

№21.1 \mathcal{Q} - все векторы $n \times n$; A -сумм. $n \times n$; B -кососум. $n \times n$.

$$\dim \mathcal{Q} = n^2; \dim A = \frac{1}{2}(n^2 - n) + n; \dim B = \frac{1}{2}(n^2 - n)$$

\nearrow №21. no диагональ

$$A \cap B = \{\vec{0}\} \Rightarrow A + B = A \oplus B$$

$$\dim(A \oplus B) = \dim A + \dim B = n^2 - n + n = n^2 = \dim \mathcal{Q} \Rightarrow \mathcal{Q} = A \oplus B \blacksquare$$

№21.3(1) \mathcal{Q} - все векторы би-суммы n

$$A = \left\{ \vec{x} \in \mathcal{Q} \mid \sum x_i = 0 \right\} \quad B = \left\{ \vec{x} \in \mathcal{Q} \mid x_i = x_j \forall i, j = 1, \dots, n \right\}$$

$\dim \mathcal{Q} = n; \dim B = 1$. Докажем, что $\dim A = n-1$:

1) $\dim A < \dim \mathcal{Q} = n$, т.к. $A \subset \mathcal{Q}$ и следу \mathcal{Q} есть $\vec{x} \notin A$

$$\dim A \geq n-1, \text{ т.к. } \operatorname{rg} \|A\| = n-1, \text{ где } A = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 1 & \dots & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 \end{vmatrix} \sim \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

составлена из $\vec{x} \in A$.

т.е. $\operatorname{rg} \|A\| = n-1 \leq \dim A < n = \dim \mathcal{Q} \Rightarrow \dim A = n-1$

$$A \cap B = \{\vec{0}\} \Rightarrow A + B = A \oplus B; \dim(A \oplus B) = \dim A + \dim B = n-1 + 1 = n = \dim \mathcal{Q} \Rightarrow \mathcal{Q} = A \oplus B \blacksquare$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{№21.6(4)} \quad & \vec{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^T; \vec{Q}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^T; \vec{Q}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}^T; \vec{Q}_3 = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^T \\ & \vec{b}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}^T \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{x} = \vec{x}_1 + \vec{x}_2; \vec{x}_1 \in \mathcal{P}, \vec{x}_2 \in \mathcal{Q} \quad \vec{x}_1 = ?$$

$$\vec{x}_1 = \sum_{i=1}^{\dim \mathcal{P}} d_i \vec{\xi}_i; \{\vec{\xi}_i\}_{i=1}^3 - \text{basis of } \mathcal{P} \quad \vec{x}_2 = \beta \vec{b}_1$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \vec{Q}_1 & \vec{Q}_2 & \vec{Q}_3 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -3 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \sim \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -3 & -3 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \sim \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \Rightarrow \vec{\xi}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}^T \quad \vec{\xi}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}^T$$

$$\vec{x}_1 + \vec{x}_2 = \vec{x} \Rightarrow \vec{x}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}^T + d_2 \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}^T + \beta \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}^T \Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} d_1 \\ d_2 \\ \beta \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left\| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & -3 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{array} \right\| \sim \text{II}-\text{I} \left\| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & -3 & 2 \\ 0 & 5 & -2 \\ 0 & 3 & -3 \end{array} \right\| \sim \text{5III}-3\text{II} \left\| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & -3 & 2 \\ 0 & 5 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & -9 \end{array} \right\| - \text{невыведенное}, \text{т.е.}$$

$P \cap Q = \left\| \begin{array}{c} \vec{0} \end{array} \right\|$, т.е. линейные множества совпадают.

$$\left\| \begin{array}{c} \alpha_1 \\ \alpha_2 \\ \beta \end{array} \right\| = \left\| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & -3 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{array} \right\|^{-1} \left\| \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{array} \right\| \quad \textcircled{=} \quad$$

$$\left\| \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & -3 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right\| \sim \left\| \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & -3 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -2 & -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -9 & -2 & -3 & 5 \end{array} \right\| \sim \left\| \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 5 & 0 & 4 & 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & -2 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -9 & -2 & -3 & 5 \end{array} \right\| \sim$$

$$\sim \left\| \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2/9 & 1/3 & 4/9 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1/9 & 1/3 & -2/9 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2/9 & 1/3 & -5/9 \end{array} \right\|$$

$$\textcircled{=} \left\| \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 2/9 & 1/3 & 4/9 \\ -1/9 & 1/3 & -2/9 \\ 2/9 & 1/3 & -5/9 \end{array} \right\| \left\| \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{array} \right\| = \left\| \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right\| \Rightarrow \alpha_1 = 2 ; \alpha_2 = 1 \Rightarrow \text{исходный } \vec{x}_1 = 2\vec{\xi}_1 + \vec{\xi}_2 = \left\| \begin{array}{c} 2-3 \\ 2+2 \\ 2+0 \end{array} \right\| = \left\| \begin{array}{c} -1 \\ 4 \\ 2 \end{array} \right\|$$

21.7(6,7)

$$6) \vec{a}_1 = \left\| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{array} \right\|^T \quad \vec{a}_2 = \left\| \begin{array}{ccc} 4 & 3 & 1 \end{array} \right\|^T \quad \vec{a}_3 = \left\| \begin{array}{ccc} 2 & -1 & -5 \end{array} \right\|^T - P$$

$$\vec{b}_1 = \left\| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right\|^T \quad \vec{b}_2 = \left\| \begin{array}{ccc} -3 & 2 & 0 \end{array} \right\|^T \quad \vec{b}_3 = \left\| \begin{array}{ccc} -2 & 3 & 1 \end{array} \right\|^T - Q$$

$$\left\| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 4 & 2 & x_1 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 & x_2 \\ 3 & 1 & -5 & x_3 \end{array} \right\| \sim \left\| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 4 & 2 & x_1 \\ 0 & -5 & -5 & x_2 - 2x_1 \\ 0 & -11 & -11 & x_3 - 3x_1 \end{array} \right\| \sim \left\| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 4 & 2 & x_1 \\ 0 & -5 & -5 & x_2 - 2x_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 7x_1 - 11x_2 + 5x_3 \end{array} \right\| \Rightarrow$$

$\Rightarrow P$ задаётся $7x_1 - 11x_2 + 5x_3 = 0 \quad \| 7 - 11 5 \|$

$$\left\| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -3 & -2 & x_1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & x_2 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & x_3 \end{array} \right\| \sim \left\| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & -3 & -3 & x_1 - x_3 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & x_2 - x_3 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & x_3 \end{array} \right\| \sim \left\| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & 0 & 0 & 2(x_1 - x_3) + 3(x_2 - x_3) \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & x_2 - x_3 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & x_3 \end{array} \right\| \Rightarrow$$

$\Rightarrow Q$ задаётся $2x_1 + 3x_2 - 5x_3 = 0 \quad \| 2 3 -5 \|$

$$P_n Q - \left\| \begin{array}{c} 7 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ -5 \end{array} \right\| \sim 7\text{II}-2\text{I} \left\| \begin{array}{c} 7 \\ 0 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ -45 \end{array} \right\| \sim 43\text{I} + 11\text{II} \left\| \begin{array}{c} 30 \\ 0 \\ -280 \\ 0 \\ 30 \\ -315 \end{array} \right\| \Rightarrow$$

ДОЛГИЙ

$$\Phi = \begin{vmatrix} 280 \\ 315 \\ 301 \end{vmatrix} \sim \begin{vmatrix} 40 \\ 45 \\ 43 \end{vmatrix} \Rightarrow \dim(P \cap Q) = 1, \text{ базис } \{ (40, 45, 43)^T \}$$

$$\dim(P+Q) = \dim P + \dim Q - \dim(P \cap Q) = 2+2-1=3, \text{ базис } \{ (0, 0, 0)^T, (0, 1, 0)^T, (0, 0, 1)^T \}$$

$$2) \vec{a}_1 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 3 \end{vmatrix}^T; \vec{a}_2 = \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 8 & -6 & 5 \end{vmatrix}^T; \vec{a}_3 = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 10 & -5 & 8 \end{vmatrix}^T - P$$

$$\vec{b}_1 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 4 & -1 & 5 \end{vmatrix}^T; \vec{b}_2 = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -2 & 6 & 3 \end{vmatrix}^T; \vec{b}_3 = \begin{vmatrix} 9 & 2 & 5 & 8 \end{vmatrix}^T - Q$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 8 & 10 \\ 1 & -6 & -5 \\ 3 & 5 & 8 \end{vmatrix} \sim \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 10 & 10 \\ 1 & -5 & -5 \\ 3 & 8 & 8 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{I} \leftrightarrow \text{II}} \text{базис } P - \{ (1213)^T, (010-58)^T \}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 \\ 4 & -2 & 2 \\ -1 & 6 & 5 \\ 5 & 3 & 8 \end{vmatrix} \sim \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 4 & 4 \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \\ -1 & 5 & 5 \\ 5 & 8 & 8 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{II} \leftrightarrow \text{I}} \text{базис } Q - \{ (14-15)^T, (3-263)^T \}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 10 & 4 & -2 \\ 1 & -5 & -1 & 6 \\ 3 & 8 & 5 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \sim \begin{array}{l} \text{II} \leftrightarrow \text{I} \\ \text{III} \leftrightarrow \text{I} \\ \text{IV} \leftrightarrow \text{III} \end{array} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 10 & 2 & -8 \\ 0 & -5 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & 8 & 2 & -6 \end{vmatrix} \sim \begin{array}{l} \text{III} \leftrightarrow \text{II} \\ \text{V} \leftrightarrow \text{IV} \end{array} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 10 & 2 & -8 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \sim \\ \sim \begin{array}{l} \text{II} \leftrightarrow \text{III} \\ \text{II} \leftrightarrow \text{IV} \\ \text{IV} \leftrightarrow \text{III} \end{array} \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 10 & 0 & -10 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -2 \end{vmatrix} \sim \begin{array}{l} \text{I} / 2 \\ \text{II} / 10 \\ -\text{III} / 2 \end{array} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \Rightarrow \Phi = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow \dim(P \cap Q) = 1, \text{ базис } -2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 10 \\ -8 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -6 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\dim(P+Q) = \dim P + \dim Q - \dim(P \cap Q) = 2+2-1=3$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 10 & 4 & -2 \\ 1 & -5 & -1 & 6 \\ 3 & 8 & 5 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \sim \begin{array}{l} \text{III} \leftrightarrow \text{I} \\ \text{III} \leftrightarrow \text{II} \end{array} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 10 & 2 & -8 \\ 1 & -5 & -2 & 3 \\ 3 & 8 & 2 & -6 \end{vmatrix} \sim \begin{array}{l} \text{II} \leftrightarrow \text{I} \\ \text{III} \leftrightarrow \text{II} \\ \text{IV} \leftrightarrow \text{III} \end{array} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 & -8 \\ 1 & -2 & -2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & 2 & 6 \end{vmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ -2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -8 \\ 3 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \text{ - базис}$$

P+Q

$$21.9 \quad \vec{a}_1 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix}^T; \vec{a}_2 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix}^T; \vec{a}_3 = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}^T - P$$

$$\vec{b}_1 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix}^T; \vec{b}_2 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix}^T; \vec{b}_3 = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 3 & -1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}^T - Q$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & x_1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & x_2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & x_3 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & x_4 \end{vmatrix} \sim \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & x_1 \\ 2 & 1 & x_2 \\ 0 & 0 & x_3+x_2-2x_1 \\ 0 & 0 & x_4+x_3-x_1 \end{vmatrix} \Rightarrow P \text{ 3-мерный} \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Динатик

$$\left\| \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \middle| \begin{array}{c} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{array} \right\| \sim \left\| \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \middle| \begin{array}{c} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ 3x_3 + x_2 - 3x_1 \\ x_4 + x_3 - x_1 \end{array} \right\| \Rightarrow Q \text{ задаёт } \left\| \begin{array}{cccc} -3 & 1 & 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right\|$$

$$P \cap Q = \left\| \begin{array}{cccc} -2 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 1 & 3 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right\| \sim \begin{array}{l} I - 2III \\ II - 3III \end{array} \left\| \begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 1 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -3 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right\| \sim \begin{array}{l} I - II \\ III - 1 \\ II - 1 \end{array} \left\| \begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right\| \sim \left\| \begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \end{array} \right\| \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\Phi} = \left\| \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{array} \right\| - \text{базис } P \cap Q \quad \dim(P \cap Q) = 1$$

$$\dim(P \cup Q) = \dim P + \dim Q - \dim(P \cap Q) = 3$$

$$P \cup Q = \left\| \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \vec{a}_1 \vec{a}_2 \vec{a}_3 \vec{b}_1 \vec{b}_2 \vec{b}_3 \end{array} \right\| \sim \begin{array}{l} I - II - III \\ IV - III - I \end{array} \left\| \begin{array}{cc|cc} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \vec{a}_1 \vec{a}_2 \vec{a}_3 \vec{b}_1 \vec{b}_2 \vec{b}_3 \end{array} \right\| \xrightarrow{\substack{\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \\ \text{и.и.з.}}} \text{базис } P \cup Q = \vec{a}_2, \vec{a}_3, \vec{b}_1$$

$$21.12(2) \quad \dim(P+Q) = 1 + \dim(P \cap Q) \Rightarrow \begin{array}{c} P \subseteq Q \\ Q \subseteq P \end{array} - \text{доказательство}$$

$$\square \dim(P+Q) = \dim P + \dim Q - \dim(P \cap Q) = 1 + \dim(P \cap Q) \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \dim(P \cap Q) = \frac{1}{2}(\dim P + \dim Q - 1)$$

$$\dim(P \cap Q) \leq \dim P \Rightarrow \dim Q - 1 \leq \dim P$$

Если $P \not\subseteq Q$, то $\dim(P \cap Q) < \dim P \Rightarrow \dim Q - 1 < \dim P \Rightarrow$

$$\Rightarrow \dim Q - 1 \leq \dim P - 1 \Rightarrow \dim Q \leq \dim P \quad (\star)$$

С другой стороны $\dim(P \cap Q) \leq \dim Q$

Если $Q \not\subseteq P$, то $\dim(P \cap Q) < \dim Q \Rightarrow \dim P - 1 < \dim Q \Rightarrow$

$$\Rightarrow \dim P \leq \dim Q - 1 \Rightarrow \dim P \leq \dim Q \quad (\star\star)$$

$(\star), (\star\star) \Rightarrow \dim P = \dim Q$, но $\dim(P \cap Q) = \frac{1}{2}(2 \dim P - 1) \notin \mathbb{N}_0$!

$\Rightarrow Q \subseteq P$ или $P \subseteq Q$ *

21.13 $\forall P \in L \exists Q \in L : P \oplus Q = L$

$\square \exists \dim L = n ; \dim P = k, \sum_{i=1}^k \vec{s}_i - \text{базис } P$

Доказательство

Построим Q как линейную оболочку векторов $\{q_i\}_{i=1}^{i=n-k}$
дополняющих $\{p_i\}_{i=1}^{i=k}$ до базиса в L . Тогда $P+Q=L$,
т.к. любой вектор из L представимся по $p_1, \dots, p_k, q_1, \dots, q_{n-k}$
или по базису L . $P \cap Q = \{0\}$, т.к. если $\exists \vec{x} \in \vec{0}: \vec{x} = \alpha \vec{p}_1 + \dots +$
 $\alpha_k \vec{p}_k + \beta_1 \vec{q}_1 + \dots + \beta_{n-k} \vec{q}_{n-k} \Rightarrow \alpha \vec{p}_1 + \dots + \alpha_k \vec{p}_k - \beta_1 \vec{q}_1 - \dots - \beta_{n-k} \vec{q}_{n-k} = \vec{0}$. Используя
личность 1.к. — произведение, т.к. $p_1, \dots, p_k, q_1, \dots, q_{n-k}$ по
построению — базис $L \Rightarrow P+Q=P \oplus Q=L \blacksquare$