

- 1) Show that "Y" is homotopic to ".". That is, find a homotopy equivalence from the "Y" given by connecting the points (0,-1), (0,0), (1,1) and (-1,1) with three line segments; to the single point (0,0).

only one point $\vec{y} = \vec{0}$

all continuous

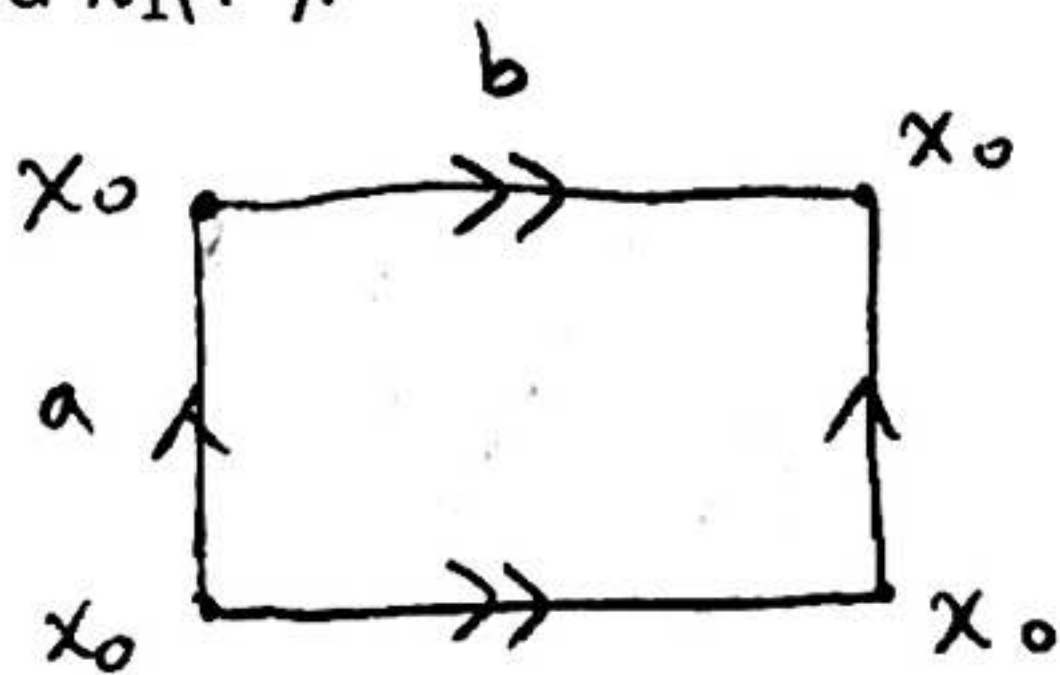
$f(\vec{x}) = \vec{0}$
 $g(\vec{y}) = \vec{y} = \vec{0}$
 $F(\vec{x}, t) = t\vec{x}$
 $G(\vec{y}, t) = \vec{y}$

check:

$g \circ f(\vec{x}) = \vec{0}$
 $f \circ g(\vec{y}) = \vec{0} = \vec{y}$
 $F(\vec{x}, 0) = \vec{0}$
 $G(\vec{y}, 0) = \vec{y} = \vec{0}$
 $F(\vec{x}, 1) = \vec{x} = G(\vec{y}, 1)$

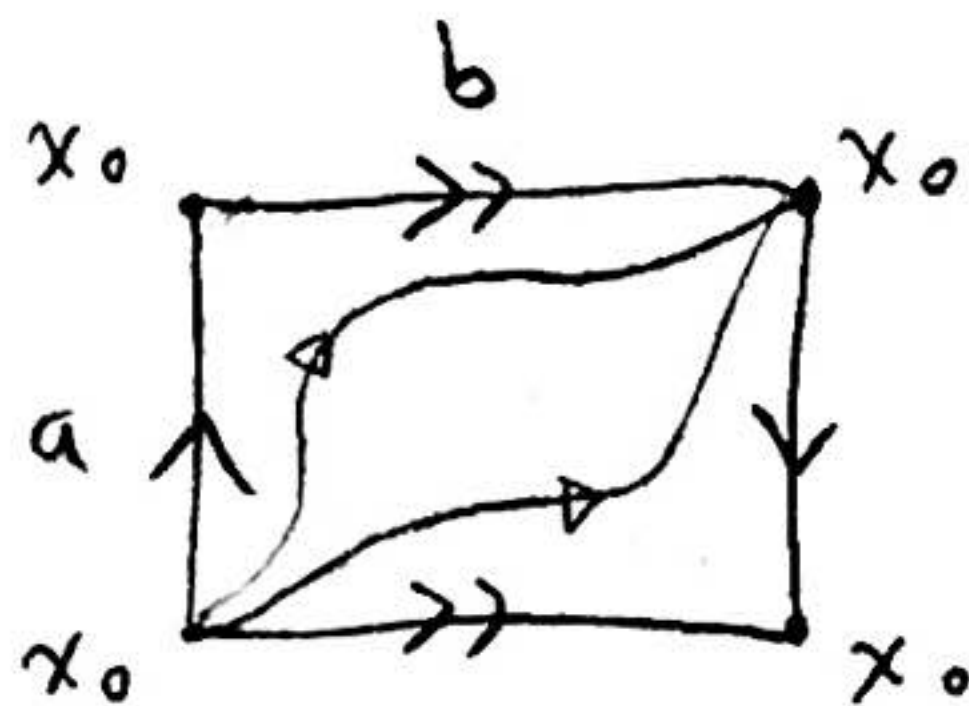
Find the fundamental groups of the torus, Klein bottle, two-holed torus, punctured torus and thrice punctured sphere; each as a group presentation.

- 2) Find $\pi_1(T^2)$.



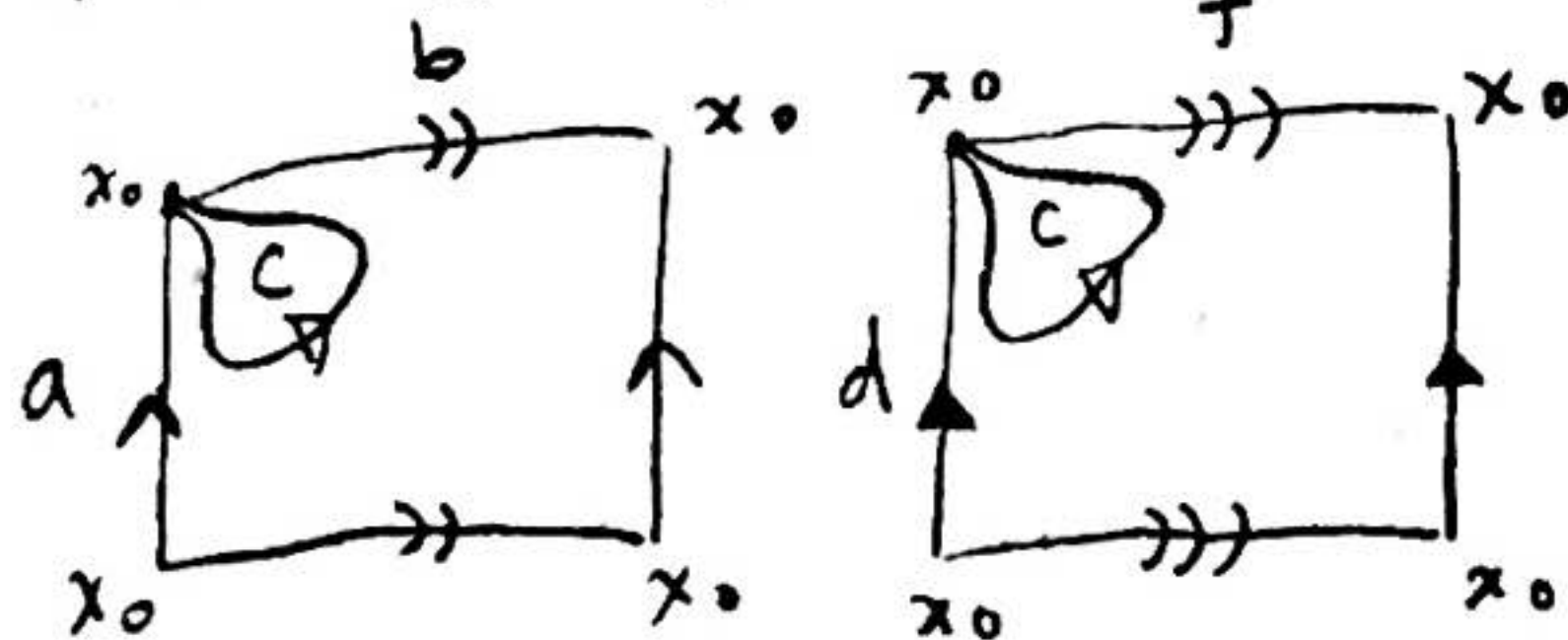
$$\pi_1 = \langle a, b \mid ab = ba \rangle$$

- 3) Find $\pi_1(K^2)$.



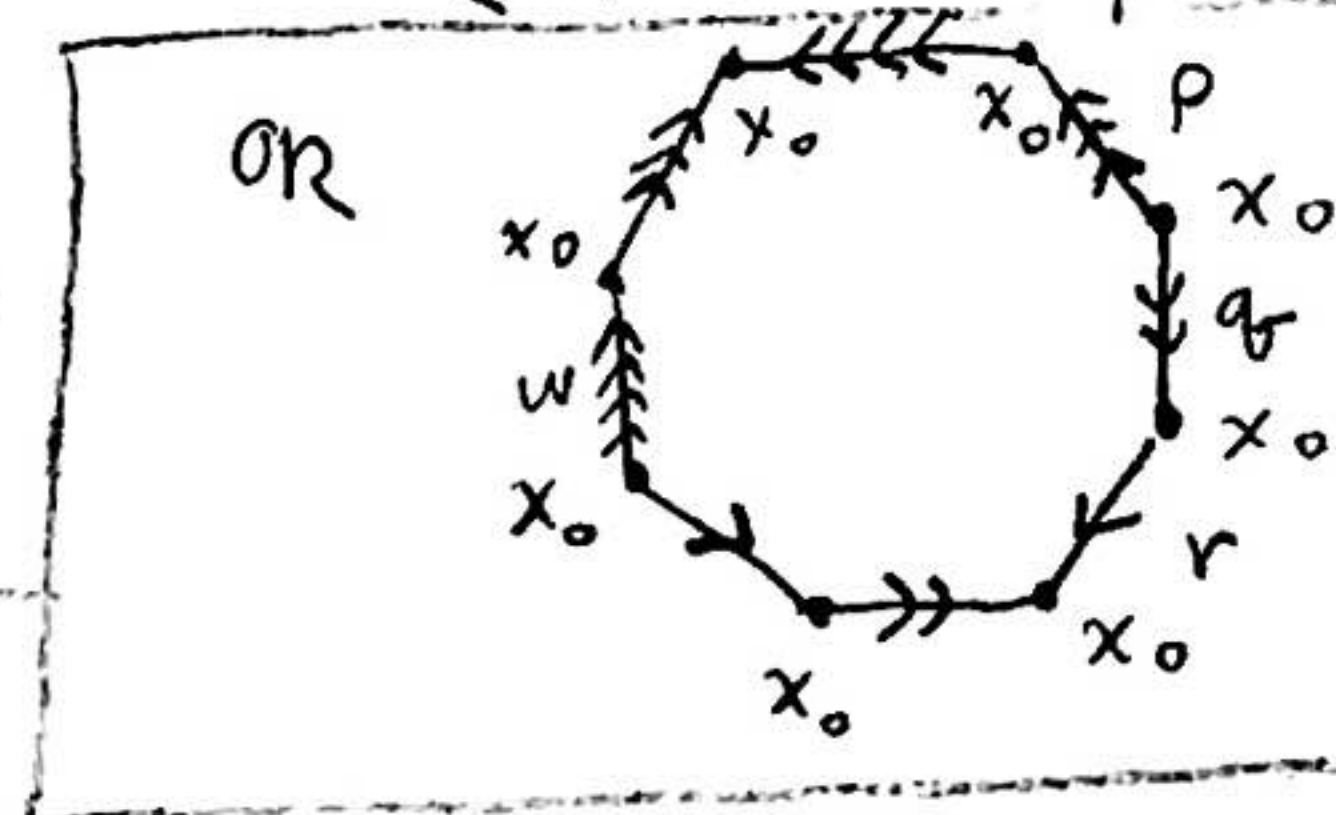
$$\pi_1 = \langle a, b \mid ab = ba^{-1} \rangle$$

- 4) Find $\pi_1(T^2 \# T^2)$.



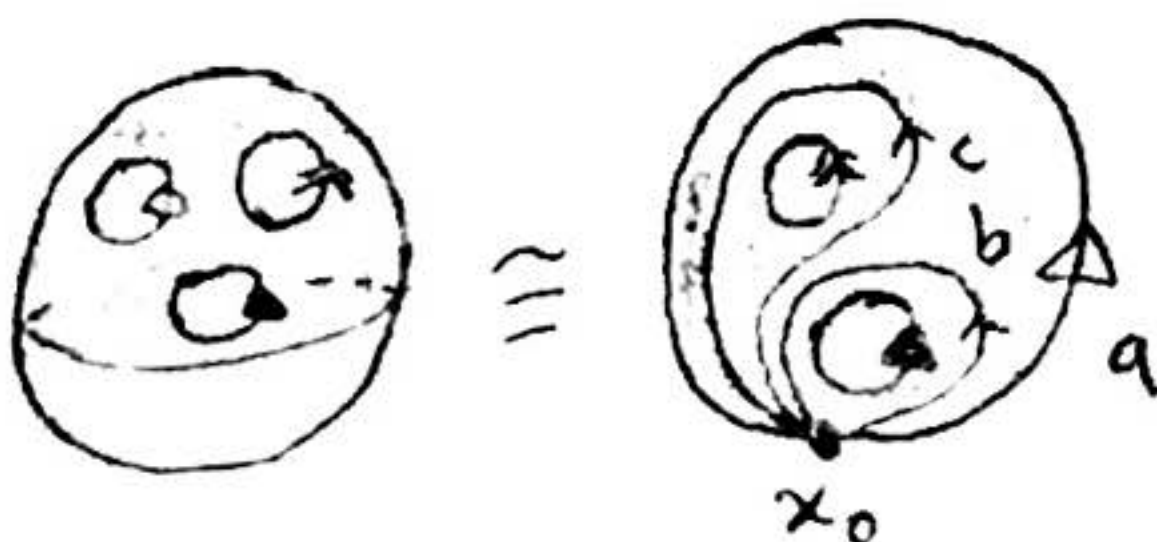
$$\pi_1 = \langle a, b, c, d, f \mid acb = ba, dcf = fd \rangle$$

$$\cong \langle a, b, d, f \mid ba^{-1}b^{-1}a = fd^{-1}f^{-1}d \rangle$$



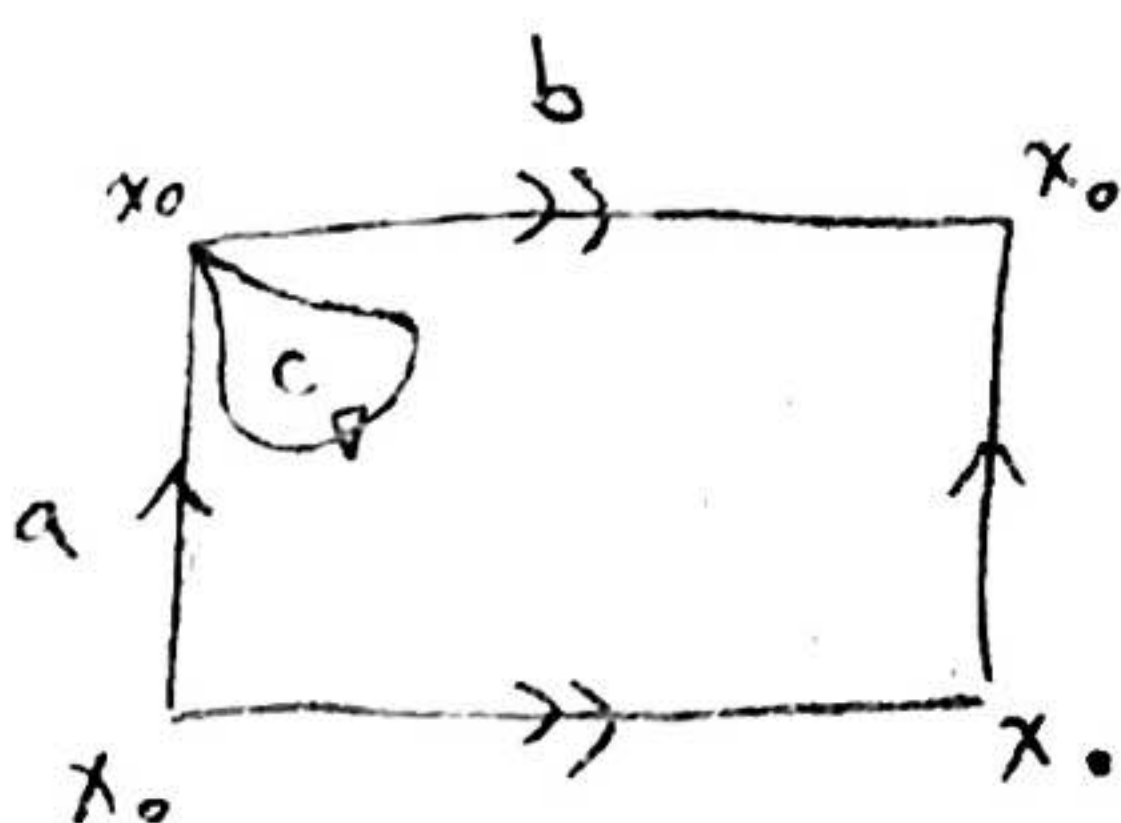
$$\pi_1 = \langle p, q, r, w \mid pqp^{-1}r^{-1} = pw p^{-1}w^{-1} \rangle$$

- 5) Find $\pi_1(S^2 - 3D^2)$.



$$\pi_1 = \langle a, b, c \mid a = bc \rangle$$

- 6) Find $\pi_1(T^2 - D^2)$.



$$\pi_1 = \langle a, c, b \mid acb = ba \rangle$$

$$\cong \langle a, b \mid \emptyset \rangle$$

These last two are in fact homotopy equivalent!



(Both retract onto a pair of circles)