

Ch-11 Areas Related to Circles

1. **Circle** – The set of points which are at a constant distance of ‘r’ units from a fixed point ‘O’ is called a circle. Fixed point is called the centre and radius = r units.
2. **Circumference and Area of a Circle** – for a circle of radius ‘r’, we have –
 - a. Circumference = $2\pi r$.
 - b. Area = πr^2 .
 - c. Circumference of semi-circle = $(\pi r + 2r)$.
 - d. Area of semi-circle = $\frac{\pi r^2}{2}$.
3. **Length of an Arc, Area of a Sector** – let an arc AB make an angle $\theta < 180^\circ$ at the centre of a circle of radius ‘r’. Then, we have –
 - a. Length of the Arc, AB = $\theta \times \frac{2\pi r}{360} = l$.
 - b. Area of the sector = $\theta \times \frac{\pi r^2}{360}$
 $= \frac{1}{2} \times \left(\theta \times \frac{2\pi r}{360} \right) \times r$
 $= \frac{1}{2} \times l \times r$.
4. **Area of a Ring** – let R and r be the Outer and Inner radii of a ring. Then, area of the ring = $\pi (R^2 - r^2)$.
5. **Area of a Segment** –
 - a. Area of the Minor Segment = (Area of the Sector) – (Area of the Triangle)
 $= \left[\left(\theta \times \frac{\pi r^2}{360} \right) - \frac{1}{2} r^2 \sin \theta \right]$.
 - b. Area of the Major Segment = (Area of the Circle) – (Area of the Minor Segment).
6. **Rotating Wheels** –
 - a. Distance moved by a wheel in 1 rotation = Circumference of the wheel.
 - b. Number of rotations in 1 min. = $\frac{\text{Distance covered in 1 min.}}{\text{Circumference}}$.
7. **Rotating of the Hands of a Clock** –
 - a. Angle described by the minute hand of a clock in 60 min. = 360° .
 - b. Angle described by the hour hand of a clock in 12 hrs. = 360° .