Please answer the following questions using Airline DB database.

### Instruction to attempt questions:

- Students need to write queries for the questions mentioned in the using Airline DB database
- Read the questions carefully before writing the query in Airline Playground (in the Playground chapter of SQL)
- Airline DB: <a href="https://www.skillovilla.com/playground/sql?exerciseId=0181e251-6ea8-4595-ae2b-0c690119f8db">https://www.skillovilla.com/playground/sql?exerciseId=0181e251-6ea8-4595-ae2b-0c690119f8db</a>

# How to submit the capstone:

- Copy the SQL query code and paste it in the answer section in this file.
- Once the assignment is done, submit the file over LMS.

#### **Invalid Submissions:**

- Pasting pictures of the code as answer is NOT acceptable.
- Uploading output data (CSVs) of the SQL queries is NOT acceptable.

Write your answers(query) in the answer and submit it. To write the answer in the assignment, please follow the below example in yellow

Example:

Questions: Extract all the columns of the flights table

Answer: SELECT \* FROM flights

#### Attempt the following Questions-

1. Represent the "book\_date" column in "yyyy-mmm-dd" format using Bookings table

Expected output: book\_ref, book\_date (in "yyyy-mmm-dd" format), total amount

#### **Answer:**

select

book ref,

to\_char(book\_date,'yyyy-mmm-dd') as book\_date,

total amount

from bookings;

2. Get the following columns in the exact same sequence.

Expected columns in the output: ticket\_no, boarding\_no, seat\_number, passenger\_id, passenger\_name.

#### **Answer:**

```
select
bs.ticket_no,
bs.boarding_no,
bs.seat_no,
t.passenger_id,
t.passenger_name
from boarding_passes bs
join tickets t
on t.ticket_no=bs.ticket_no;
```

3. Write a query to find the seat number which is least allocated among all the seats?

### **Answer:**

```
select
min(seat_no) as least_allocated_seat
from seats;
```

4. In the database, identify the month wise highest paying passenger name and passenger id.

Expected output: Month\_name("mmm-yy" format), passenger\_id, passenger\_name and total amount

```
with t1 as (
select
to_char(b.book_date,'mmm-yy') as month,
t.passenger_id,
t.passenger_name,
b.total_amount
from bookings b
join tickets t
```

```
on t.book_ref=b.book_ref
),
t2 as (
    select *,
    rank() over(partition by month order by total_amount desc) as rank
    from t1
)
select
month,
passenger_id,
passenger_name,
total_amount
from t2
where rank=1
order by month;
```

5. In the database, identify the month wise least paying passenger name and passenger id?

Expected output: Month\_name("mmm-yy" format), passenger\_id, passenger\_name and total amount

```
with t1 as (
select
to_char(b.book_date,'mmm-yy') as month,
t.passenger_id,
t.passenger_name,
b.total_amount
from bookings b
join tickets t
on t.book_ref=b.book_ref
```

```
),
t2 as (
    select *,
    rank() over(partition by month order by total_amount asc) as rank
    from t1
)
select
month,
passenger_id,
passenger_name,
total_amount
from t2
where rank=1
order by month;
```

6. Identify the travel details of non stop journeys or return journeys (having more than 1 flight).

Expected Output: Passenger\_id, passenger\_name, ticket\_number and flight count.

```
select
t.passenger_id,
t.passenger_name,
t.ticket_no,
count(f.flight_id) as flight_count
from tickets t
join ticket_flights tf
on tf.ticket_no=t.ticket_no
join flights f
on f.flight_id=tf.flight_id
group by 1,2,3
having count(f.flight_id)>1
```

7. How many tickets are there without boarding passes? Expected Output: just one number is required.

# **Answer:**

```
select
count(ticket_no)
from boarding_passes
where boarding_no is null
```

**8. Identify details of the longest flight (using flights table)?** Expected Output: Flight number, departure airport, arrival airport, aircraft code and durations.

# Answer:

```
select
flight_no,
departure_airport,
arrival_airport,
aircraft_code,
max(actual_arrival-actual_departure) as flight_duration
from flights
group by 1,2,3,4
```

9. Identify details of all the morning flights (morning means between 6AM to 11 AM, using flights table)?

Expected output: flight\_id, flight\_number, scheduled\_departure, scheduled\_arrival and timings.

```
select
flight_id,
flight_no,
scheduled_departure,
scheduled_arrival,
to_char(scheduled_departure,'HH24:MI') as timings
from flights
```

where extract(hour from scheduled\_departure) between 6 and 10 order by scheduled\_departure;

# 10. Identify the earliest morning flight available from every airport.

Expected output: flight\_id, flight\_number, scheduled\_departure, scheduled\_arrival, departure airport and timings.

```
Answer:
```

```
with t1 as(
  select
flight_id,
flight_no,
scheduled_departure,
scheduled_arrival,
departure_airport,
to_char(scheduled_departure,'HH24:MI') as timings,
row_number() over(partition by departure_airport order by scheduled_departure) as rnk
from flights
where extract(hour from scheduled_departure) between 6 and 10
order by scheduled_departure)
select
flight_id,
flight_no,
scheduled_departure,
scheduled_arrival,
departure_airport,
timings
from t1
where rnk =1
order by departure_airport;
```

**11.** Questions: Find list of airport codes in Europe/Moscow timezone Expected Output: Airport\_code.

# Answer:

select

airport\_code

from airports

where timezone='Europe/Moscow'

**12.** Write a query to get the count of seats in various fare condition for every aircraft code? Expected Outputs: Aircraft\_code, fare\_conditions ,seat count

#### **Answer:**

select

aircraft\_code,

fare conditions,

count(seat\_no) as seat\_count

from seats

group by 1,2

13. How many aircrafts codes have at least one Business class seats?

Expected Output: Count of aircraft codes

#### **Answer:**

select

count(distinct aircraft code) as count of aircraft codes

from seats

where fare conditions='Business';

14. Find out the name of the airport having maximum number of departure flight

Expected Output : Airport\_name

#### **Answer:**

select

```
a.airport_name

from flights f

join airports a

on f.departure_airport=a.airport_code

group by a.airport_name

order by count(*) desc

limit 1;
```

# 15. Find out the name of the airport having least number of scheduled departure flights

Expected Output : Airport\_name

### **Answer:**

select

a.airport\_name

from flights f

join airports a

on f.departure\_airport=a.airport\_code

group by a.airport name

order by count(\*)

limit 1;

#### 16. How many flights from 'DME' airport don't have actual departure?

**Expected Output: Flight Count** 

#### **Answer:**

select

count(flight\_id) as flight\_count

from flights

where departure\_airport='DME' and actual\_departure is null;

#### 17. Identify flight ids having range between 3000 to 6000

Expected Output: Flight\_Number, aircraft\_code, ranges

# **Answer:**

select

f.flight no,

```
a.aircraft_code,
a.range
from aircrafts a
join flights f
on a.aircraft_code=f.aircraft_code
where range between 3000 and 6000;
```

18. Write a query to get the count of flights flying between URS and KUF?

Expected Output : Flight\_count

#### **Answer:**

select

count(flight\_id) as flight\_count

from flights

where departure\_airport='URS' and arrival\_airport='KUF';

19. Write a query to get the count of flights flying from either from NOZ or KRR?

Expected Output: Flight count

#### **Answer:**

select

count(flight\_id) as flight\_count

from flights

where departure airport in('NOZ','KRR');

**20.** Write a query to get the count of flights flying from KZN,DME,NBC,NJC,GDX,SGC,VKO,ROV Expected Output: Departure airport ,count of flights flying from these airports.

### **Answer:**

select

departure\_airport,

count(flight\_id) count\_of\_flights

```
from flights
where departure_airport in ('KZN','DME','NBC','NJC','GDX','SGC','VKO','ROV')
group by 1
order by departure_airport;
```

# 21. Write a query to extract flight details having range between 3000 and 6000 and flying from DME

Expected Output :Flight\_no,aircraft\_code,range,departure\_airport

# Answer:

select

f.flight\_no,

a.aircraft\_code,

a.range,

f.departure\_airport

from aircrafts a

join flights f

on f.aircraft\_code=a.aircraft\_code

where range between 3000 and 6000 and departure\_airport='DME'

# 22. Find the list of flight ids which are using aircrafts from "Airbus" company and got cancelled or delayed

Expected Output : Flight\_id,aircraft\_model

#### Answer:

select

f.flight\_id,

a.model

from flights f

join aircrafts a

on a.aircraft\_code=f.aircraft\_code

where model like '%Airbus%' and status in ('Cancelled','Delayed');

# 23. Find the list of flight ids which are using aircrafts from "Boeing" company and got cancelled or delayed

Expected Output: Flight\_id,aircraft\_model

#### **Answer:**

select

f.flight\_id,

a.model

from flights f

join aircrafts a

on a.aircraft\_code=f.aircraft\_code

where model like '%Boeing%' and status in ('Cancelled','Delayed');

### 24. Which airport(name) has most cancelled flights (arriving)?

Expected Output : Airport\_name

#### Answer:

select
a.airport\_name
from flights f
join airports a
on f.arrival\_airport=a.airport\_code
where f.status = 'Cancelled'
group by a.airport\_name
order by count(\*) desc
limit 1;

# 25. Identify flight ids which are using "Airbus aircrafts"

Expected Output : Flight\_id,aircraft\_model

# **Answer:**

select

f.flight id,

a.model

from flights f

join aircrafts a

on a.aircraft code=f.aircraft code

where model like '%Airbus%';

# 26. Identify date-wise last flight id flying from every airport?

Expected Output: Flight\_id,flight\_number,schedule\_departure,departure\_airport

#### **Answer:**

```
with t1 as(
  select
flight_id,
flight_no,
scheduled_departure,
departure_airport,
row_number() over(partition by departure_airport, DATE(scheduled_departure) order by
scheduled_departure desc) as rnk
from flights)
select
flight id,
flight no,
scheduled_departure,
departure_airport
from t1
where rnk = 1
order by departure_airport,
scheduled_departure;
```

27. Identify list of customers who will get the refund due to cancellation of the flights and how much amount they will get?

Expected Output: Passenger\_name,total\_refund.

#### **Answer:**

select

```
t.passenger_name,
sum(b.total_amount) as total_refund
from tickets t
join bookings b
on b.book_ref=t.book_ref
join ticket_flights tf
on tf.ticket_no=t.ticket_no
join flights f
on tf.flight_id=f.flight_id
where f.status='Cancelled'
group by 1
order by 2 desc;
```

**28.** *Identify date wise first cancelled flight id flying for every airport?*Expected Output: Flight\_id,flight\_number,schedule\_departure,departure\_airport

```
with t1 as(
select
flight_id,
flight_no,
scheduled_departure,
departure_airport,
row_number() over(partition by departure_airport,DATE(scheduled_departure) order by
scheduled_departure) as rnk
from flights
where status='Cancelled'
)
select
flight_id,
flight_no,
scheduled_departure,
```

departure\_airport
from t1
where rnk = 1
order by scheduled\_departure,
departure\_airport;

# 29. Identify list of Airbus flight ids which got cancelled.

Expected Output : Flight\_id

# Answer:

select

f.flight\_id

from flights f

join aircrafts a

on a.aircraft\_code=f.aircraft\_code

where a.model like '%Airbus%' and f.status='Cancelled';

# 30. Identify list of flight ids having highest range.

Expected Output : Flight\_no, range

# Answer:

select

f.flight no,

max(a.range) as range

from flights f

join aircrafts a

on f.aircraft\_code=a.aircraft\_code

group by 1

order by 2 desc