Mult-Factor Models: Fama-French 3 Factor Model

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Park Sukjin April 12, 2022 1/14

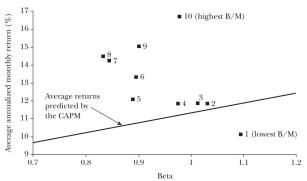
- CAPM states that market risk is the only factor that explains stock returns.
- Does this make sense is reality? (No!)
- ullet Researchers have identified many patterns in stock returns which are inconsistent with the predictions of CAPM o CAPM anomalies.

Park Sukjin April 12, 2022 2 / 14

- Value stocks vs Growth stocks: value stocks outperfrom growth stocks.
- Momentum: stocks with higher returns in the previous year tend to have higher returns.
- Reversal: stocks with poor long-term performance tend to have higher returns.

3 / 14

Figure 3 Average Annualized Monthly Return versus Beta for Value Weight Portfolios Formed on B/M, 1963-2003



(source: Fama and French(2004, JEP))

• Is is consistent with CAPM?

Park Sukjin

- The anomalies imply that market return alone is not enough to explain stock returns.
- (Example)
 - We all experienced that the COVID-19 crisis and its effect on the financial market.
 - The COVID-19 affect stock returns through the market factor, but not all.
 - For example, the crisis may have more severe effects depending on industry, firm-size, etc.
 - Then, can we say that all residuals are firm-specific and can be disversified away?
 - Or, are there additional risk factors to account for it?

5 / 14

Multi-factor Models

• One possible solution is adding more factors to the model:

$$E(r_i) = \alpha_0 + \sum_{i=1}^{K} \beta_{i,k} F_K + \epsilon_i$$

where F's are risk factors.

- If we add enough risk factors, then the residuals are truly firm-specific.
- Then, how can we identify risk factors?

6/14

Multi-factor Models

- Arbitrage Pricing Theory (APT)
- Assumptions of APT
 - (1) Returns are generated by a factor model.
 - (2) Law of one price (No arbitrage).
 - (3) There exists enough securities to form well-diversified portfolios that eliminate idiosyncratic risk.
- While APT is less restrictive than CAPM, it does not tell us how many factors there are and what those factors are.

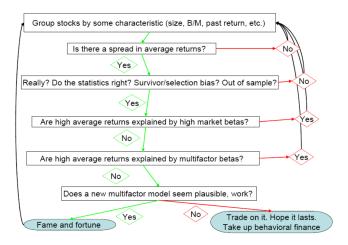
7 / 14

Multi-factor Models

- Identifying risk factors normally takes three steps:
 - (1) Specifying risk factors
 - (2) Build factor-mimicking portfolios
 - (3) Test the explanatory power and risk premium of factor mimicking portfolios.
- Ways to find factors
 - (1) Statistical Analyis
 - (2) Macroenomic approach
 - (3) Firm-characteristic approach

8 / 14

Cochrane's Empirical Asset Pricing Flowchart



9/14

- Fama and French (1992) identify two more risk factors additional to market risk based on
 - (1) The outperformance of small versus big companies (SMB)
 - (2) The outperformance of high book/value companies versus low book/value companies (HML)
- SMB: Small Minus Big(SMB) is the average return on the three small portfolios minus the average return on the three big portfolios.
- HML: High Minus Low(HML)) is the average return on the two value portfolios minus the average return on the two growth portfolios.
- Fama-French three factor model:

$$E(r_i) - r_f = \beta_m E[(r_M) - r_f] + \beta_s E(SMB) + \beta_v E(HML)$$

Park Sukjin April 12, 2022 10 / 14

Market Cap 50th Percentile

Book Value Market Cap

Small Value	Big Value
Small Neutral	Big Neutral
Small Growth	Big Growth

70th Percentile

30th Percentile

11 / 14

- Overall steps
 - (1) Collect data
 - (2) Construct portfolios formed on Size and Value
 - (3) Calculate average returns of each portfolio
 - (4) Calculate SMB and HML
 - (5) Calculate excess returns of each portfolio (including market portfolio)
 - (6) Run regression analysis

12 / 14

- (Results)
 - The three factors explained over 90% of average returns
 - Fama and French (1996) show that many of the CAPM anomalies are explained by the three factor model.
 - Cannot explain how SMB and HML are related to economy-wide state variables.
 - Cannot explain the momentum anomaly.

13 / 14

- How to interprete SMB and HML
 - Market efficiency?
 - If EMH hold, SMB and HML must be proxies for unknown risk factors.
 - However, if they are just results of mispricing, then they are evidences that markets are not efficient.

14 / 14