## 2.9:

**a.** For branch, branch\_name is the primary key.

For customer\_name is the primary key.

For loan, loan\_number is the primary key.

For borrower, customer\_name and loan\_number are the primary key.

For account, account\_number is the primary key.

For depositor customer\_name and account\_number are the primary key.

**b.** For loan, branch\_name which references branch.

For borrower, customer\_name which references customer and loan\_numer referencing loan.

For account, account\_name referencing branch.

For depositor, customer\_name referencing customer and account\_number referencing account.

## 2.13:

- a.  $\Pi_{loan\_number}$  ( $\sigma_{amount>10000}$ (loan))
- b.  $\Pi_{\text{customer\_name}}$  ( $\sigma_{\text{balance}>6000}$ (depositor  $\bowtie$  account))
- c.  $\Pi_{customer\_name}(\sigma_{balance} > 6000 \land branch\_name = "Uptown"}(depositor \bowtie account))$

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a.	$\Pi_{\text{person\_name}} \left( \sigma_{\text{company\_name}=\text{"First Bank Corporation"}}(\text{works}) \right)$
b.	$\Pi_{person\_name,city}(\sigma_{company\_name=First}_{Bank}_{Corporation},(works^{owtie}employee))$
C.	$\Pi_{person\_name,street,city}(\sigma_{company\_name=First\ Bank\ Corporation"\ \Lambda salary>10000}(works))$
⋈e	employee))
d.	Π <sub>person_name</sub> (σ (works <sup>⋈</sup> company <sup>⋈</sup> employee))
e.	$\Pi$ company_name(company $\div$ $\Pi$ city( $\sigma$ company_name="small bank"
corp	oration")(company)
6.1	.3
a.	$r1 \leftarrow {}_{company\_name}g_{count-disinct(person\_name)}(works)$
	$\rho r2(company\ name,num\ employees)(r1)$
	$r3 \leftarrow \mathcal{G}_{\text{max(num\_employees)}}$ (r2)
	$\Pi_{company\_name}(r2^{\bowtie}r3)$
b.	r1 $\leftarrow$ company name $\mathcal{G}$ sum(salary)(Works)
	$r2 \leftarrow \mathcal{G}_{min(payroll)(\rho r3(company name payroll)(r1))}$
	$\bigcap$ company name (r3 $\bowtie$ $\bigcap$ r4(payroll)(r2))
c.	$r_1 \leftarrow company_name Gavg(salary)(works)$
	$r2 \leftarrow Scompany\_name = "First Bank Corporation"(r1)$
name	