## COMPUTATIONAL PRACTICUM

Lymarenko Lev (05.07.2001) 1.lymarenko@innopolis.university

October 18, 2020

## 1 Solving DE

$$y' = 3y^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

Divide by  $y^{\frac{2}{3}}$ , we can assume  $y \neq 0$  because y = 0 is a trivial solution

$$\frac{y'}{y^{\frac{2}{3}}} = 3$$

Integrating both sides gives us:

$$3y^{\frac{1}{3}} = 3x + C$$
$$y = (x + C)^3$$

Express *C* for IVP:

$$C = y^{\frac{1}{3}} - x$$
,  $C = y_0^{\frac{1}{3}} - x_0$ 

Eventually:

 $y = (x + (y_0^{\frac{1}{3}} - x_0))^3$  where  $x_0, y_0$  are some constants from IVP

#### 2 Code

First, project has **constants.py** file, where you can easily change differential equation (line 20), solution (line 23), some initial values (lines 11-17) and other settings of the project

In the project you can find some supporting classes, like Function, DifferentialEq which makes working with data more convenient and Manager that help to connect front and back end of app

An interesting point that **DifferentialEq** class has fields solution and h that are actually properties (something like a function without arguments). It means that there is no need to update solution and h, you just need to change  $x_0$ ,  $x_n$ ,  $y_0$  or n

```
@property
def solution(self):
    return self.f_solution(self.x_0, self.y_0)

@property
def h(self):
    return (self.x_n - self.x_0) / self.n
```

Since we need yo update values of differential equation, we need not to mix front and back end, but create a bridge between them, that will listen front-end, do some work and update shared values. That is why I need Manager (manager.py). It has all the necessary attributes for managing and updating and 2 public functions: update() and hide\_methods(). These are the two functions that the front-end will call.

To implement 3 iteration methods, I decided to write an interface **Method** (de\_solver.py). It has get\_next\_value() function, that we need to implement, and solve() function, that actually solves differential equation based on implemented function

```
class Method:
    def __init__(self, color=None): ...

    def get_next_value(self, f, x_i, y_i, h):
        raise NotImplementedError('you should implement it first')

def solve(self, diff: DifferentialEq, precision=4) → Tuple[Function]: ...

def __execute_method(self, f, y_solution_func, x_0, y_0, x_n, n, precision=4) → Tuple[Function]: ...
```

And then implement 3 derived classes EulerMethod, ImprovedEulerMethod and RungeKuttaMethod (de\_solver.py):

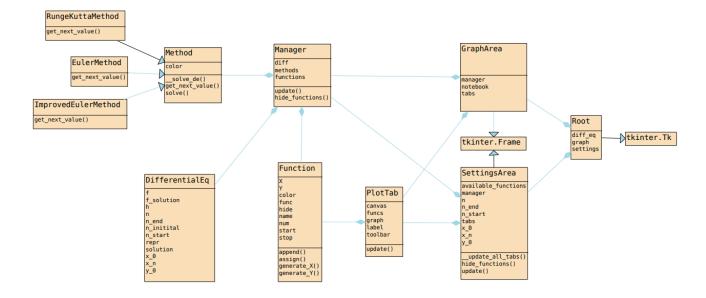
```
class EulerMethod(Method):
    def get_next_value(self, f, x_i, y_i, h):
        return y_i + h * f(x_i, y_i)
class ImprovedEulerMethod(Method):
    def get_next_value(self, f, x_i, y_i, h):
        # https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Heun%27s_method
        k_1i = f(x_i, y_i)
        k_2i = f(x_i + h, y_i + h * f(x_i, y_i))

y_i = y_i + h/2 * (k_1i + k_2i)
        return y_i
class RungeKuttaMethod(Method):
    def get_next_value(self, f, x_i, y_i, h):
        k_1i = f(x_i, y_i)
        k_2i = f(x_i + h/2, y_i + h/2*k_1i)
        k_3i = f(x_i + h/2, y_i + h/2*k_2i)
        k_4i = f(x_i + h, y_i + h*k_3i)
        return y_i + h/6*(k_1i+2*k_2i+2*k_3i+k_4i)
```

Also I splitted front-end into 2 parts: **SettingsArea** and **GraphArea** (**frames.py**). SettingsArea should update the Manager, GraphArea should update the plotting

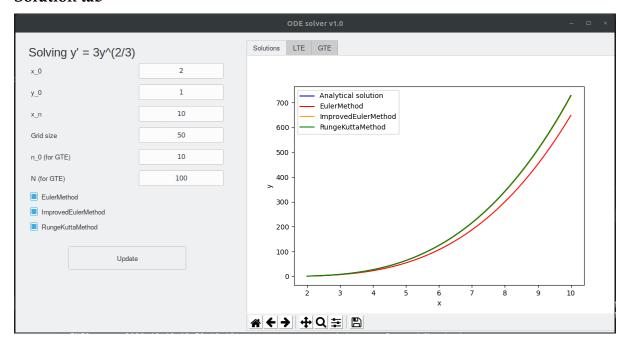
# 3 UML diagram

Here you can see UML diagram of my project structure

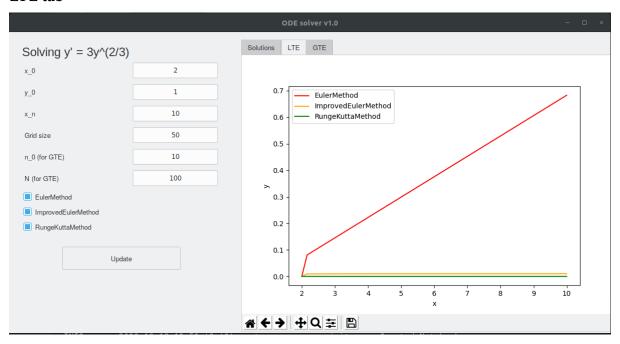


# 4 Screenshots of APP

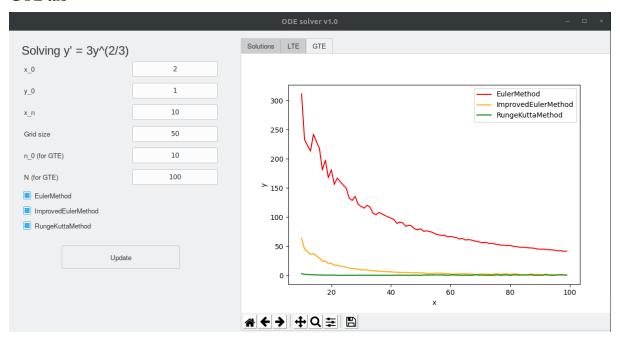
### Solution tab



#### LTE tab



## GTE tab



# **Example of chart analysis**

