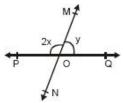
Ch-6 Lines and Angles

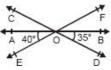
1. In the given figure, AOC is a line, find x.



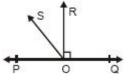
- 2. In the given figure, PQ and MN intersect at O.
 - a. Determine y, when $x = 60^{\circ}$.
 - b. Determine x, when $y = 40^{\circ}$.



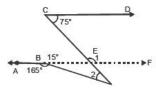
3. In the given figure, lines Ab, CD and EF intersect at O. Find the measure of $\angle AOC$, $\angle COF$.



- 4. The exterior angles obtained on producing the base of a triangle both ways are 100° and 120° . Find all the angles.
- 5. \triangle ABC is right angled at A and AL \square BC. Prove that \angle BAL = \angle ACD.
- 6. If two parallel lines are intersected by a transversal, prove that the bisectors of the two pairs of interior angles enclose a rectangle.
- 7. The angles of a triangle are arranged in ascending order of magnitude. If the difference between two consecutive angles is 10° , find all the three angles.
- 8. In the given figure, POQ is a line. Ray OR \square PQ, OS is another ray lying between rays OP and OR. Prove that $\angle ROS = \frac{1}{2}(\angle QOS \angle POS)$.



- 9. Can a triangle have two obtuse angles? Give reason for your answer.
- 10. How many triangles can be drawn having its angles as 45°, 64° and 72°? Give reason for your answer.
- 11. In the following figure AB \parallel CD. Find the measure of \angle BOC.



- 12. Find the complement of 36°.
- 13. Find the measure of an angle which is 26° more than its complement.
- 14. If a ray CD stands on a line AB, then prove that $\angle ACD = \angle BCD = 180^{\circ}$.
- 15. If two lines intersect each other, then prove that $\angle AOD = \angle BOC$.
- 16. If PQ and RS are two intersecting lines which meet at point O and if $\angle POR : \angle ROQ = 5 : 7$. Find all the angles.
- 17. Prove that the angle formed by the bisector of interior angle A and the bisector of exterior angle B of a triangle ABC is half of angle C.
- 18. Sides QP and RQ of triangle PQR are produced to point S and T respectively. If \angle SPR = 35° and \angle PQT = 70°, find \angle SQR and \angle PRQ.
- 19. Of the three angles of a triangle, one is double the smallest and another is 3 times the smallest. Find the angles.

- 20. Two adjacent angles on a straight line are in the ratio 2:3. Find the measures of each one of these angles.
- 21. If two lines intersect each other, then show that the vertically opposite angles are equal.
- 22. If parallel lines are intersected by the transversal, prove that the bisectors of the two pairs of interior angles enclose a rectangle.
- 23. If the arms of an angle are respectively parallel to the arms of another angle, prove that the two angles are equal or complementary.
- 24. In a $\triangle ABC$, if the sum of $\angle A$ and $\angle B$ is 150°, and $\angle B$ and $\angle C$ is 100°. What is the measure of each angle.