Neural Networks in Python (PA6 Lab)

CS114 Lab 13

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- ► CNTK
- Keras
- MXNet
- PyTorch
- ► TensorFlow
- ► Theano
- etc.

► Numpy

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 - Seriously, everyone should code a neural network from scratch at least once...

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 - $\mathbf{x} = [\mathbf{E}_{w_1}, ..., \mathbf{E}_{w_m}] \in \mathbb{R}^{dm}$

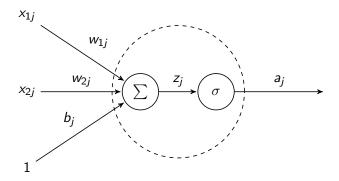
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 - Recommended intervals very roughly correspond to this

Graphical Representation of a Neuron



Forward Propagation

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- $h_2 = ReLU(h_1W_2 + b_2)$
- $\hat{\mathbf{y}} = \operatorname{softmax}(\mathbf{h_2U} + \mathbf{b_3})$
- Hint: note the order of multiplication!
 - ▶ In the end, you don't need as many transposes

Rectified Linear Unit

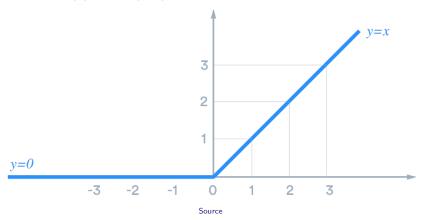
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- $ReLU(z) = \max(z,0)$



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- ▶ All layer outputs should have shape [batch_size, ...]

Cross-entropy Loss

$$J(\theta) = CE(\mathbf{y}, \hat{\mathbf{y}}) = -\sum_{i=1}^{3} y_i \log \hat{y}_i$$

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▶ To compute the loss for the training set, we average this $J(\theta)$ across all training examples

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 - $\qquad \qquad \boldsymbol{\delta}_{\mathcal{L}} = \mathbf{\hat{y}} \mathbf{y}$

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$$\nabla_I L = \mathbf{x}_I \odot \delta_I$$

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 - Broadcasting will turn one Hadamard product into a matrix (dot) product

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- $\theta_{t+1} = \theta_t \eta \nabla L$

General Advice

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