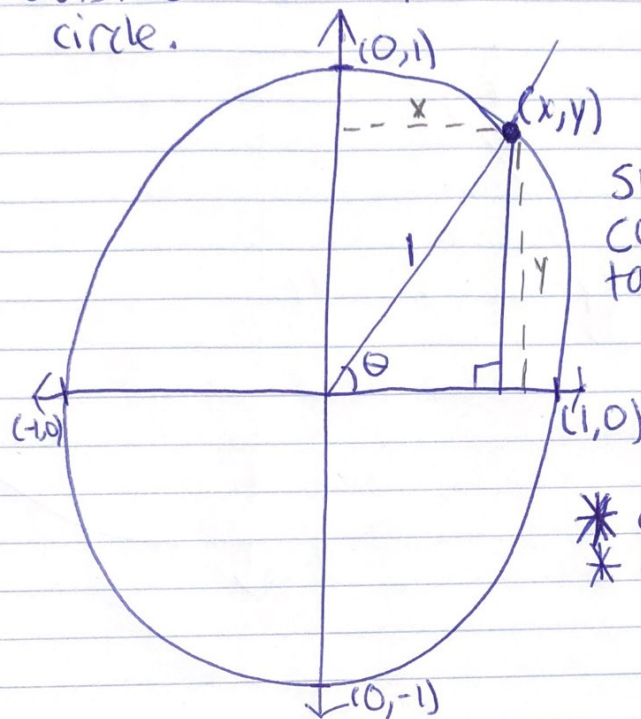



any line from the center of a circle to the outside of the circle equals the radius of the circle.



$$\begin{aligned}\sin(\theta) &= \frac{y}{1} \\ \cos(\theta) &= \frac{x}{1} \\ \tan(\theta) &= \frac{y}{x}\end{aligned}$$

* opposite to the angle
* adjacent to the angle

$$\begin{aligned}\text{soh} &\rightarrow \sin = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}} \\ \text{cah} &\rightarrow \cos = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}} \\ \text{toa} &\rightarrow \tan = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}}\end{aligned}$$

radius:  diameter: 