Calculus II. Review 1.

Also study quizzes, homework, and examples from notes!

No calculators will be used for taking the test.

For each integration problem, you must show the set-up and all the steps.

- 1. Find the area between the curves $y = x^2 2x$, y = x + 4, and x = 0.
- 2. Find the area between $y = x^3$, $y = e^x$, x = -1, x = 0.
- 3. Find the area between y = x 1 and $y^2 = 2x + 6$.
- 4. (skipped)
- 5. Just set up the integral for the area between $y = \cos x$ and $y = \sin 2x$ for $0 \le x \le \pi/3$.
- 6. Find the volume of the region inside x = 0, y = 3x + 1, x = 2, $x = y^2$ rotated around the x-axis.
- 7. Find the volume of the region inside $x=0, \quad x=1, \quad y=2x, \quad y=e^{x^2}$ rotated around the y-axis.
- 8. Just set up the integral for the volume of the region inside $x=0, \quad x=1, \quad y=2x, \quad y=e^{x^2}$ rotated around the x-axis.
- 9. Find the volume of the region inside $y = x^3$, y = 0, x = 1 rotated around the line x = 2.
- 10. Just set up the integral for the volume of the region bounded by: y = 0, y = 1, y = x, $y = \sqrt{\ln(x)}$; rotated around the y-axis.
- 11. Find the average value of the function $f(x) = \frac{x+7}{\sqrt{x}}$ on the interval [0, 3].
- 12. Evaluate the definite integral. $\int_{1}^{2} x^{3} \ln(x) dx$
- 13. Find the indefinite integral. $\int e^x \sin(2x) dx$
- 14. Find the indefinite integral. $\int \sin^7 x \cos^6 x dx$
- 15. Find the indefinite integral. $\int \sin^8 x \cos^5 x dx$
- 16. Find the indefinite integral. $\int x^2 e^x dx$
- 17. Find the indefinite integral. $\int \sqrt{16-x^2} dx$
- 18. Find the indefinite integral. $\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{x^2-16}}dx$