GetResetCalibrationStatus (ADC1));\\
   ADC_StartCalibration(ADC1);
   while(ADC_GetCalibrationStatus(ADC1));
  ADC_SoftwareStartConvCmd(ADC1, ENABLE);
}
void NVIC_Configure(void){
     NVIC_InitTypeDef nvic:
     nvic.NVIC_IRQChannel = ADC1_2_IRQn;
     nvic.NVIC_IRQChannelPreemptionPriority = 0;
     nvic.NVIC_IRQChannelSubPriority = 0;
     nvic.NVIC_IRQChannelCmd = ENABLE;
     NVIC_Init(&nvic);
}
void ADC1_2_IRQHandler(void) {
  if(ADC_GetITStatus(ADC1,ADC_IT_EOC) != RESET){
     adc_value = ADC_GetConversionValue(ADC1);
     ADC_ClearITPendingBit(ADC1,ADC_IT_EOC);
  }
}
```

```
int main(){
  SystemInit();
 RCC_Configure();
 GPIO_Configure():
 ADC_Configure():
 NVIC_Configure():
  LCD_Init();
  Touch_Configuration():
  Touch_Adjust():
  LCD_Clear(WHITE):
  LCD_ShowString(50,50,"Tue_Team03", BLACK, WHITE): //팀 출력
  //상자(버튼) 그리기
  LCD_DrawRectangle(20, 200, 90, 230);
  LCD_ShowString(30,210, "L E D 1", RED, YELLOW);
  LCD_DrawRectangle(20, 240, 90, 270);
  LCD_ShowString(30,250, "L E D 3", BLUE, YELLOW);
  LCD_DrawRectangle(120, 200, 190, 230);
  LCD_ShowString(130,210, "L E D 2", BLACK, YELLOW);
  LCD_DrawRectangle(120, 240, 190, 270);
  LCD_ShowString(130,250, "L E D 4", GREEN, YELLOW);
  while(1){
    if(!T_INT){ //LCD를 터치했을 때만 측정하게 함
     Touch_GetXY(&pos_x,&pos_y,0); //터치 값 받아오기
     Convert_Pos(pos_x, pos_y,&pix_x,&pix_y); //변수에 넣기
     adc_value = ADC_GetConversionValue(ADC1); //조도센서값 받아오기
     LCD_ShowNum(80, 70, pix_x, 3, BLACK, WHITE); //x좌표값 출력
     LCD_ShowNum(80, 90, pix_y, 3, BLACK, WHITE): // y좌표값 출력
     if(20 < pix_x && pix_x < 90 && 200 < pix_y && pix_y < 230){ //LED1 켜기
       GPIO_SetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_2);
       GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_3);
```

```
GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_4);
  GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_7);
 }
 else if(20 < pix_x && pix_x < 90 && 240 < pix_y && pix_y < 270){ //LED3 考기
  GPIO_SetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_4);
  GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_3);
  GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_2);
  GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_7);
 else if(120 < pix_x && pix_x < 190 && 200 < pix_y && pix_y < 230){ //LED2 \frac{7}{7}]
  GPIO_SetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_3);
  GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_2);
  GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_4);
  GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_7);
 else if(120 < pix_x && pix_x < 190 && 240 < pix_y && pix_y < 270){ //LED4 컥기
  GPIO_SetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_7);
  GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_3);
  GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_4);
  GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD, GPIO_Pin_2);
}
i++;
if(i == 100){ //계속 바꾸면 정신 사나워서 i가 100이 될 때마다 바꿈
  LCD_ShowNum(50, 130, adc_value, 4, RED, WHITE); //폴링 방식
}
```