Testing PLC Software with Symbolic Execution

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Here: IEC 61131-3 ST

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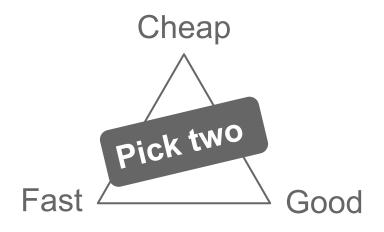
Motivation

Testing Software Is Easy.

Testing Software Well Is Hard.



Testing Software Well Is Harder.



Manual tests

Verification

Highly applicable

Computation scales well

Comput. scales badly

Quality scales badly

Low assurance

High assurance

High assurance

Manual tests

Verification

Highly applicable

Computation scales well

Quality scales badly

Quality scales well

Low assurance

Limited by avail. theory

Comput. scales badly

Quality scales well

High assurance

Manual tests

Verification

Model-based testing sweet spot

What if there is no model?





What if there is no model?

Supplement MBT with symbolic execution!

Symbolic execution recap.

```
f(int x, int y) {
    int z = 0;
    assume(x,y>=0)
    if(x>y) {
        z = x+y;
    } else {
        z = x-y;
    }
    assert(...)
}
```

Explicit-state model checking

Manual testing

$$\begin{vmatrix} x=u \\ y=v \\ z=u-v \end{vmatrix} \mid v \ge u \begin{vmatrix} x=u \\ y=v \\ z=u+v \end{vmatrix} \mid u$$

 $|_{u>v}$ Symbolic execution

Problem statement

Adapt SymEx methods to PLC software. Focus today: Error handling.

Problem statement

Adapt SymEx methods to PLC software. Focus today: Error handling.

There are challenges!

```
Example : Example;
(IN := ( Challenges
```

```
VAR GLOBAL
FUNCTION BLOCK Example
                                     SensorA : BOOL;
VAR
                                     SensorB : REAL;
  Step1 : TON;
                                     B: BOOL;
  Step2 : TON;
                                     Run: BOOL
END VAR
                                     Error : BOOL;
                                     Example : Example;
                                   END VAR
                                   BEGIN PROGRAM
IF Run THEN
                                       RUN := TRUE;
  Step1(IN := (NOT SensorA);
                                       Ex();
        PT := t#100ms);
                                   END_PROGRAM
  IF (Step1.Q OR Step2.Q) THEN
    Error := TRUE;
                                   // Specification:
  END IF
                                   // When in Run mode, SensorB
  B := SensorB > 0.55;
                                   // must reach > 0.55 (B = TRUE)
  IF SensorA THEN
                                   // within at most 100ms.
    Step2(IN := B;
                                   // If this is not the case,
          PT := t#50ms);
                                   // an Error must be signaled
  END IF
                                   // within 50ms
END IF
END FUNCTION BLOCK
```

```
VAR GLOBAL
FUNCTION BLOCK Example
                                    SensorB: REAL; Sensor data
VAR
 Step1 : TON;
                                    B : BOOL;
  Step2 : TON;
            Time-dependent
                                    Run: BOOL
END VAR
            data and control
                                    Error : BOOL;
                                    Example : Example;
                                  END VAR
             flow
                                  BEGIN PROGRAM
IF Run THEN
                                      RUN := TRUE;
  Step1(IN := (NOT SensorA);
                                      Ex();
        PT := t#100ms);
                                  END PROGRAM
  IF (Step1.Q OR Step2.Q) THEN
    Error := TRUE;
                                  // Specification:
  END IF
                                  // When in Run mode
  B := SensorB > 0.55;
                                  // Informal specifications
  IF SensorA THEN
    Step2(IN := B;
                                            is not the case,
          PT := t#50ms);
                                  // an Error must be signaled
  END IF
                                  // within 50ms
END IF
END FUNCTION BLOCK
```

Time dependency

Symbolic timestamps, Last-modified constraints

Temporal symbolic monitoring

Timed sequence diagrams (and MTL) over symbolic traces

Requirements and solution By example

Specification

Analysis

Insight

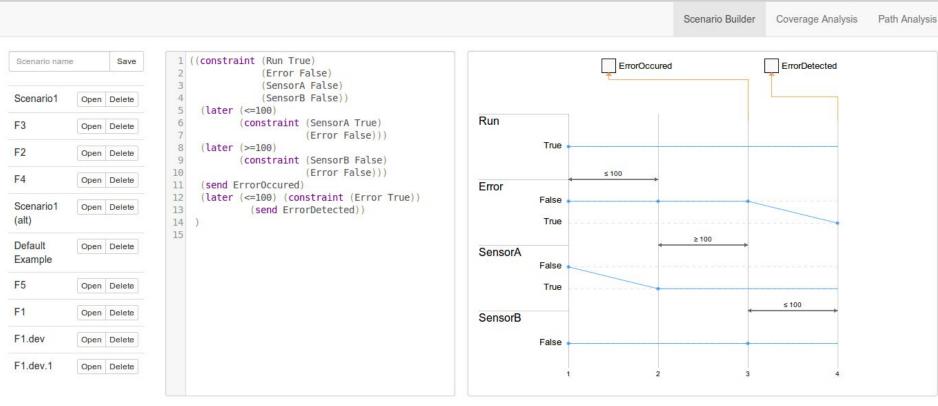
R₁: Simple specification language that makes sense to domain experts.

```
VAR GLOBAL
FUNCTION BLOCK Example
                                     SensorA : BOOL;
VAR
                                     SensorB : REAL;
  Step1 : TON;
                                     B: BOOL;
  Step2 : TON;
                                     Run: BOOL
END VAR
                                     Error : BOOL;
                                     Example : Example;
                                   END VAR
                                   BEGIN PROGRAM
IF Run THEN
                                       RUN := TRUE;
  Step1(IN := (NOT SensorA);
                                       Ex();
        PT := t#100ms);
                                   END PROGRAM
  IF (Step1.Q OR Step2.Q) THEN
    Error := TRUE;
                                   // Specification:
  END IF
                                   // When in Run mode, SensorB
  B := SensorB > 0.55;
                                   // must reach > 0.55 (B = TRUE)
  IF SensorA THEN
                                   // after at most 100ms.
    Step2(IN := B;
                                   // If this is not the case,
          PT := t#50ms);
                                   // an Error must be signaled
  END IF
                                   // within 50ms
END IF
END_FUNCTION_BLOCK
```

constr ::= Boolean+LA formulae over program variables
global-var ::= Global variables

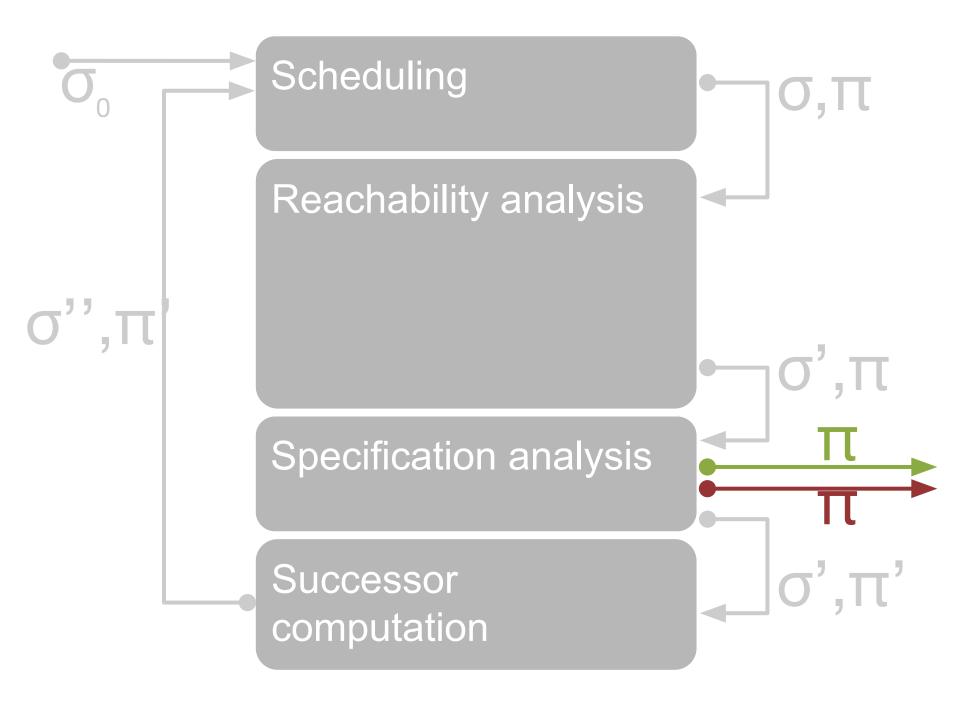
```
may
                                    // When in Run mode, SensorB
    delay(>=0ms){
                                    // must reach > 0.55 (B = TRUE)
        constraint(Run & !B) {
                                    // after at most 100ms.
          delay(>=100ms){}
                                    // If this is not the case,
                                    // an Error must be signaled
                                    // within 50ms
must {
    within(<=50ms){</pre>
       message(Error)
                                       Error
             ≥ 100ms
                           ≤ 50ms
Run
В
```

Scenario based specification



Your input parsed just fine :)

R₂: Automatic search for test cases that the software passes/fails w.r.t the given specification.



```
A: IF Run THEN
                                       may {
     Step1(IN := (NOT SensorA);
                                          delay(>=0ms){
C:
                                              constraint(Run & !B) {
           PT := t#100ms);
D:
     IF (Step1.Q OR Step2.Q) THEN
                                                delay(>=100ms){}
E:
       Error := TRUE;
F: END_IF
G: B := SensorB > 0.55;
H: IF SensorA THEN
                                       must {
       Step2(IN :=B;
                                          within(<=50ms){
J:
             PT := t#50ms);
                                             message(Error)
K:
     END IF
   END IF
```

Memory state transition

Temporal transition

Constraint generation

Memory state transition

Temporal

transition

Constraint generation

Memory state transition

Temporal

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Memory state transition

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Temporal

transition

Constraint generation

Memory state transition

Temporal transition

Constraint generation

SMT query

SMT query to Z3: SAT(C'')?

```
A: IF Run THEN
                                       may {
     Step1(IN := (NOT SensorA);
                                          delay(>=0ms){
C:
                                              constraint(Run & !B) {
           PT := t#100ms);
D:
     IF (Step1.Q OR Step2.Q) THEN
                                                delay(>=100ms){}
E:
       Error := TRUE;
F: END_IF
G: B := SensorB > 0.55;
H: IF SensorA THEN
                                       must {
       Step2(IN :=B;
                                          within(<=50ms){
J:
             PT := t#50ms);
                                             message(Error)
K:
     END IF
   END IF
```

Successor computation

Control flow automaton

Specification automaton

```
H: IF SensorA THEN ..

delay(>=100ms){}

(t: t<sub>2</sub>
Run: vRun<sub>0</sub>, tvRun<sub>0</sub>
B: vB<sub>1</sub>, tvB<sub>1</sub>
SensorB:vSB<sub>0</sub>, tvSB<sub>0</sub>
```

Successor computation

Control flow automaton

Specification automaton

R₃: Analysis results and test cases are clearly presented and their meaning quantified.

Coverage analysis



```
IF(Run) THEN
    Step1(IN := NOT SensorA, PT := t#100ms) 3
    IF(Step1.Q OR Step2.Q) THEN
        Error := TRUE
    END_IF
    B := SensorB > 0.55
    IF (SensorA) THEN
        Step2(IN := B; PT := t#50ms) 1
    END_IF
END_IF
END_IF
```

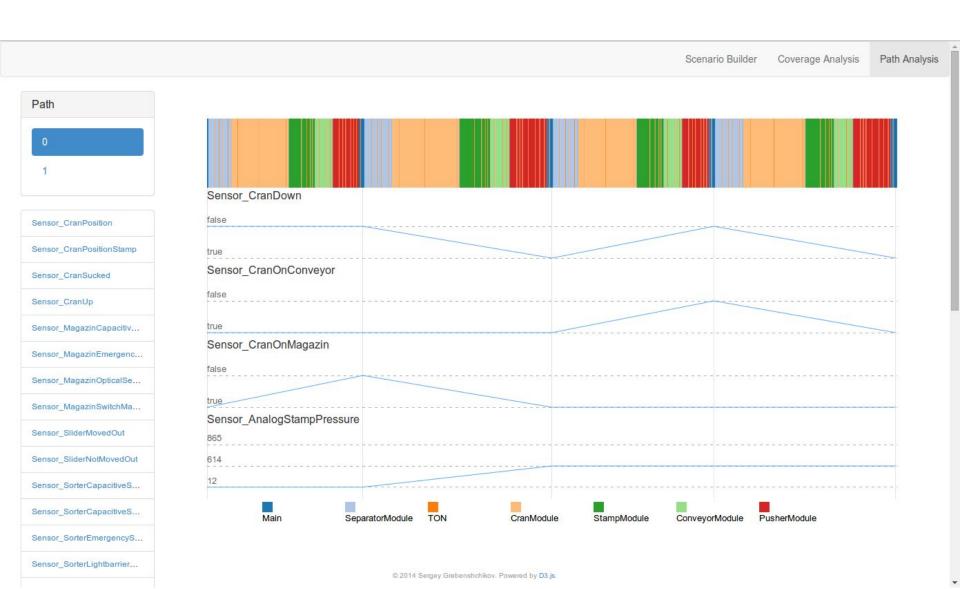
```
may 1 {
    delay(>=0ms) 1 {
        constraint(Run & !B) 1 {
        delay(>=100ms) { 292 }
    }
}
must 1 {
    within(<=50ms) 35 {
    message(Error)
    }
}</pre>
```

Scenario Builder

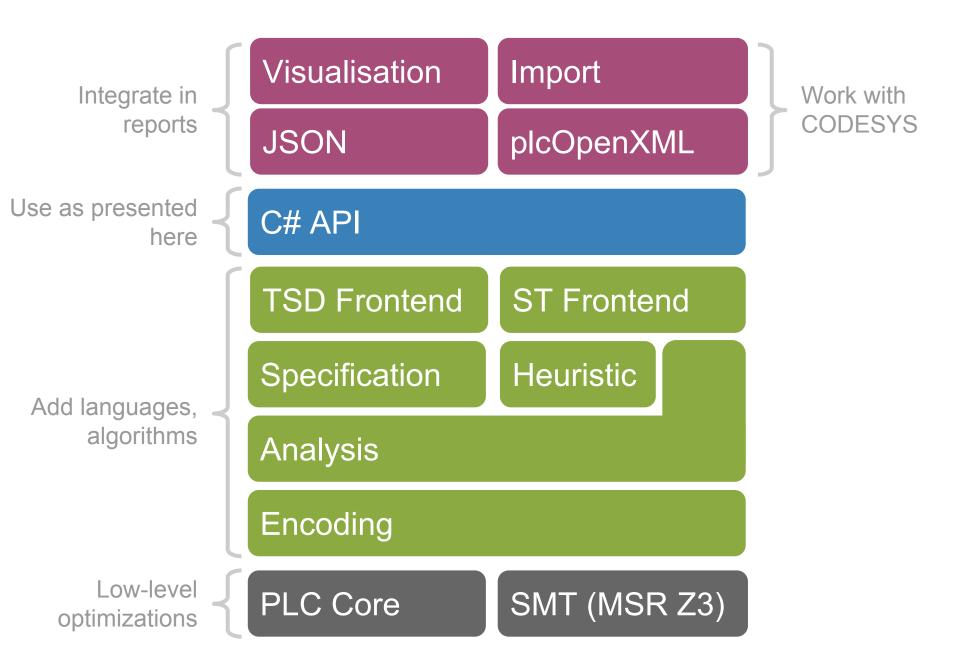
Path Analysis

Coverage Analysis

Path visualisation



R₄: An extensible library that can be used in other tools and customized.



Summary

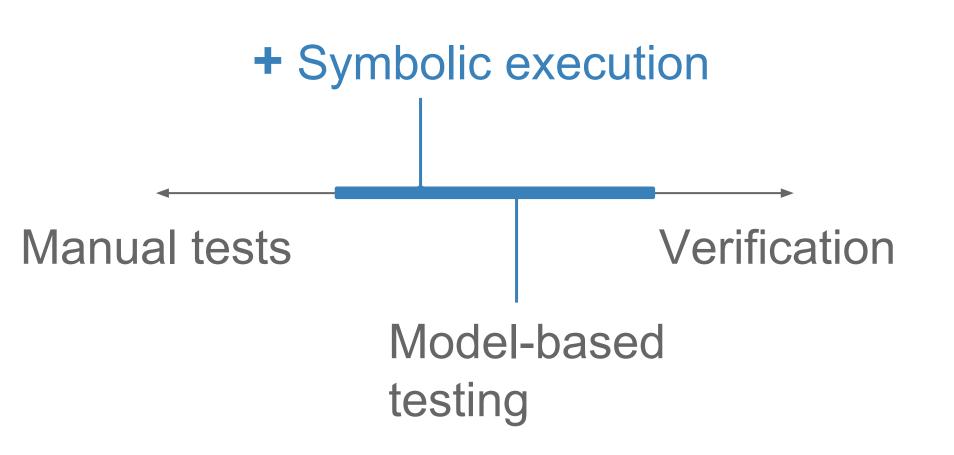
SymEx is a success story in desktop software, not yet adopted for PLC.

SymEx is a valuable companion technique to MBT.

We adapted SymEx to the requirements of real-time PLC software.

We built the first ever SymEx engine for the IEC 61131-3.

You can use it as a library in your own tools today.



Backup Slides

