

# Decomposition of Graphs: Strongly Connected Components

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Graph Algorithms  
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# Learning Objectives

- Understand the definition of a strongly connected component of a directed graph.
- Give some other notions of connectivity within a directed graph.

# Outline

1 Motivation

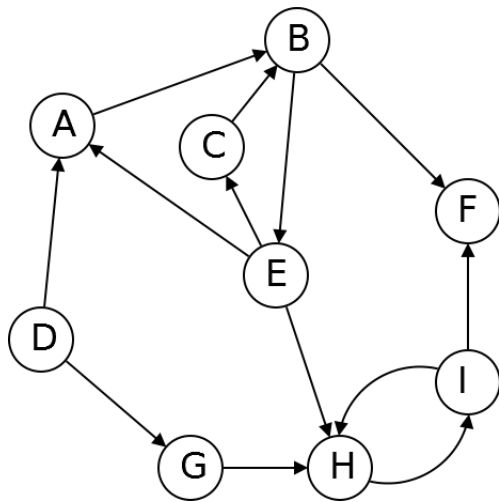
2 Definition

# Connectivity in Digraphs

In undirected graphs, have connected components.

Directed graphs are more complicated.

# Example



# Possible Notions

- Connected by edges in any direction.
- One vertex reachable from another.
- Two vertices both reachable from the other.

# Outline

1 Motivation

2 Definition

# Strongly Connected Components

## Definition

Two vertices  $v, w$  in a directed graph are **connected** if you can reach  $v$  from  $w$  and can reach  $w$  from  $v$ .

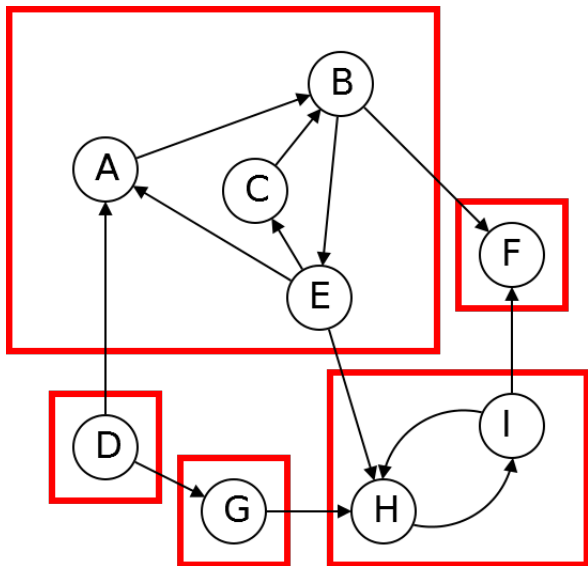


# Result

## Theorem

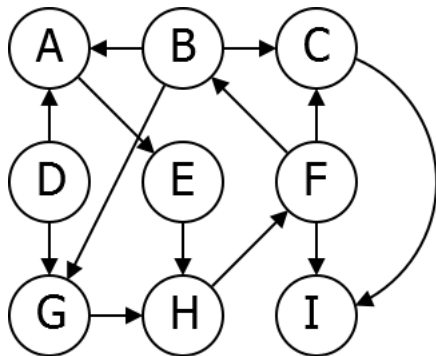
A directed graph can be partitioned into **strongly connected components** where two vertices are connected if and only if they are in the same component.

# Example



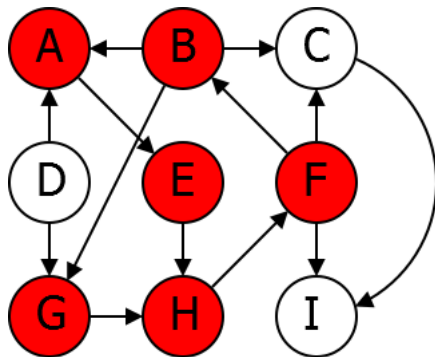
# Problem

What is the SCC of  $A$ ?



# Solution

*A, B, E, F, G, H.*



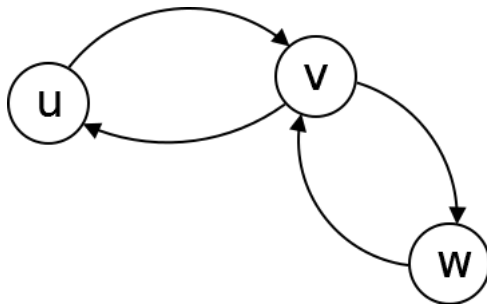
# Result

## Theorem

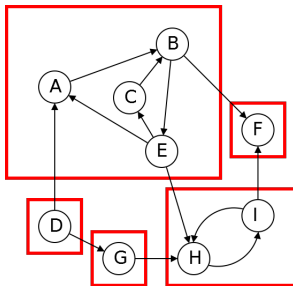
A directed graph can be partitioned into **strongly connected components** where two vertices are connected if and only if they are in the same component.

# Proof

Need to show an equivalence relation.

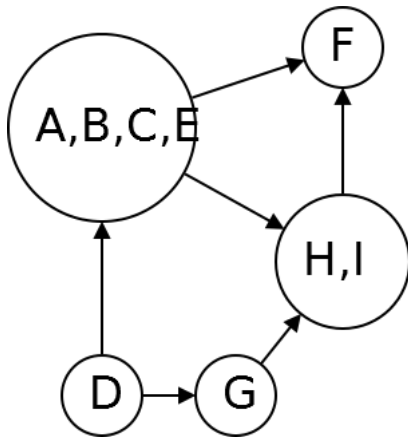


# Metagraph



We can also draw a **metagraph** showing how the strongly connected components connect to one another.

# Example



Note: It's a DAG.



# DAG

## Theorem

The metagraph of a graph  $G$  is always a DAG.

# Proof

## Proof.

Suppose not. Must be a cycle  $\mathcal{C}$ . Any nodes in cycle can reach any others. Should all be in same SCC. Contradiction. □

# Summary

- Can partition vertices into strongly connected components.
- Metagraph describes how strongly connected components connect to each other.
- Metagraph always a DAG.

# Next Time

How to compute the strongly connected components of a graph.