

I. Information stored in a relational book:

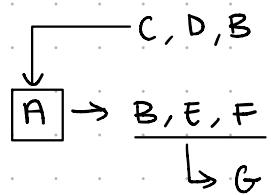
BOOK (CatalogNum^A, BookTitle^B, AuthorFirstName^C, AuthorLastName^D,
 PublisherName^E, YearOfPublication^F, Price^G)

Dependencies exists in the relational table :

- CatalogNum \rightarrow BookTitle, PublisherName, YearOfPublication $\quad \boxed{A} \rightarrow B, E, F$
- BookTitle, PublisherName, YearOfPublication \rightarrow Price $\quad \boxed{B, E, F} \rightarrow G$
- AuthorFirstName^C, AuthorLastName^D, BookTitle^B \rightarrow CatalogNum $\quad \boxed{C, D, B} \rightarrow A$

$$R = (A, B, C, D, E, F, G) \quad FD: (A \rightarrow BEF, BEF \rightarrow G, BCD \rightarrow A)$$

- i) • If $\boxed{A} \rightarrow BEF$ and $\boxed{BEF} \rightarrow G$
 then thru union rule $\boxed{A} \rightarrow BEFG$
- If $\boxed{BCD} \rightarrow A$ and $\boxed{A} \rightarrow BEFG$ then through
 augmentation rule $\boxed{BCD} \rightarrow BEFG$ }
- If $\boxed{BCD} \rightarrow BEFG$ and $\boxed{A} \rightarrow BEFG$ then through
 augmentation rule $\boxed{ABCD} \rightarrow ABCDEFG$
- If $\boxed{A} \rightarrow BEFG$, $\boxed{BCD} \rightarrow BEFG$ then through
 augmentation rule $\boxed{ACD} \rightarrow BCDEFG$ [1NF]



1. If $\boxed{ABCD} \rightarrow ABCDEFG$ is valid in R & it covers the entire relational schema, then the LHS of FD ($ABCD$) is msk.
2. If $\boxed{ACD} \rightarrow BCDEFG$ is valid in R & it covers the entire relational schema, then the LHS of FD (ACD) is msk.

ii) Split to 2 relational schema:

$$R1 = (ACD)$$

$$\boxed{ACD} \rightarrow BCDEFG = 1NF$$

The minimal super key can be (A), (C), (D)

• violates partial dependency = 1NF,

$$R2 = (ABCD)$$

$$\boxed{ABCD} \rightarrow ABCDEFG = 1NF$$

The minimal super key can be (A), (B), (C), (D).

• violates partial dependency = 1NF,

iii) Information stored in a relational book:

BOOK (^ACatalogNum, ^BBookTitle, ^CAuthorFName, ^DAuthorLName,
^EPublisherName, ^FYearOfPublication, ^GPrice)

To convert to BCNF, first convert to 2NF

$A \rightarrow B, E, F$ R₁ (CatalogNum, BookTitle, PublisherName, YearOfPublication)

CatalogNum → BookTitle, PublisherName, YearOfPublication

$B, E, F \rightarrow G$ R₂ (BookTitle, PublisherName, YearOfPublication, Price)

BookTitle, PublisherName, YearOfPublication → Price

$C, D, B \rightarrow A$ R₃ (AuthorFName, AuthorLName, BookTitle, CatalogNum)

AuthorFName, AuthorLName, BookTitle → CatalogNum

No partial dependency — R₁, R₂ & R₃ is in 2NF

No transitive dependency — R₁, R₂ & R₃ is in 3NF

Non-trivial dependency — R₁, R₂ & R₃ is in BCNF //