

# PHYS2350: Forces

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Fall 2024

## Group discussion:

What is a force?

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Develop a notation to describe forces

- Write force as a vector thing:  $\vec{F}$

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- A push or a pull (it is a *vector*)
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### How do you remember good ideas?

Develop a notation to describe forces

- Write force as a vector thing:  $\vec{F}$
- Indicate that there are two interacting entities:  $\vec{F}_{\text{Book,Table}}$

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- 1 Contact Forces
- 2 Non-contact forces



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### ① Contact Forces

- ▶ Friction
- ▶ “Normal” force
- ▶ Tension
- ▶ Air resistance
- ▶ Spring force

### ② Non-contact forces

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- ▶ Gravity/Weight
- ▶ Electric Force
- ▶ Magnetic Force
- ▶ Nuclear Force

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Force notation:

$$\vec{F}_{A,B}^{(\text{type})}$$

# Rules for good Free-Body diagrams

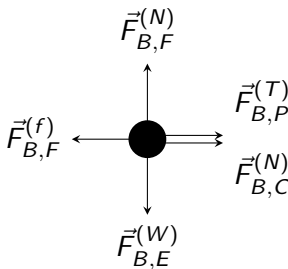
- 1 Use our force notation to label each force

$$\vec{F}_{A,B}^{(\text{type})}$$

- 2 Draw a vector in the *direction* that the force is going in. Don't worry about the length.
- 3 Put the tail of the force vector on the object.

## Part I

Free body diagram for box being pushed/pulled by Pam and Chris

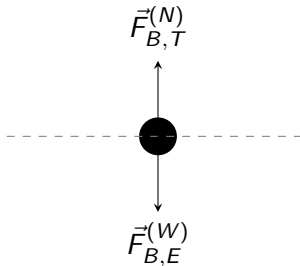


Symbol key:

- P = Pam
- C = Chris
- F = Floor
- B = Block
- E = Earth

## Part II

Free body diagram for book on table

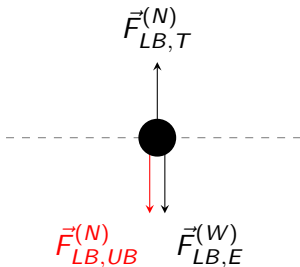
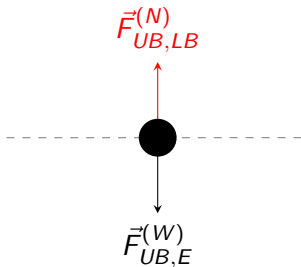


Symbol key:

- B = Book
- T = Table
- E = Earth

## Part II

Free body diagram for books on table

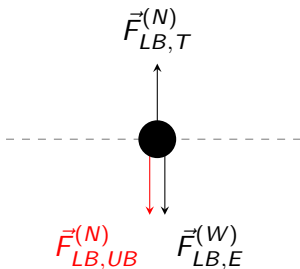
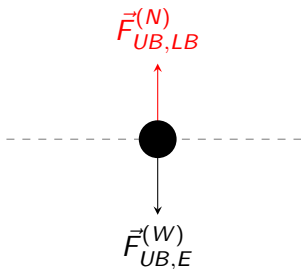


Symbol key:

- UB = Upper Book
- LB = Lower Book
- T = Table
- E = Earth

## Part III

Why did I make these vectors red?



Symbol key:

- UB = Upper Book
- LB = Lower Book
- T = Table
- E = Earth

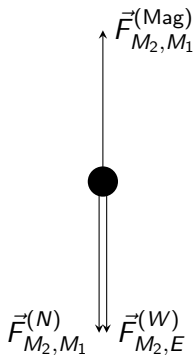
### Newton's 3<sup>rd</sup> Law

How does our notation make identifying 3<sup>rd</sup> law pairs easy?



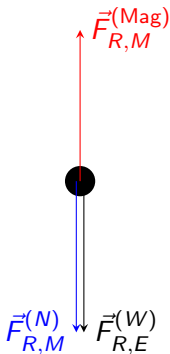
## Part IV: Contact and non-contact forces

Free-body diagram for magnet 2:



## Part IV: Contact and non-contact forces

Free-body diagram for iron rod:



Free-body diagram for magnet

