Answers to DVD Viewer Guides

Answers to DVD Viewer Guide Session 1

The number one predictor of a person's <u>spiritual</u> <u>health</u> is whether or not they read the Bible on a daily basis.

16 percent of churchgoers read the Bible every day.

37 percent say that Bible reading and study have made a significant difference in the way they live their lives.

Listen

We can't <u>understand</u> what we don't hear.

Understand

We cannot live what we don't understand.

- I. Have a readable translation.
- 2. Have good tools.

Respond

The goal is not just knowledge but to apply Scripture to our lives so we will make a difference.

"Apply yourself wholly to the Scriptures."

"Apply the Scriptures wholly to yourself."

Two Kinds of Space

- 1. <u>Life</u> space
- 2. Heart space

Context

The circumstances that form the <u>setting</u> for a passage of Scripture by which that passage of Scripture can be rightly understood

Four Kinds of Context

I. Historical

Historical events in the biblical era, either events recorded in the pages of Scripture or events that form the backdrop for the biblical story

2. Cultural

<u>Attitudes</u>, patterns of <u>behavior</u>, or expressions of a particular society that affect our understanding of a passage

Bible-study tools:

- Study Bible
- Bible dictionary
- Backgrounds commentary

3. Literary

How a passage <u>fits</u> and/or <u>functions</u> in a book, a group of books, or the Bible as a whole

4.Theological

How a topic fits in the tapestry of theological themes in the Bible

Our context affects the way we read the Bible.

The Old Testament was the <u>Bible</u> for Jesus and the early church.

Reasons to Read the Old Testament

- 1. The Old Testament is God's Word to us.
- 2. The Old Testament is <u>unfamiliar</u>.
- 3. We can't make sense of the <u>New Testament</u> without understanding the Old Testament.
- 4. The Old Testament has rich <u>perspective</u> on who God is and who we are as people.

Approximately 40 percent of the Old Testament is in story form.

How to Read the Old Testament Stories

- 1. Ask questions about the <u>purpose</u> of the story.
 - What kind of God is God?
 - What does God <u>value</u>?
 - What was God's intention?
 - Who are we?

Covenant: a meaningful agreement between God and human beings

- 2. Notice the <u>details</u> of the story.
- 3. Learn from the characters.
- 4. See God as the main hero of the Old Testament story.
- 5. The smaller stories make up a grand story.

How to Read the Law

Where does the law fit in the story? How does it relate to God's covenant?

Act I: God's plan for all people

Act 2: God's <u>covenant</u> people

The law teaches a covenant people how to live well for God.

The law provides a means of forgiveness when they fail.

How do we as Christians read the law?

- 1. Are there direct <u>commands</u> that are emphasized in the New Testament?
- 2. Has the New Testament shown the law to be no longer directly applicable?
- 3. What are the principles behind this law that reflect God's values?

How to Read the Prophets

Where do the Prophets fit into the story? How do they relate to the covenant?

- I. A call to covenant <u>faithfulness</u>
- 2. <u>Judgment</u> is coming if you don't respond.
- 3. <u>Hope</u> of a future

How do we as Christians read the Prophets?

- 1. What does it mean to love God with covenant faithfulness?
- 2. What are my idols?
- 3. Address injustice and lack of concern for the poor.
- 4. God still calls us to repentance.
- 5. What is God's kingdom vision for the future?

Guidelines for Reading the Psalms

1. Understand the various <u>functions</u> of the psalms.

Three ways psalms help us:

- They give <u>expression</u> to my thoughts and prayers.
- They help me reflect on God and on life.
- They form my thinking about God and life.
- 2. Embrace the <u>figurative</u> <u>language</u> of the psalms.

What truth or <u>experience</u> is being described through this word picture?

3. Understand the structure.

Parallelism: a line that is <u>repeated</u> in some way

4. Use the psalms in prayer to express a range of emotions and life experiences.

Three Ways to Use Psalms in Your Prayer Life

- 1. Worship
- 2. Petition
- 3. Lament

Sixty percent of the New Testament is in story form.

Keys to Reading the New Testament Stories

I. Understand the <u>cultural</u> <u>context</u> of the story.

Bible-study tools:

- Study Bible
- Bible dictionary
- Backgrounds commentary
- Bible <u>commentaries</u>
- 2. Understand how the story books of the New Testament work.
- 3. The Gospel writers arranged their stories to emphasize certain points.
- 4. What does this story tell me about <u>lesus</u>?
- 5. Read the crucifixion and resurrection as the <u>climax</u> of the story.

How to Read Jesus' Teaching

- 1. Jesus' teaching is often organized according to main themes.
- 2. Jesus' teaching revolves around a central message.

All the teaching of Jesus comes together around the idea of the kingdom of God.

- 3. Jesus' message was communicated through a variety of methods.
 - Jesus used object lessons in His teaching.
 - Jesus used drama in His teaching.
 - Jesus used figures of speech in His teaching.
 - Jesus used <u>parables</u> in His teaching.

A parable is a story that is set alongside a <u>spiritual</u> <u>truth</u> in order to focus on that spiritual truth.

4. Jesus' teaching has a primary goal: discipleship.

How to Read the New Testament Letters

- 1. Understand the historical <u>situation</u> or occasion of the letter.
- 2. Understand the <u>structure</u> of the letter.
- 3. Move from culture to culture thoughtfully.

Three Forms of Literature in Revelation

- I. Letter
- 2. Prophecy
- 3. Apocalyptic

Guidelines for Reading Revelation

- I. Read in light of the original audience.
- 2. Study the use of symbols.
 - Pay attention when John interprets a symbol.
 - Read in light of the Old Testament.
 - Utilize a good commentary.
- 3. Understand how <u>relevant</u> Revelation is for today.

- 1. Work personal reading of the Bible into your daily schedule.
 - Read <u>broadly</u> and meditate <u>prayerfully</u>.
 - Have realistic goals and a good plan.
 - Have a consistent time and place.
 - Have good tools and a pen in hand.
 - Live what you read.
- 2. Read the Bible with your family.
 - You are the primary <u>disciplers</u> of your children.
 - Have a pattern of Bible reading and listening.
 - How are you teaching your children the <u>big story</u> of Scripture?
- 3. Encounter the Bible as a part of the <u>church</u>.
 - Receive the Word preached as an act of worship.
 - Participate in small-group study as an act of community.
 - Encourage others in the Word as an act of ministry.

