

→ Other possibilities:

- only one unique solution: when every column is a pivot column, and any row in B of "0"s ends in an augment of 0 in that row.
- Zero solutions: when there is a row of "0"s in B but the augment column is not 0 in that row.

ex:

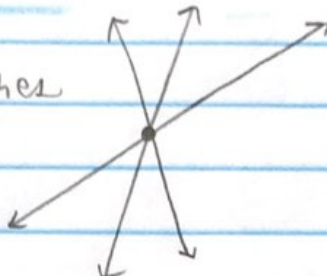
$$\begin{array}{c} \text{B} \\ \left[\begin{array}{cccccc|c} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \end{array}$$

$$0 = 5$$

no solution

So now we know some facts to conclude:

This set of lines
in \mathbb{R}^2

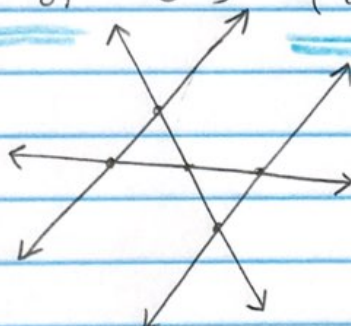


has only one
solution (x, y)
So...

...it has a matrix $A_{3 \times 2}$, (3 equations, 2 variables)
3 ↑ rows 2 ↑ columns

(with an extra augmented column)
and together they row reduce to r.r.e.f. B ,
(with augment),
that has 2 pivots (both columns)
and a row of "0"s (with 0 in augment).

This set of lines
in \mathbb{R}^2

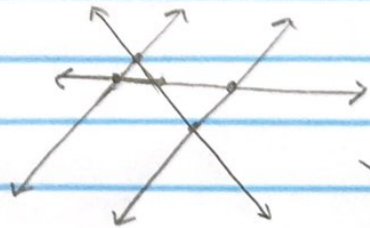


has no
solutions!

... So it has a matrix $A_{4 \times 2}$ (4 equations, 2 vars)
(with an extra augment column)
which row reduces to r.r.e.f. B ,
(with augment)
that has at least one row of
"0"s, with a nonzero entry in the
augment of that row.

... And, it does have 2 pivots. Why? Just pick
two crossing lines to be two rows. One solution!

How to: Reverse engineer, to write a quiz!
 Create a system that gives the picture-type:



augmented B: two pivots,
 random augment

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{array} \right]$$

Notice: no
 set of 3 lines
 here has a
 solution!

do some random
 row reduction: ↙

$$\begin{array}{l} R_1 \leftarrow R_1 + 2 \cdot R_2 \\ R_3 \leftarrow R_3 - 3 \cdot R_2 \end{array} \quad \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{array} \right]$$

$$R_2 \leftarrow R_2 + R_1$$

$$R_4 \leftarrow R_4 - R_1$$

$$R_3 \leftarrow R_3 + R_1$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 7 \\ 1 & 3 & 9 \\ 1 & -1 & 5 \\ -1 & -2 & -2 \end{array} \right] \Rightarrow$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x + 2y = 7 \\ x + 3y = 9 \\ x - y = 5 \\ -x - 2y = -2 \end{array} \right.$$

System!

Now, solve that system the usual
 way, for practice.