### Lab 4: Arithmetic Logic Unit

**Date:** 23.10.2023

Name: Şevval ERBAY

Section: 2

### **Purpose of the experiment:**

The purpose of this lab is to design an arithmetic logic unit (ALU) capable of performing at least eight different operations including addition, subtraction, one bitwise and one shift operation by using VHDL. The VHDL code is implemented in modular fashion.

### Methodology:

The selected operations are: addition, subtraction, bitwise OR-gate, bitwise AND-gate, pass through, ones' complement, left logical shift and right logical shift. A half-adder and a full-adder is created to use in the addition and subtraction operations. Main module alu.vhd has the other operations in a modular fashion. 2 different 4-bit signed numbers, **a** and **b**, 3-bit select option **sel**, 4-bit output **out0** and a carry **car** are used in the operations. RTL schematic is created, and a test bench is written to check whether the operations are working properly or not. In order to be sure, another test bench is utilized. Lastly, the constraint code is written and bit stream is generated. The process is simulated by using BASYS3's switches and LEDs.

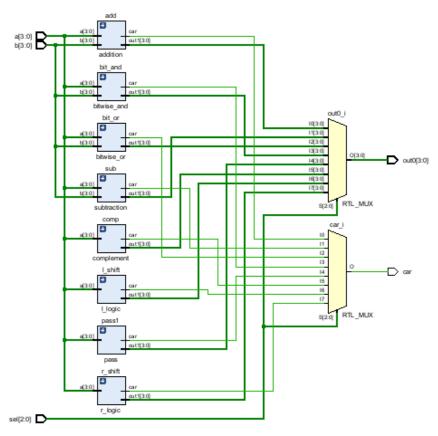


Figure.1 RTL Schematic of the Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU)

# **ALU Operations:**

**Addition:** This function adds two signed 4-bit inputs together. When **sel** is "000", this operation becomes active.

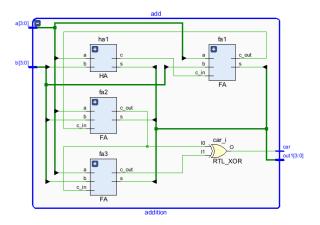


Figure.2 Addition schematic

**Subtraction:** This function subtracts **b** from **a**. When **sel** is "001", this operation becomes active.

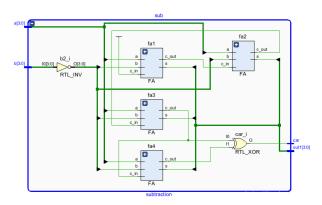


Figure.3 Subtraction schematic

Bitwise OR-gate: When sel is "010", this operation becomes active.

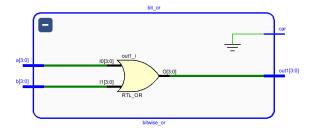


Figure.4 Bitwise OR-gate

Bitwise AND-gate: When sel is "011", this operation becomes active.

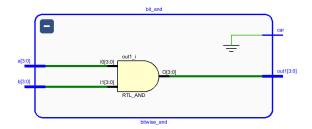


Figure.5 Bitwise AND-Gate

**Pass Through: a** appears unmodified at the output. When **sel** is "100", this operation becomes active.

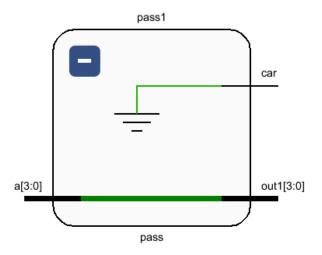


Figure.6 Pass Through

**Ones' Complement:** All bits of **a** becomes inverted at the output. When **sel** is "101", this operation becomes active.

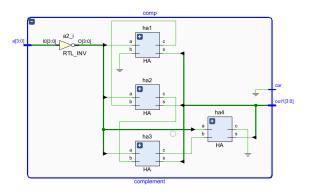


Figure.7 Ones' Complement

**Left Logic Shift:** Moves each bit to one left bit and fills the space with "0". When **sel** is "110", this operation becomes active.

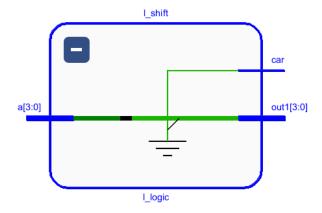


Figure.8 Left Logic Shift

**Right Logic Shift:** Moves each bit to one right bit and fills the space with "0". When **sel** is "111", this operation becomes active.

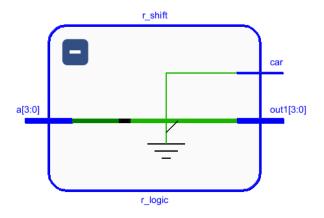


Figure.9 Right Logic Shift

### **Results:**

Two different waveforms are observed by using two different test benches. The switches and LEDs on BASYS3 is chosen as:

a: V17, V16, W16, W17

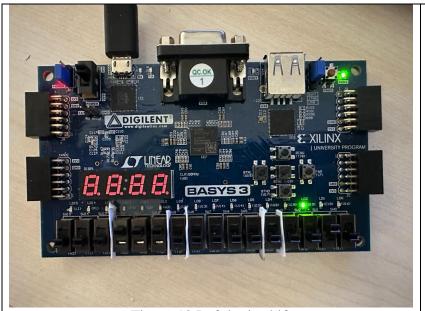
**b**: V15, W14, W13, V2

sel: T2, R3, W2

out0: U16, E19, U19, V19

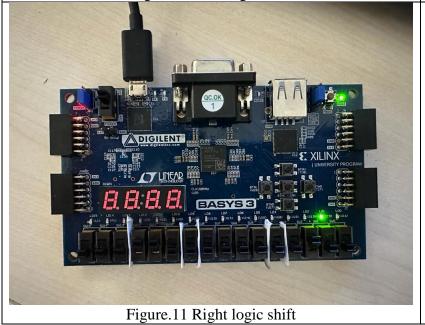
**car** : U15

The waveforms and the BASYS3 representation are in parallel.

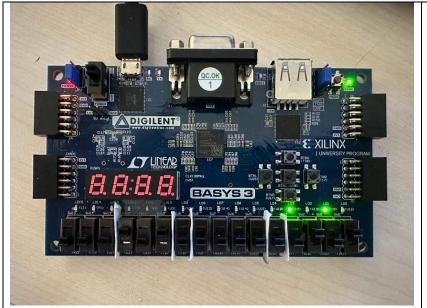


sel: 110 a: 0010 out0: 0100

Figure.10 Left logic shift

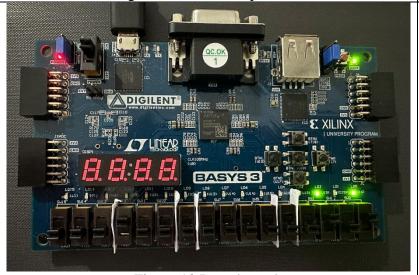


sel: 111 a: 0100 out0: 0010



sel: 101 a: 0101 out0: 1010

Figure.12 Ones' complement



sel: 100 a: 0101 out0: 0101

sel: 011 a: 0101 b: 0111 out0: 0101

Figure.13 Pass through

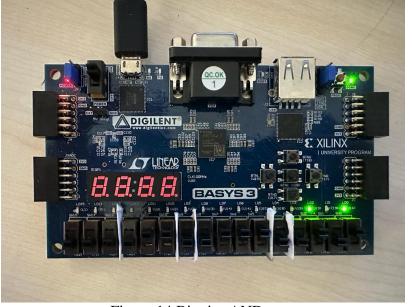
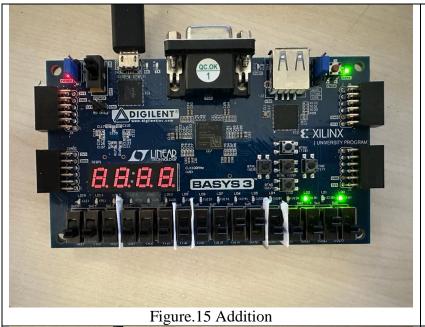
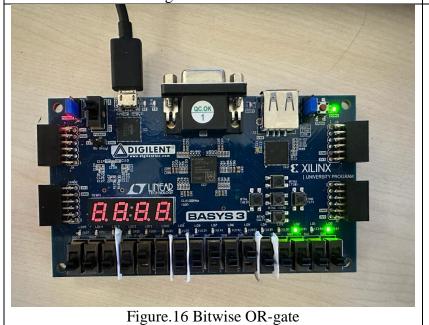


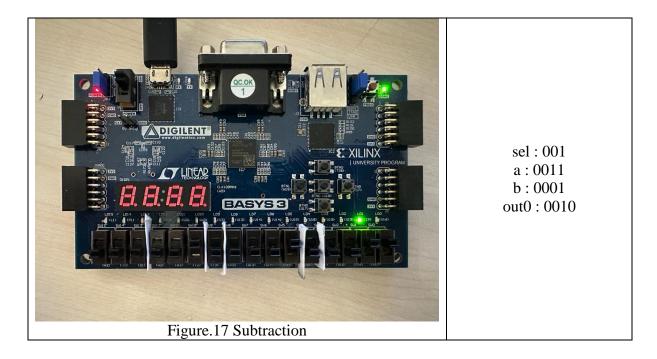
Figure.14 Bitwise AND-gate



sel: 000 a:0010 b:0011 out0:0101



sel: 010 a:0000 b:0101 out0:0101



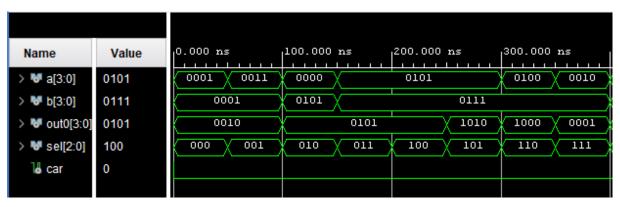


Figure.18 Waveform 1, generated by the first test bench

Name	Value	0.000 ns	100.000 ns	200.000 ns	300.000 ns
> <b>W</b> a[3:0]	1000	0010 0100	1010 0101	1000 0010	0001 1000
> <b>W</b> b[3:0]	1001	0011 0010	0101	1001	
> 😽 out0[3:0]	1000	0101 0010	1111 0001	1000 / 1101	0010 0100
> <b>W</b> sel[2:0]	100	000 X 001	010 011	100 101	110 111
le car	0				

Figure.19 Waveform 2, generated by the second test bench

### **Conclusion:**

In this lab, we learned how to design an arithmetic logic unit (ALU) capable of performing at least eight different operations including addition, subtraction, one bitwise and one shift operation by using VHDL. The selected operations are: addition, subtraction, bitwise OR-gate, bitwise AND-gate, pass through, ones' complement, left logical shift and right logical shift. A half-adder and a full-adder is created to use in the addition and subtraction operations. Main module alu.vhd has the other operations in a modular fashion. 2 different 4-bit signed numbers, **a** and **b**, 3-bit select option **sel**, 4-bit output **out0** and a carry **car** are used in the operations. I learned how to properly implement an ALU in real life. All in all, the experiment was successful at the end.

### **APPENDIX**

#### addition.vhd

```
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
entity addition is
  Port (a: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
      b: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
      out1 : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
      car : out STD_LOGIC);
end addition;
architecture add_arch of addition is
  component fa is
    port(a, b, c_in : in std_logic;
        s, c_out : out std_logic);
  end component;
  component ha is
    port(a, b : in std_logic;
        s, c : out std_logic);
  end component;
  signal c : std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
begin
  ha1: ha port map (a => a(0),b => b(0),c => c(0), s => out1(0));
  fa1 : fa port map (a => a(1),b => b(1),c_in => c(0),c_out => c(1),s => out1(1));
  fa2 : fa port map (a => a(2),b => b(2),c_in => c(1), c_out => c(2), s => out1(2));
  fa3: fa port map (a => a(3),b => b(3),c_in => c(2), c_out => c(3), s => out1(3));
  car <= c(2) xor c(3);
end add_arch;
```

### subtraction.vhd

```
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
entity subtraction is
  Port (a: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
      b: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
      out1 : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
      car : out STD_LOGIC);
end subtraction;
architecture sub_arch of subtraction is
  signal b2 : std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
  signal c : std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
  component fa is
    port(a, b, c_in : in std_logic;
       s, c_out : out std_logic);
  end component;
begin
  b2 \le not b;
  fa1: FA port map (a => a(0), b => b2(0), c_i => '1', s => out1(0), c_o => c(0));
  fa2: FA port map (a => a(1), b => b2(1), c_i => c(0), s => out1(1), c_i => c(1));
  fa3: FA port map (a => a(2), b => b2(2), c_i => c(1), s => out1(2), c_o => c(2));
  fa4: FA port map (a => a(3), b => b2(3), c_i => c(2), s => out1(3), c_o => c(3));
  car <= c(2) xor c(3);
end sub_arch;
```

# bitwise\_or.vhd

```
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
entity bitwise_or is

Port (a,b : in std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
    out1 : out std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
    car : out std_logic);
end bitwise_or;
architecture Behavioral of bitwise_or is
begin
    out1 <= a or b;
    car <= '0';
end Behavioral;
```

# bitwise\_and.vhd

```
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
entity bitwise_and is

Port (a,b : in std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
    out1 : out std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
    car : out std_logic);
end bitwise_and;
architecture Behavioral of bitwise_and is
begin
    out1 <= a and b;
    car <= '0';
end Behavioral;
```

# pass.vhd

```
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
entity pass is

Port (a : in std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
    out1 : out std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
    car : out std_logic);
end pass ;
architecture Behavioral of pass is
begin
    out1 <= a;
    car <= '0';
end Behavioral;
```

### complement.vhd

```
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
entity complement is
  Port (a: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
      out1 : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
      car : out STD_LOGIC);
end complement;
architecture comp_arch of complement is
  component ha is
       port(a, b : in std_logic;
          s, c : out std_logic);
    end component;
  signal c,a2 : std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
begin
  a2 \le not a;
  ha1: HA port map (a => a2(0), b => '0', c => c(0), s => out1(0));
  ha2: HA port map (a => a2(1), b => c(0), c => c(1), s => out1(1));
  ha3: HA port map (a => a2(2), b => c(1), c => c(2), s => out1(2));
  ha4: HA port map (a => a2(3), b => c(2), c => c(3), s => out1(3));
  car <= c(3);
car <= '0';
end comp_arch;
```

# l\_logic\_shift.vhd

```
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
entity l_logic is

Port (a : in std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
    out1 : out std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
    car : out std_logic);
end l_logic;
architecture l_log_arch of l_logic is
begin
    out1 <= a(2 downto 0) & '0';
    car <= '0';
end l_log_arch;
```

# r\_logic\_shift.vhd

```
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
entity r_logic is

Port (a : in std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
    out1 : out std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
    car : out std_logic);
end r_logic;
architecture r_log_arch of r_logic is
begin
    out1 <= '0' & a(3 downto 1);
    car <= '0';
end r_log_arch;
```

### testbench.vhd

```
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
entity testbench is
end testbench;
architecture Behavioral of testbench is
component ALU is
  Port (a: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
       b: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
       sel: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(2 downto 0);
       out0 : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
       car : out STD_LOGIC);
  end component;
  signal a, b, out0 : std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
  signal sel : std_logic_vector(2 downto 0);
  signal car : std_logic;
begin
aluu: ALU
port map(a \Rightarrow a, b \Rightarrow b, out0 \Rightarrow out0, sel \Rightarrow sel, car \Rightarrow car);
testbench: process
begin
  sel <= "000"; -- add
  a <= "0101";
  b \le "0001";
  wait for 50ns; -- sub
  sel <= "001";
  a \le "0011";
  b \le "0001";
  wait for 50ns; -- bit_or
```

```
sel <= "010";
  a <= "0000";
  b <= "0101";
  wait for 50ns; -- bit_and
  sel <= "011";
  a <= "0101";
  b <= "0111";
  wait for 50ns; -- pass1
  sel <= "100";
  a <= "0101";
  wait for 50ns; -- comp
  sel <= "101";
  a <= "0101";
  wait for 50ns; -- 1-shift
  sel <= "110";
  a \le "0100";
  wait for 50ns; -- r-shift
  sel <= "111";
  a <= "0010";
  wait for 50ns;
end Behavioral;
```

#### alu.vhd

```
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
entity ALU is
  Port (a: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
      b: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
      sel: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(2 downto 0);
      out0 : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
      car : out STD_LOGIC);
end ALU;
architecture ALU_arch of ALU is
  component addition is
  Port (a: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
      b: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
      out1 : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
      car : out STD_LOGIC);
  end component;
  component subtraction is
  Port (a: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
      b: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
      out1 : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
      car : out STD_LOGIC);
  end component;
  component bitwise_or is
  Port (a,b : in std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
    out1 : out std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
    car : out std_logic);
  end component;
  component bitwise_and is
```

```
Port (a,b : in std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
    out1 : out std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
    car : out std_logic);
 end component;
 component pass is
 Port (a : in std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
    out1 : out std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
    car : out std_logic);
 end component;
 component complement is
    Port (a: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
         out1 : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
         car : out STD_LOGIC);
 end component;
 component l_logic is
   Port (a : in std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
       out1 : out std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
       car : out std_logic);
 end component;
 component r_logic is
   Port (a : in std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
       out1 : out std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
       car : out std_logic);
 end component;
 signal out1,out2,out3,out4,out5,out6,out7,out8: std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
 signal car1,car2,car3,car4,car5,car6,car7,car8: std_logic;
begin
 add: addition port map (a \Rightarrow a,b \Rightarrow b,car \Rightarrow car1,out1 \Rightarrow out1);
 sub: subtraction port map (a \Rightarrow a,b \Rightarrow b,car \Rightarrow car2,out1 \Rightarrow out2);
 bit_or: bitwise_or port map (a \Rightarrow a,b \Rightarrow b,car \Rightarrow car3,out1 \Rightarrow out3);
```

```
bit_and: bitwise_and port map (a \Rightarrow a,b \Rightarrow b,car \Rightarrow car4,out1 \Rightarrow out4);
  pass1 : pass port map (a \Rightarrow a, car \Rightarrow car5, out1 \Rightarrow out5);
  comp : complement port map (a => a, car => car6, out1 => out6);
  l_{shift}: l_{logic} port map (a => a, car => car7, out1 => out7);
  r_shift : r_logic port map (a => a,car=>car8,out1 => out8);
  mux_process
process(out1,out2,out3,out4,out5,out6,out7,out8,car1,car2,car3,car4,car5,car6,car7,car8,sel)
  begin
     case sel is
        when "000" =>
           out0 <= out1;
          car \le car1;
        when "001" =>
           out0 \le out2;
           car \le car2;
        when "010" =>
           out0 \le out3;
           car \le car3;
        when "011" =>
           out0 \le out4;
          car \le car4;
        when "100" =>
           out0 <= out5;
          car <= car5;
        when "101" =>
           out0 <= out6;
           car <= car6;
        when "110" =>
           out0 \le out7;
           car \le car7;
        when "111" =>
```

```
out0 <= out8;
    car <= car8;
    when others =>
    out0 <= out8;
    car <= car8;
    end case;
    end process;
end ALU_arch;</pre>
```

### ha.vhd

```
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
entity HA is

Port (a,b: in std_logic;
    c, s: out std_logic);
end HA;
architecture Behavioral of HA is
begin
    s <= a xor b;
    c <= a and b;
end Behavioral;
```

### fa.vhd

```
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
entity FA is
   port(a, b, c_in : in std_logic;
        s, c_out : out std_logic);
end FA;
architecture Behavioral of FA is
begin
   s <= a xor b xor c_in;
   c_out <= ( (a xor b) and c_in ) or (a and b);
end Behavioral;</pre>
```

#### const.xdc

```
set_property PACKAGE_PIN V17 [get_ports {a[0]}]
      set_property IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 [get_ports {a}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN V16 [get_ports {a[1]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN W16 [get_ports {a[2]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN W17 [get_ports {a[3]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN V15 [get_ports {b[0]}]
      set_property IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 [get_ports {b}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN W14 [get_ports {b[1]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN W13 [get_ports {b[2]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN V2 [get_ports {b[3]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN T2 [get_ports {sel[0]}]
      set_property IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 [get_ports {sel}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN R3 [get_ports {sel[1]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN W2 [get_ports {sel[2]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN U16 [get_ports {out0[0]}]
      set_property IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 [get_ports {out0}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN E19 [get_ports {out0[1]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN U19 [get_ports {out0[2]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN V19 [get_ports {out0[3]}]
set_property PACKAGE_PIN U15 [get_ports {car}]
      set_property IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 [get_ports {car}]
```