

# Analyzing Retail Sales of Electricity

## Milestone 6

### Group 15

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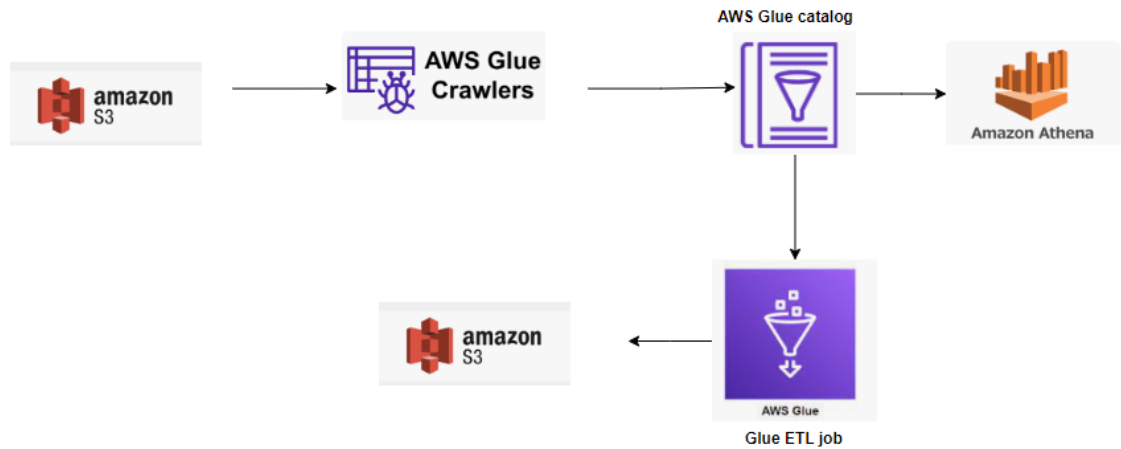
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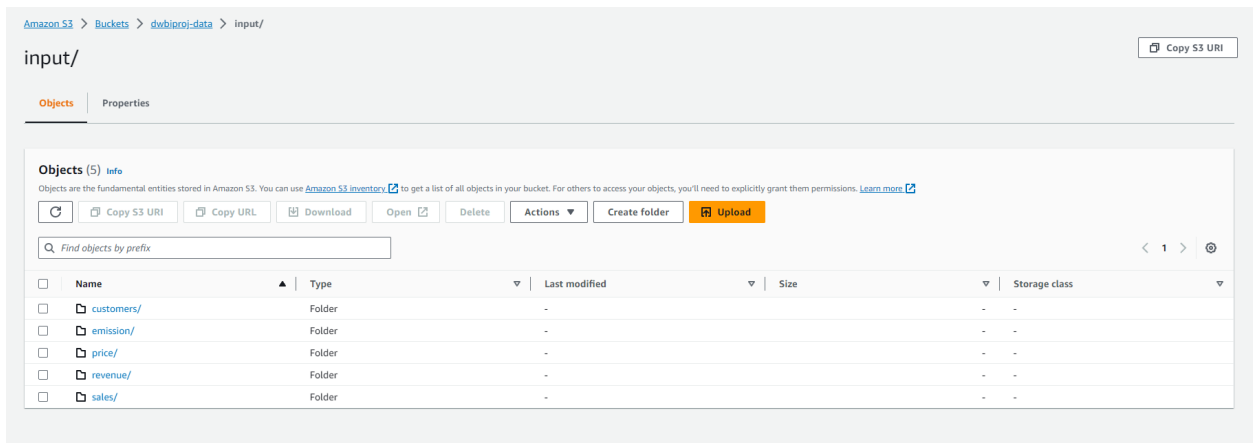
## Architecture Diagram of the Data Pipeline



## Steps involved in building the pipeline:

### 1. Loaded data in S3 bucket

At first, we loaded the csv data to the S3 bucket by manual upload. Separate folders are created for each file



## 2. Created Glue crawlers for each data table

Then AWS Glue crawler is created for each of the csv file and a new database is created in the catalog to store the data

The screenshot shows the AWS Glue console interface for creating a new crawler. The breadcrumb navigation is 'AWS Glue > Crawlers > Add crawler'. A sidebar on the left lists five steps: 'Step 1: Set crawler properties', 'Step 2: Choose data sources and classifiers', 'Step 3: Configure security settings', 'Step 4: Set output and scheduling', and 'Step 5: Review and create'. The main content area is titled 'Review and create' and contains four sections: 'Step 1: Set crawler properties' with fields for Name (emission), Description, and Tags; 'Step 2: Choose data sources and classifiers' with a table for Data sources (1) showing Type (S3), Data source (s3://dwbproj-data/input/emission/), and Parameters (Recrawl all); 'Step 3: Configure security settings' with fields for IAM role (LabRole), Security configuration, and Lake Formation configuration; and 'Step 4: Set output and scheduling' with fields for Database (proj-db), Table prefix - optional, Maximum table threshold - optional, and Schedule (On demand). At the bottom right are buttons for 'Cancel', 'Previous', and 'Create crawler'.

## 3. Ran the crawler and loaded the data in Glue catalog

Crawler is run to read the schema of the data present in the s3 bucket and load the data in the catalog DB

The screenshot shows the AWS Glue console interface for the 'proj-db' database. The breadcrumb navigation is 'AWS Glue > Databases > proj-db'. The database properties section shows Name (proj-db), Description, Location, and Created on (UTC) (December 1, 2023 at 21:55:37). Below this is a section for 'Tables (5)' with a table listing the tables: customers, emission, price, revenue, and sales. Each table row includes a checkbox, Name, Database, Location, Classification, Deprecated status, View data link, and Data quality link.

	Name	Database	Location	Classification	Deprecated	View data	Data quality
<input type="checkbox"/>	customers	proj-db	s3://dwbproj-data/input/customers/	CSV	-	Table data	View data quality
<input type="checkbox"/>	emission	proj-db	s3://dwbproj-data/input/emission/	CSV	-	Table data	View data quality
<input type="checkbox"/>	price	proj-db	s3://dwbproj-data/input/price/	CSV	-	Table data	View data quality
<input type="checkbox"/>	revenue	proj-db	s3://dwbproj-data/input/revenue/	CSV	-	Table data	View data quality
<input type="checkbox"/>	sales	proj-db	s3://dwbproj-data/input/sales/	CSV	-	Table data	View data quality

Made the following change to table schema since input data was hasquotes in the csv file

Data shifting was happening without the below configuration. Delimiters were introduced in the below steps

[Alt+S]

N. Virginia

voclabs/user2907171=M\_Kamtam @ 8323-8686-6791

[AWS Glue](#) > [Tables](#) > Edit table

## Edit table

▼ Table details

Name

sales

Input format

org.apache.hadoop.mapred.TextInputFormat

Output format

org.apache.hadoop.hive ql.io.HiveIgnoreKeyTextOutputFormat

Serde name

Serialization lib

org.apache.hadoop.hive.serde2.OpenCSVSerde

Description

▼ Serde parameters

Key	Value	
escapeChar	\	Remove
quoteChar	"	Remove
separatorChar		Remove

Add

▼ Table properties

#### 4. The data is queried using Aws Athena to read the data from the catalog DB

The screenshot shows the Amazon Athena Query Editor interface. The query editor displays a SQL query: `SELECT * FROM "AwsDataCatalog"."proj-db"."customers" limit 10;`. The query has been executed successfully, and the results are displayed in a table with 10 rows. The table has columns: #, state, residential, commercial, industrial, transportation, and total. The results show data for various states including Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont, New Jersey, and New York.

#	state	residential	commercial	industrial	transportation	total
1	Connecticut	1,536,217	155,784	3,976	3	1,695,980
2	Maine	728,053	106,211	2,155	0	836,419
3	Massachusetts	2,888,583	435,521	10,524	2	3,334,630
4	New Hampshire	642,870	110,915	3,167	0	756,952
5	Rhode Island	448,184	60,133	1,628	1	509,946
6	Vermont	320,849	61,583	253	0	382,685
7	New Jersey	3,675,569	532,838	11,427	7	4,219,841
8	New York	7,146,736	1,166,924	7,334	8	8,320,991

#### 5. Created a new Glue ETL visual based job with the below configuration

The screenshot shows the Amazon Glue Studio visual ETL job configuration for a job named "Sales\_revenue\_join". The job is configured with the following steps:

- Data source:** Data Catalog (AWS Glue Data Catalog)
- Transform:** Change Schema (Renamed keys for join)
- Transform:** Join (Join)
- Transform:** Change Schema (Change Schema)
- Data target:** S3 bucket (Amazon S3)

The job is configured with the following properties:

- Name:** Amazon S3
- Node parents:** Choose which nodes will provide inputs for this one.
- Format:** Parquet
- Compression Type:** Snappy
- S3 Target Location:** s3://datablog-data/output/
- Data Catalog update options:** Do not update the Data Catalog
- Partition keys - optional:** Add a partition key

The job is configured with the following schema:

Key	Data type	Partition
period	long	-
residential	string	-
commercial	string	-
industrial	string	-

## 6. Joining two input tables (sales and revenue) and loading data to S3 bucket - as a csv

The screenshot displays the AWS Glue console interface for a job named 'Sales\_revenue\_join'. The 'Runs' tab is selected, showing a single successful run. Below the table, the 'Run details' section provides comprehensive information about the job's execution.

Run status	Retries	Start time (UTC)	End time (UTC)	Duration	Capacity (DPU/s)	Worker type	Glue version
Successful	0	2023/12/01 22:30:08	2023/12/01 22:31:04	47 s	2 DPUs	G.1X	4.0

Job name	Start time (UTC)	Glue version	Last modified on (UTC)
Sales_revenue_join	December 01, 2023 10:30:08 PM	4.0	December 01, 2023 10:31:04 PM

Id	End time (UTC)	Worker type	Log group name
r_2c7af9182bc34d0b01756654b2597a499a44c30365cdx687ec5c1b7368a8abde	December 01, 2023 10:31:04 PM	G.1X	/aws-glue/jobs

Run status	Start-up time	Max capacity	Number of workers
Successful	8 seconds	2 DPUs	2

Retry attempt number	Execution time	Execution class	Timeout
Initial run	47 seconds	Standard	4 minutes

Trigger name	Security configuration	Cloudwatch logs
-	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>All logs</li><li>Output logs</li><li>Error logs</li></ul>

Job by default writes to multiple csv parallelly. This feature is disabled by updating the job script and only one csv is obtained

## 7. ETL job output as seen in s3 bucket

The screenshot shows the Amazon S3 console interface for the bucket 'dwbjlorj-data'. The 'output/' folder is selected, and the 'Objects' tab is active. A single object is listed, representing the output of the ETL job.

Name	Type	Last modified	Size	Storage class
run-1701469843521-part-r-00000	-	December 1, 2023, 17:30:53 (UTC-05:00)	1.2 KB	Standard