



Guerra Standard Young Tableaux

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What is a Standard Young Tableaux?

- ❖ A way to encode certain patterns and arrangements of numbers or symbols into a specific shape.
- ❖ Properties
 - Each row and each column is strictly increasing.
 - There are no repeated numbers or symbols within each row or column.

Examples

Example

➤ Shape (5,4,1) ✓

1	2	4	7	8
3	5	6	9	
10				

❖ Non-Example

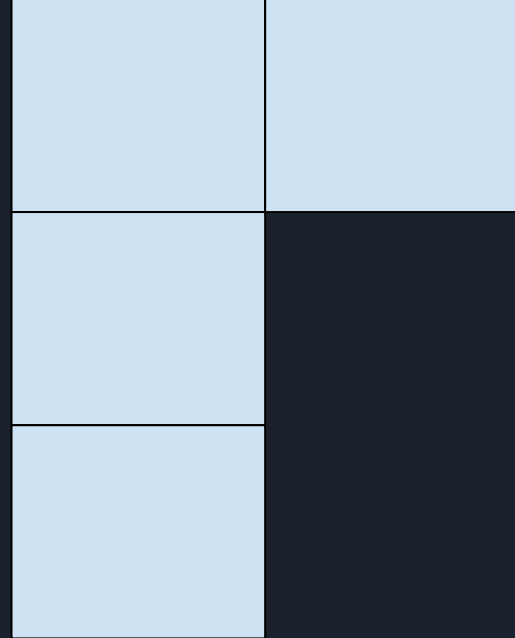
➤ 3 appears before 2 ✗

1	3	2
4	5	
6		



Research Question

- ❖ Our research Question
 - **How many standard Young Tableaux are there of L shape with a total of n boxes?**
- ❖ Example
 - With 4 boxes how many L shaped standard young Tableaux





Example

❖ Rules

- Each row and each column is strictly increasing.
- There are no repeated numbers or symbols within each row or column.

❖ All the possibilities with 4 number of boxes

1	2	3
4		

1	2	4
3		

1	4
2	
3	

1	3
2	
4	

1	2
3	
4	

1	3	4
2		

How can we verify?

Conjecture: For L shaped boxes, 2 to the power of $(n \text{ minus one})$ minus two gives you the total number of tableaux.

To prove our conjecture, we decided to use the binomial theorem:

How does this relate:

$$\begin{array}{lcl}
 \text{Original} & = & 2^{n-1} - 2 \\
 n & & \\
 3 & = & 2 \\
 4 & = & 6 \\
 5 & = & 14
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{lcl}
 & & \text{binomial} \quad \binom{n-1}{k} \quad (-2) \\
 & & \binom{2}{0} + \binom{2}{1} + \binom{2}{2} = 4 - 2 = 2 \\
 & & \binom{3}{0} + \binom{3}{1} + \binom{3}{2} + \binom{3}{3} = 8 - 2 = 6 \\
 & & \binom{4}{0} + \binom{4}{1} + \binom{4}{2} + \binom{4}{3} + \binom{4}{4} = 16 - 2 = 14
 \end{array}$$

Consider 2^{n-1}

Binomial Theorem

Rewrite as $(a+b)^{n-1}$

$$\binom{n-1}{0} a^{n-1} + \binom{n-1}{1} a^{n-2} b + \binom{n-1}{2} a^{n-3} b^2 + \dots + \binom{n-1}{n-2} b^{n-1} + \binom{n-1}{n-1} b^{n-1}$$

Simplify

$$2^{n-1} = \binom{n-1}{0} + \binom{n-1}{1} + \binom{n-1}{2} + \dots + \binom{n-1}{n-2} + \binom{n-1}{n-1}$$

$$\boxed{1 + \binom{n-1}{1} + \binom{n-1}{2} + \dots + \binom{n-1}{n-2} + 1}$$

represents the number of ways



Reflection

- Some Challenges we faced:
 - Equation was incorrect for our formula
 - Example: we originally had our equation as $a(n) = (2^n) - 2$ which was incorrect
 - Realized we had to subtract 1 from n
 - Didn't use our time wisely
 - Ran into the issue of procrastination which led to small setbacks
 - Decided to all work in the project in study hall



Positive Experiences

- Helped with teamwork
 - Learned how to work with others
 - Good for professional environments
- Introduced us to new topics
 - Learned a lot of new material
 - Helped open up ideas that connects computer science with math



Advice For Future Project Groups

- Start early
- Know it will take time
- Suggest if you have a lot of time or are invested in it
- Work on the project in the Learning Center