MicroServices And Docker

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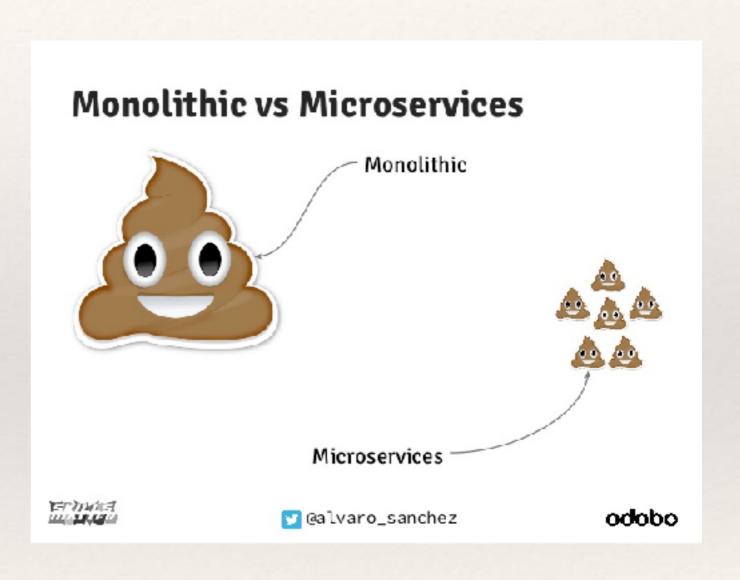


Problem

- * One system, many clients
 - * Desktop
 - * Web
 - * Mobile (2...3 flavors?). Try dozens...
 - * IoT
 - * 3rd party API

Problem

- * Typical architecture Monolith
- Large, complex code base
- Large re-deploys
- High Overhead
 - Lots of hardware (VMs)
 - Process bureaucracy
- Tight coupling
- * Maintenance
- * Inflexible



Microservices

"Anything not a monolith."

Microservices

- Architectural Style
- * Evolution of SOA
- System Composition
 - * Many services, one system

Microservices - cont.

- * Micro == Discrete
- Service == Application
- Limited scope of responsibility
- * Isolated data, side effects

MONOLITHIC ARCHITECTURE

User Interface

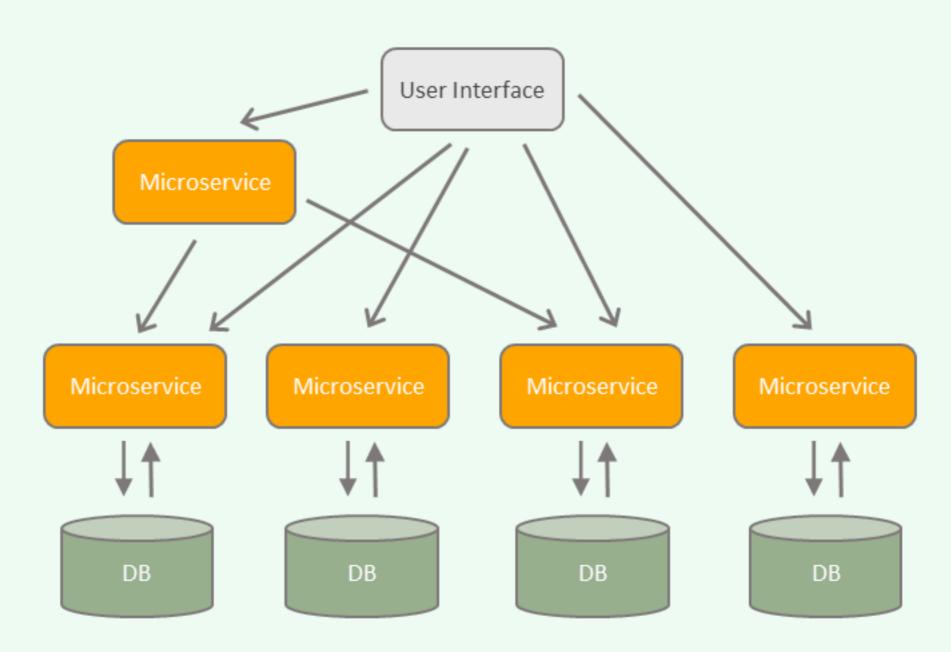
Business Logic

Data Access Layer



DB

MICROSERVICES ARCHITECTURE



Goals

- Independent deployability
 - * High Cohesion/Low Coupling
 - * API Integrity Don't upgrade clients unless necessary
- * Scalability
- * Isolation
 - * Own data store
 - * Don't affect other services if something goes wrong
- * Fault tolerance

Goals - cont.

- * Maintainability
 - * Smaller scope, easier to understand
- * Lower overhead
 - Deployment Process
- * Technology/language agnostic

Flavors

- * Point to Point
 - * e.g. ReST, SOAP, XML-RPC, etc
 - * Service Registry/Discovery
- Event Driven
 - Event Streams
 - * Brokers

Adoption

- * When (if?) are microservices a good fit?
 - * Recurrent deploy issues
 - * Fragile configuration
 - * Scaling/performance issues
 - * Flexibility
 - * Team(s) ready

Challenges

- * Complexity
- * Inter-service communication
- * Latency
- Data Consistency
- * Distributed Transactions
- * Versioning

Challenges

- * Service Registration/Discovery
- * Configuration
- Cluster management
- * Monitoring
- * Logging

Challenges

- * Logistics
 - * Build
 - * Deployment
 - * Updates
 - * Rollbacks
- * Testing
- * Training
- * Culture

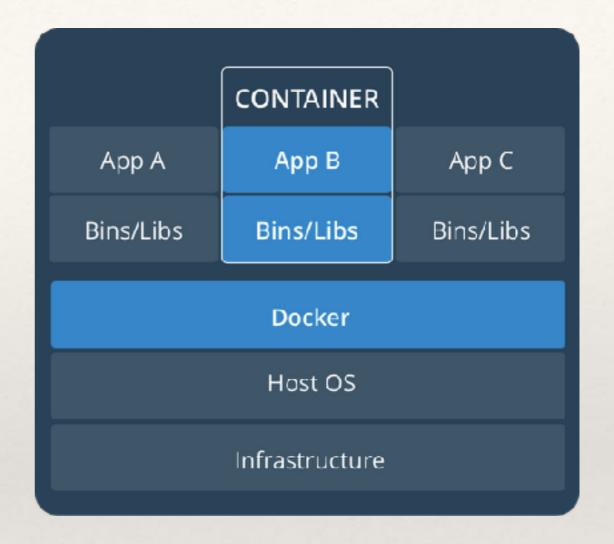


Docker

Docker Concepts

- * Image
- Container
- * Host
- * Service
- * Stack
- * Docker Hub / Private Image Repository
- Docker Compose

	VM	
Арр А	Арр В	Арр С
Bins/Libs	Bins/Libs	Bins/Libs
Guest OS	Guest OS	Guest OS
Hypervisor		
Infrastructure		



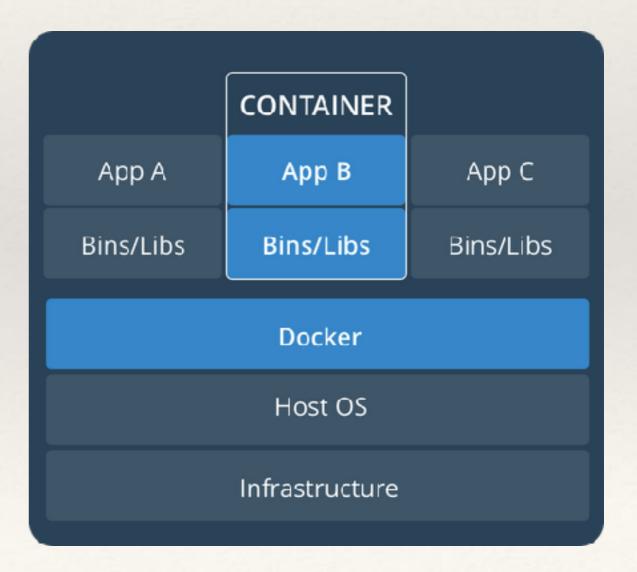
Docker Images

"A container image is a **lightweight**, **stand-alone**, executable package of a piece of software that includes everything needed to run it: **code**, **runtime**, **system tools**, **system libraries**, **settings**."

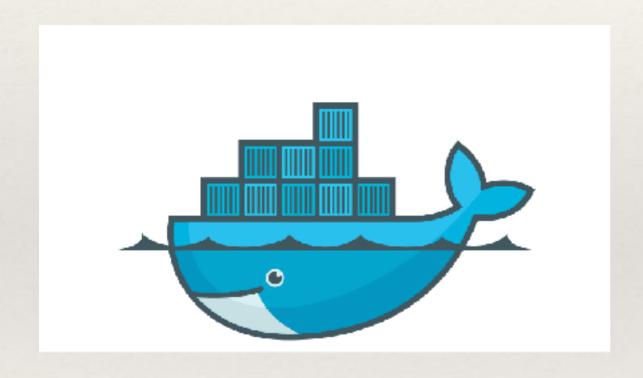
- Docker Website

Docker Containers

A container is a running instance of an application defined by an image.



Docker Benefits



- * Resource sharing
- * Standardization
- Custom Images
- * Isolation
- * Clustering

Docker Benefits - Resource Sharing

- Single host, multiple containers
 - Shared OS resources
- Small, portable images
- * Only necessary space, memory, supporting software to run the application
- Fast startup

Docker Benefits - Standardization

- Application packaging
- * Deployment same deploy commands, all apps
- * Environments
 - * Dev provisioning, replicate prod env.
 - * Test consistent, replicated environments
 - * Ops uniform deployment
 - * Enterprise custom images, common tools
- Configuration

Docker Benefits - Custom Images

- Image Layering
 - Building blocks
- * Licensing
- Complex configuration
- * Portability
 - Reused images already pulled to host, just delta needed

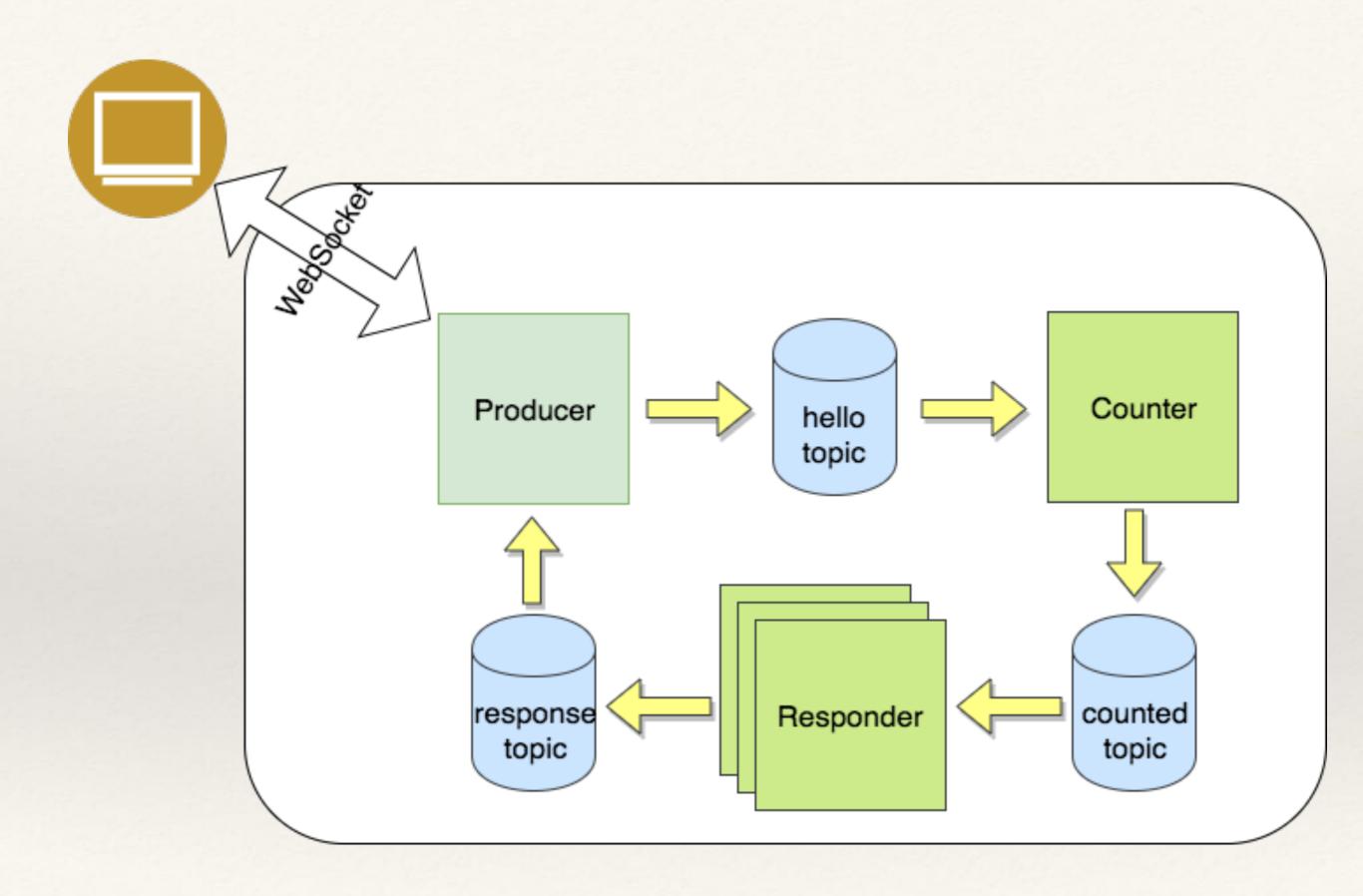
Docker Benefits - Isolation

- * "Do no harm"
- Closed networks
 - Security
 - * Container DNS

Docker Benefits - Clustering

- Cloud platform support
 - * AWS, Azure, Digital Ocean, etc
- * Tool support
 - * Swarm, Kubernetes, Apache Mesos, etc.

Docker Demo



```
version: '3.4'
services:
    hello-producer:
        container_name: hello-producer
       build:
            context: ./hello-producer
        image: hello-producer:latest
        ports:
            - "8080:8080"
       networks:
            - hello-network
        depends_on:
            - hello-rabbitma
    hello-counter:
        container_name: hello-counter
       build:
            context: ./hello-counter
        image: hello-counter:latest
       networks:
            - hello-network
        depends_on:
            - hello-counter-mysql
           - hello-rabbitma
    hello-counter-mysql:
       container_name: hello-counter-mysql
        image: mysql:latest
        expose:
            - 3306
        volumes:
            - ./data/counter-mysql:/var/lib/mysql
        environment:
           - 'MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=micro$$erv1ces!'
           - "MYSQL_DATABASE=hello_counter"
       networks:
           - hello-network
    hello-responder:
       container_name: hello-responder
       build:
            context: ./hello-responder
        image: hello-responder:latest
        networks:
            - hello-network
        depends_on:
            - hello-rabbitmq
        deploy:
         replicas: 2
         resources:
           limits:
              cpus: "1"
              memory: 1024M
         restart_policy:
           condition: on-failure
    hello-rabbitmq:
        container_name: hello-rabbitmq
        image: rabbitmq:3.6.11-management
        ports:
            - 15672:15672
       networks:
            - hello-network
        volumes:
            - ./data/rabbitmq:/var/lib/rabbitmq
networks:
    hello-network:
       external:
         name: hello-network
```

Commands

git checkout https://github.com/sfransonstg/microservicesdocker.git mvn clean package docker-compose build docker swarm init docker network create -d overlay hello-network docker stack deploy -c docker-compose.yml microservicesdocker docker stack ls docker service scale microservicesdocker hello-responder=3 docker service ls

docker service logs -f microservicesdocker hello-responder

docker stack rm microservicesdocker

Where to start?

- Team Dynamics
 - * Maturity
 - Standards/Best practices
 - * Code quality
 - * Ownership vs "Not my problem"
- * Start small
 - Internal app
 - Candidate services / code in monoliths

Where to start?

- Priority #1 Infrastructure
 - * Hosts
 - * Cluster management, monitoring, logging, etc.
 - * Process creation, deployment, updating
- Priority #2 Reduce friction
 - * Make development as simple as possible
 - Know and use established patterns
 - Custom images
 - Shared artifacts (docker-compose files)
 - Clear documentation
 - Training

Q&A

Resources

- http://microservices.io/patterns/microservices.html
- https://thenewstack.io/microservices-standardization-moving-monolithmicroservices/
- https://www.docker.com/what-docker
- https://www.digitalocean.com/community/tutorials/how-to-remove-dockerimages-containers-and-volumes



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