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# How to access the BufReader twice?

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Trying to access the variable sentences for a second time causes value used here after move, I want to understand how to store the total without causing this problem.

I tried to copy the iterator but I can't find a way to make it work or how is the correct way to do it.

The two answers this question have, are both trade off, you don't have a lot of memory or your file is really big, read it twice? Or your file size is small and you have enough memory, stock the whole file.

```
- Stargateur
Jun 17 '19 at 3:24
```

**1,814** • 14 • 21

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## 3 Answers

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After you find out the count by iterating the Lines, you can iterate it again and do the logic as you wish.

The main reason why you are getting this compiler error is: count function consumes the Lines you use and you can not access your variable again since it is already consumed. Here is the solution:

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```
use std::fs::File;
  use std::io::{BufRead, BufReader, Write};
  fn main() {
     let path = "lines.txt";
    let mut output = File::create(path).unwrap(); write!(output, "Rust\n \nFun").unwrap();
    let input = File::open(path).unwrap();
let buffered = BufReader::new(input);
    let lines: Vec<_>=buffered.lines().collect();
let total = lines.len();
     for (index, sentence) in lines.into_iter().enumerate() {
       let line = sentence.unwrap();
println!("Processed {} of {}, {}", index, total, line);
    println!("Total {}", total);
Playground
With this way, you do not need to read the file twice. You read the file, put it into memory then only iterate it twice.
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 edited Oct 25 at 11:13
 answered Jun 16 '19 at 20:01
    Akiner Alkan
  4,689 • 22 • 52
 You need to mention the fact that with this solution all the File is put in memory when you collect lines
 Oct 21 at 9:25
 Updated as the file put into memory
 Oct 25 at 11:13
You can't. You need to read the file twice. First to count total lines. And second to process each line. So you need two BufReader:
  extern crate regex;
  use std::fs::File;
use std::io::{BufRead, BufReader};
  use std::path::Path;
  fn get_file_reader(path: &Path) -> impl BufRead {
    BufReader::new(File::open(path).unwrap())
  fn main() {
     let sentences_path = Path::new("csv/testSentences.csv");
     let sentences = get_file_reader(&sentences_path);
     let\ total = get\_file\_reader(\&sentences\_path).lines().count();
     for (index, sentence) in sentences.lines().enumerate() {
       let line = sentence.unwrap();
      println!("Processed {} of {}, {}", index, total, line);
    println!("Total {}", total);
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 answered Jun 16 '19 at 19:25
```

With this implementation you are reading the whole file to the memory twice which is not memory efficient

- Akiner Alkan Jun 16 '19 at 19:30

**1,080** • 7 • 11

1

3

@Websterix memory efficient mean less memory use, this solution use less memory than your solution where you stock the whole file in memory.

```
– Stargateur
Jun 17 '19 at 3:21
 sentences. lines() \ is \ an \ iterator. \ You \ can \ borrow \ it \ instead \ of \ consuming \ by \ calling \ .by\_ref():
  let mut lines = sentences.lines();
let total = lines.by_ref().count();
  for (index, sentence) in lines.enumerate() {
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 answered Jun 17 '19 at 3:06
 Laney 1,359 • 6 • 5
 This simply doesn't work, by_ref() will not clone the iterator, it will just do a mutate borrow.
- Stargateur
Jun 17 '19 at 3:19
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