

Answer Key 6

1.

(1) Note that $f_1(x) = \frac{(6x^2 + 3)}{22}$ for $0 \leq x \leq 2$ and

$$f_2(y) = \frac{(8 + 6y)}{11} \text{ for } 0 \leq y \leq 1. \text{ (from Problem Set 3, \# 1)}$$

And also, for $0 \leq x \leq 2$,

$$g_2(y | x) = \frac{f(x, y)}{f_2(x)} = \frac{2x^2 + 2y}{2x^2 + 1} \text{ for } 0 \leq y \leq 1.$$

Therefore, $E(Y | X) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} yg_2(y | x)dy = \frac{3x^2 + 2}{6x^2 + 3}$ for $0 \leq x \leq 2$.

(2)

$$E(X) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} xf(x, y)dxdy = \int_0^2 xf(x)dx = 15/11.$$

Similarly, $E(Y) = 6/11$, $E(X^2) = 116/55$, $E(Y^2) = 25/66$.

$$E(XY) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} xyf(x, y)dxdy = 8/11, \quad V(X) = E(X^2) - [E(X)]^2 = 151/605,$$

$$V(Y) = 59/726, \quad C(X, Y) = E(XY) - E(X)E(Y) = -2/121.$$

(3)

$$E^*(Y | X) = \alpha + \beta X,$$

$$\text{where } \beta = C(X, Y)/V(X) = -10/151, \alpha = E(Y) - \beta E(X) = \frac{6}{11} - \left(-\frac{10}{151}\right)\frac{5}{11} = 96/151.$$

$$\text{So, } E^*(Y | X) = \frac{96}{151} - \frac{10}{151}X.$$

2.

$$(1) \quad E(Y | x = 1) = \sum_{y=0}^1 yg_2(y | x = 1) = \frac{f(1,1)}{f_1(1)} = 0.5,$$

$$E(Y | x = 2) = \sum_{y=0}^1 yg_2(y | x = 2) = \frac{f(2,1)}{f_1(2)} = 0.75,$$

$$E(Y | x = 3) = \sum_{y=0}^1 yg_2(y | x = 3) = \frac{f(3,1)}{f_1(1)} = 0.5.$$

(2) Since $E(X) = 2$, $E(Y) = 0.6$, $E(X^2) = 4.6$, $V(X) = 0.6$, $C(X, Y) = 0$,

(2) From $E^*(Y|X) = \alpha + \beta X$, $\alpha = 0.6$, $\beta = 0$, $E^*(Y|X) = 0.6$.

(3)

	$E(Y x)$	$E^*(Y x)$
$x = 1$	0.5	0.6
$x = 2$	0.75	0.6
$x = 3$	0.5	0.6

3.

$$E(X) = E(Z) + E(W) = 42 + 0 = 42,$$

$$(1) \quad C(Z, X) = C(Z, Z + W) = V(Z) = 2500,$$

$$C(W, X) = C(W, Z + W) = V(W) = 500,$$

$$V(X) = V(Z) + V(W) + 2C(Z, W) = 3000.$$

$$(2) \quad E^*(X | Z) = \alpha + \beta Z = Z$$

$$\text{since } \beta = C(X, Z) / V(Z) = 2500 / 2500 = 1, \alpha = E(X) - \beta E(Z) = 0.$$

$$(3) \quad E^*(X | z = 54) = 54.$$

$$(4) \quad E^*(Z | X) = 7 + 5/6 X$$

$$\text{since } \gamma = C(X, Z) / V(X) = 2500 / 3000 = 5/6, \delta = E(Z) - \gamma E(X) = 42 - 5/6 \times 42 = 7.$$

$$(5) \quad E^*(Z | x = 54) = 7 + 5/6 \times 54 = 52.$$

4. Since X_1, X_2, X_3 are mutually independent, X_1, X_2, X_3^2 are also independent.

Therefore,

$$E(Z) = E(X_3^2)E[(X_2 - 2X_1)^2] = E(X_3^2)[E(X_2^2) - 4E(X_2)E(X_1) + 4E(X_1^2)] = 1 \times 5 = 5.$$