

Class 19: Pertussis Mini Project

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Table of contents

Background	1
The CMI-PB project	3
Focus on IgG	8
Differences between aP and wP?	9
Time course analysis	11
Time course of PT (Virulence Factor: Pertussis Toxin)	12
System Setup	13

Background

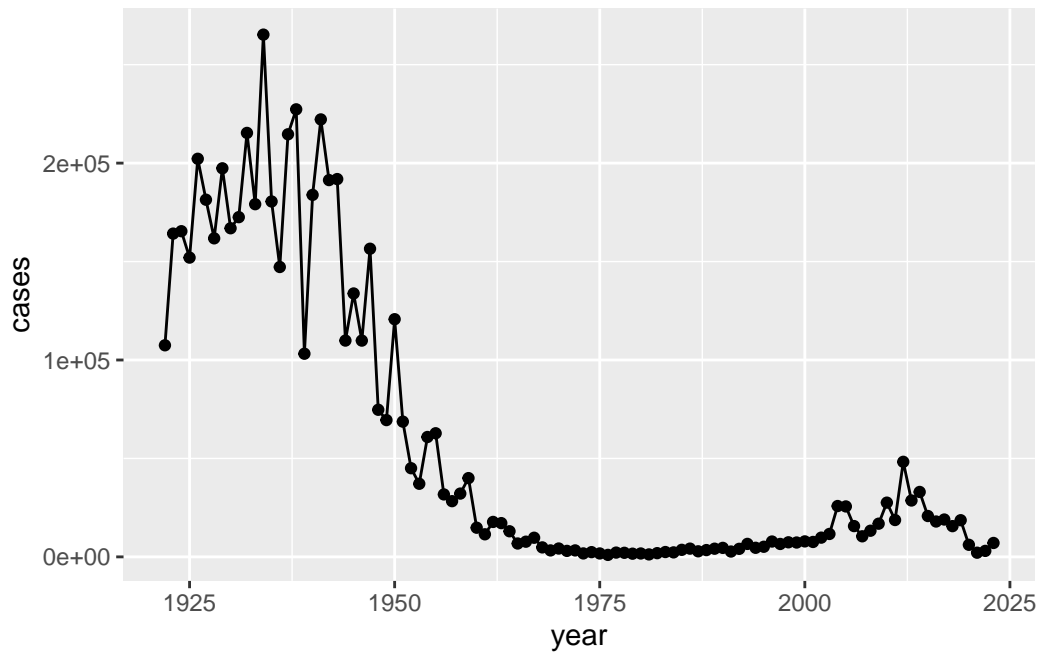
Pertussis AKA whooping cough is a highly infectious lung infection caused by the bacteria *B. Pertussis*.

The CDC tracks case numbers in the US and makes this data available online:

Q1. Make a plot of cases per year with ggplot:

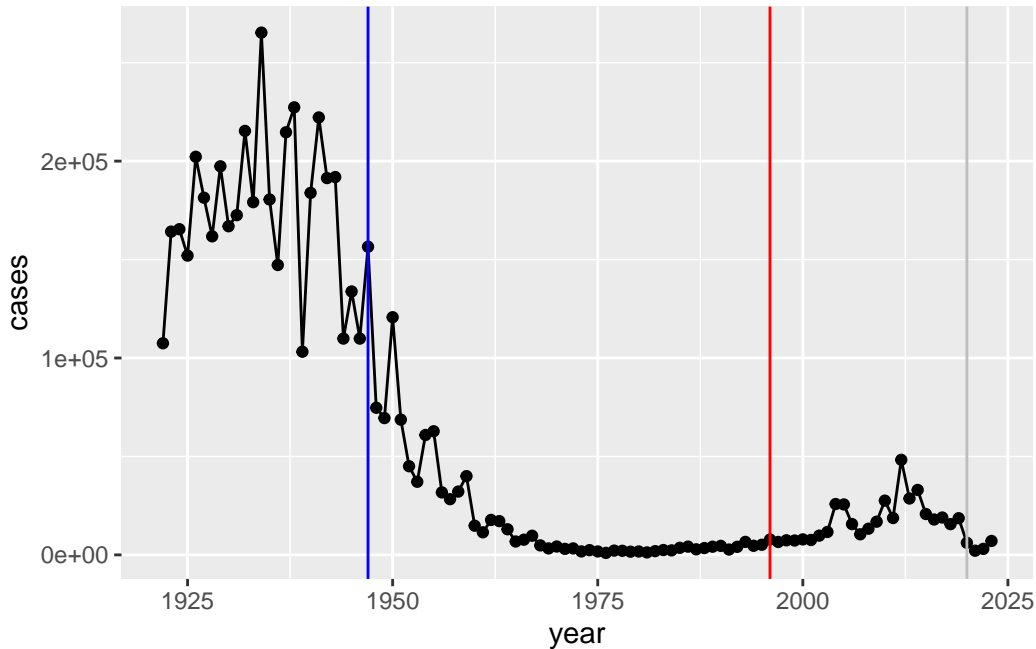
```
library(ggplot2)

ggplot(cdc) +
  aes(year, cases) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_line()
```



Q2. Add some annotation (lines on the plot) for some major milestones in our interaction with Pertussis. The original wP deployment in 1947 and the newer aP vaccine roll-out in 1996.

```
ggplot(cdc) +
  aes(year, cases) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_line() +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 1947, col="blue")+
  geom_vline(xintercept = 1996, col="red")+
  geom_vline(xintercept = 2020, col="gray")
```



Q3. Describe what happened after the introduction of the aP vaccine? Do you have a possible explanation for the observed trend?

The number of cases increases after the introduction of the aP vaccine. This could be because aP vaccine leads to waning immunity and requires a booster every 10 years, which people may not have been getting.

The CMI-PB project

The CMI-Pertussis Boost (PB) project focuses on gathering data on this very topic. What is distinct between aP and wP individuals over time when they encounter Pertussis again.

They make their data available in JSON format returning API. We can read this JSON format with the `read_json()` function from the **jsonlite** package.

```
library(jsonlite)
```

Warning: package 'jsonlite' was built under R version 4.5.2

```
subject <- read_json("http://cmi-pb.org/api/v5_1/subject", simplifyVector = TRUE)
```

```
head(subject)
```

	subject_id	infancy_vac	biological_sex	ethnicity	race
1	1	wP	Female	Not Hispanic or Latino	White
2	2	wP	Female	Not Hispanic or Latino	White
3	3	wP	Female	Unknown	White
4	4	wP	Male	Not Hispanic or Latino	Asian
5	5	wP	Male	Not Hispanic or Latino	Asian
6	6	wP	Female	Not Hispanic or Latino	White

	year_of_birth	date_of_boost	dataset
1	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset
2	1968-01-01	2019-01-28	2020_dataset
3	1983-01-01	2016-10-10	2020_dataset
4	1988-01-01	2016-08-29	2020_dataset
5	1991-01-01	2016-08-29	2020_dataset
6	1988-01-01	2016-10-10	2020_dataset

Q4. How many subjects (or individuals) are in this dataset?

```
nrow(subject)
```

```
[1] 172
```

Q5. How many wP and aP primed subjects are therein the dataset?

```
table(subject$infancy_vac)
```

```
aP wP
87 85
```

Q6. What is the biological sex and race breakdown of these subjects?

```
table(subject$race, subject$biological_sex)
```

	Female	Male
American Indian/Alaska Native	0	1
Asian	32	12
Black or African American	2	3
More Than One Race	15	4
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	1	1
Unknown or Not Reported	14	7
White	48	32

This data is not representative of the US population.

Let's read more tables from the CMI-PB database API.

```
specimen <- read_json("http://cmi-pb.org/api/v5_1/specimen", simplifyVector = TRUE)
ab_titer <- read_json("http://cmi-pb.org/api/v5_1/plasma_ab_titer", simplifyVector = TRUE)
```

```
head(specimen)
```

	specimen_id	subject_id	actual_day_relative_to_boost	
1	1	1	-3	
2	2	1	1	
3	3	1	3	
4	4	1	7	
5	5	1	11	
6	6	1	32	

	planned_day_relative_to_boost	specimen_type	visit
1	0	Blood	1
2	1	Blood	2
3	3	Blood	3
4	7	Blood	4
5	14	Blood	5
6	30	Blood	6

```
head(ab_titer)
```

	specimen_id	isotype	is_antigen_specific	antigen	MFI	MFI_normalised
1	1	IgE	FALSE	Total	1110.21154	2.493425
2	1	IgE	FALSE	Total	2708.91616	2.493425
3	1	IgG	TRUE	PT	68.56614	3.736992
4	1	IgG	TRUE	PRN	332.12718	2.602350
5	1	IgG	TRUE	FHA	1887.12263	34.050956
6	1	IgE	TRUE	ACT	0.10000	1.000000

	unit	lower_limit_of_detection
1	UG/ML	2.096133
2	IU/ML	29.170000
3	IU/ML	0.530000
4	IU/ML	6.205949
5	IU/ML	4.679535
6	IU/ML	2.816431

Join (or link, or merge) using the `inner_join()` function from **dplyr**.

```
library(dplyr)
```

Attaching package: 'dplyr'

The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

`filter`, `lag`

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

`intersect`, `setdiff`, `setequal`, `union`

```
meta <- inner_join(subject, specimen)
```

Joining with `by = join_by(subject_id)`

```
head(meta)
```

	subject_id	infancy_vac	biological_sex	ethnicity	race
1	1	wP	Female	Not Hispanic or Latino	White
2	1	wP	Female	Not Hispanic or Latino	White
3	1	wP	Female	Not Hispanic or Latino	White
4	1	wP	Female	Not Hispanic or Latino	White
5	1	wP	Female	Not Hispanic or Latino	White
6	1	wP	Female	Not Hispanic or Latino	White

	year_of_birth	date_of_boost	dataset	specimen_id
1	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	1
2	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	2
3	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	3
4	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	4
5	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	5
6	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	6

	actual_day_relative_to_boost	planned_day_relative_to_boost	specimen_type
1		-3	0 Blood
2		1	1 Blood
3		3	3 Blood
4		7	7 Blood

5		11		14	Blood
6		32		30	Blood
	visit				
1	1				
2	2				
3	3				
4	4				
5	5				
6	6				

```
ab_data <- inner_join(meta, ab_titer)
```

Joining with `by = join_by(specimen_id)`

```
head(ab_titer)
```

	specimen_id	isotype	is_antigen_specific	antigen	MFI	MFI_normalised
1	1	IgE	FALSE	Total	1110.21154	2.493425
2	1	IgE	FALSE	Total	2708.91616	2.493425
3	1	IgG	TRUE	PT	68.56614	3.736992
4	1	IgG	TRUE	PRN	332.12718	2.602350
5	1	IgG	TRUE	FHA	1887.12263	34.050956
6	1	IgE	TRUE	ACT	0.10000	1.000000
	unit	lower_limit_of_detection				
1	UG/ML	2.096133				
2	IU/ML	29.170000				
3	IU/ML	0.530000				
4	IU/ML	6.205949				
5	IU/ML	4.679535				
6	IU/ML	2.816431				

Q7. How many different Ab isotypes are there?

```
unique(ab_data$isotype)
```

```
[1] "IgE" "IgG" "IgG1" "IgG2" "IgG3" "IgG4"
```

Q8. How many different antigens are there in the dataset?

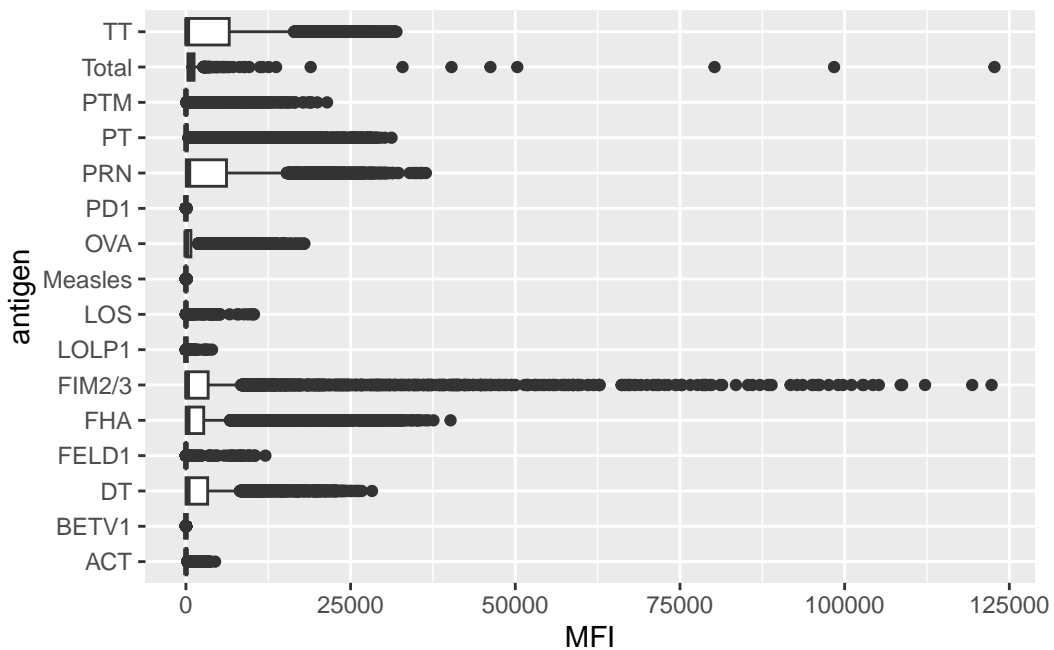
```
unique(ab_data$antigen)
```

```
[1] "Total"  "PT"     "PRN"    "FHA"    "ACT"    "LOS"    "FELD1"
[8] "BETV1"  "LOLP1"  "Measles" "PTM"    "FIM2/3" "TT"     "DT"
[15] "OVA"    "PD1"
```

Let's plot antigen MFI levels across the whole dataset.

```
ggplot(ab_data)+
  aes(MFI, antigen)+
  geom_boxplot()
```

Warning: Removed 1 row containing non-finite outside the scale range (`stat_boxplot()`).



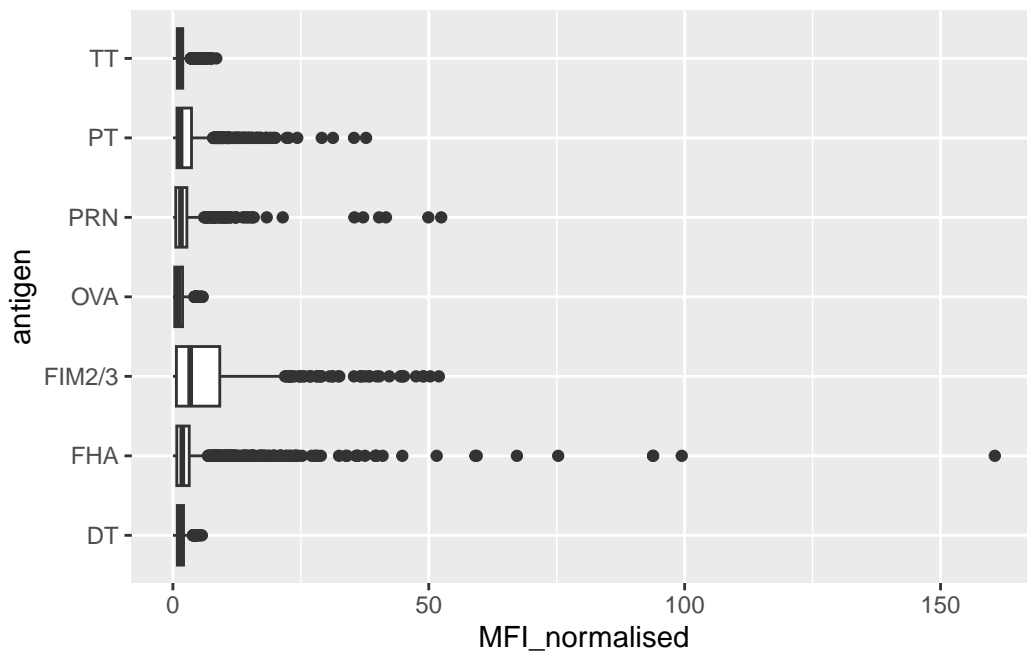
Focus on IgG

IgG is crucial for long-term immunity and responding to bacterial and viral infections


```
igg <- ab_data |>
  filter(isotype == "IgG")
```

Plot of antigen levels again but only for IgG

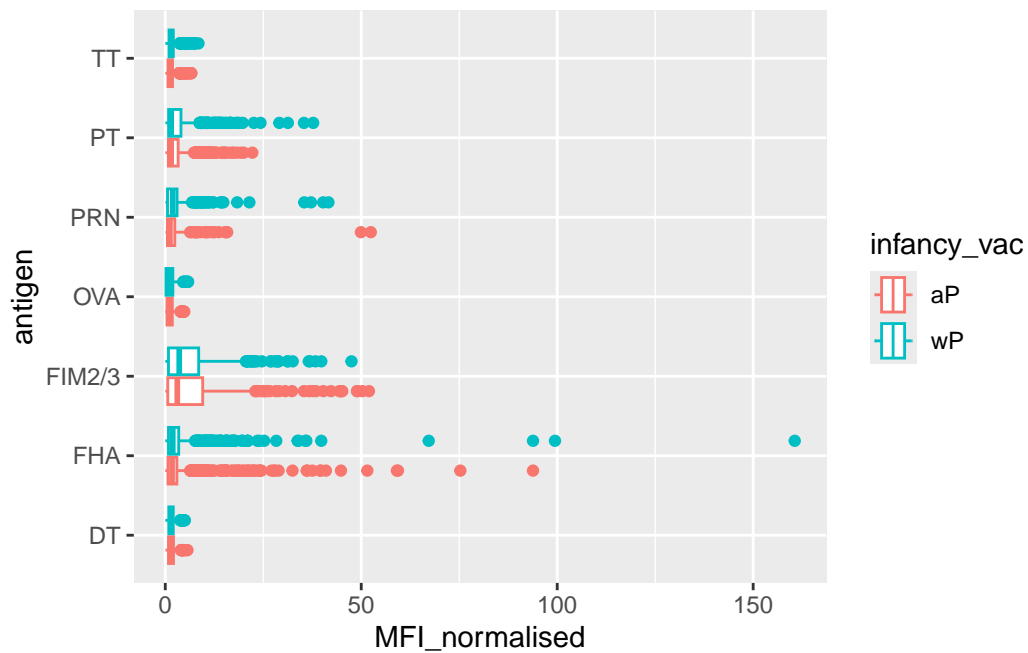
```
ggplot(igg)+
  aes(MFI_normalised, antigen)+
  geom_boxplot()
```



Differences between aP and wP?

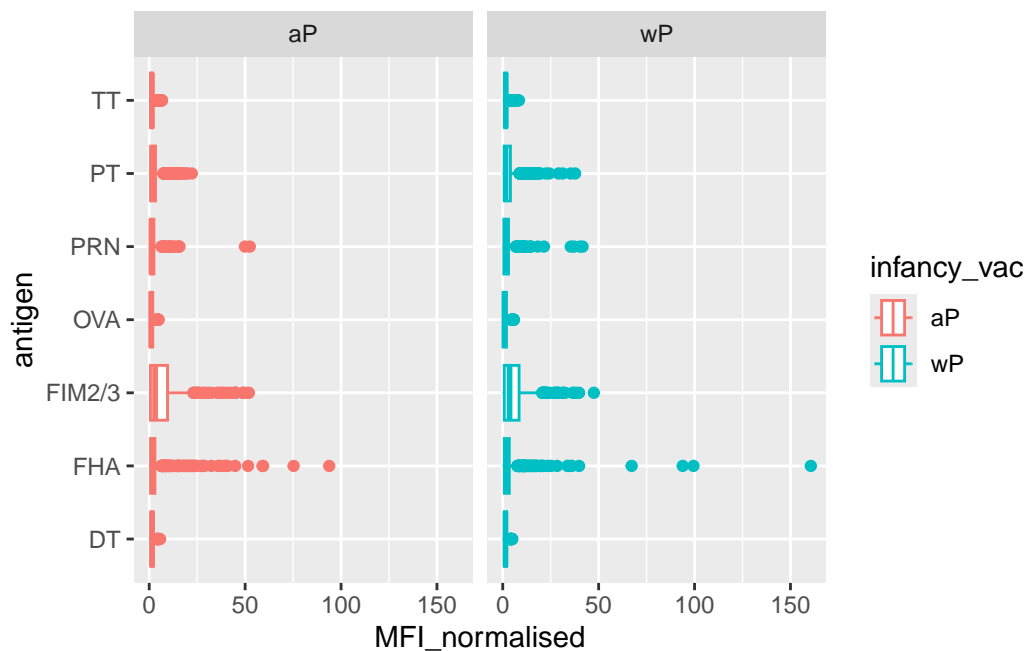
We can color up by the infancy_vac values of “wP” or “aP”

```
ggplot(igg)+
  aes(MFI_normalised, antigen, col=infancy_vac)+
  geom_boxplot()
```



We can also “facet” by the “aP” vs “wP” column

```
ggplot(igg)+
  aes(MFI_normalised, antigen, col=infancy_vac)+
  geom_boxplot()+
  facet_wrap(~infancy_vac)
```



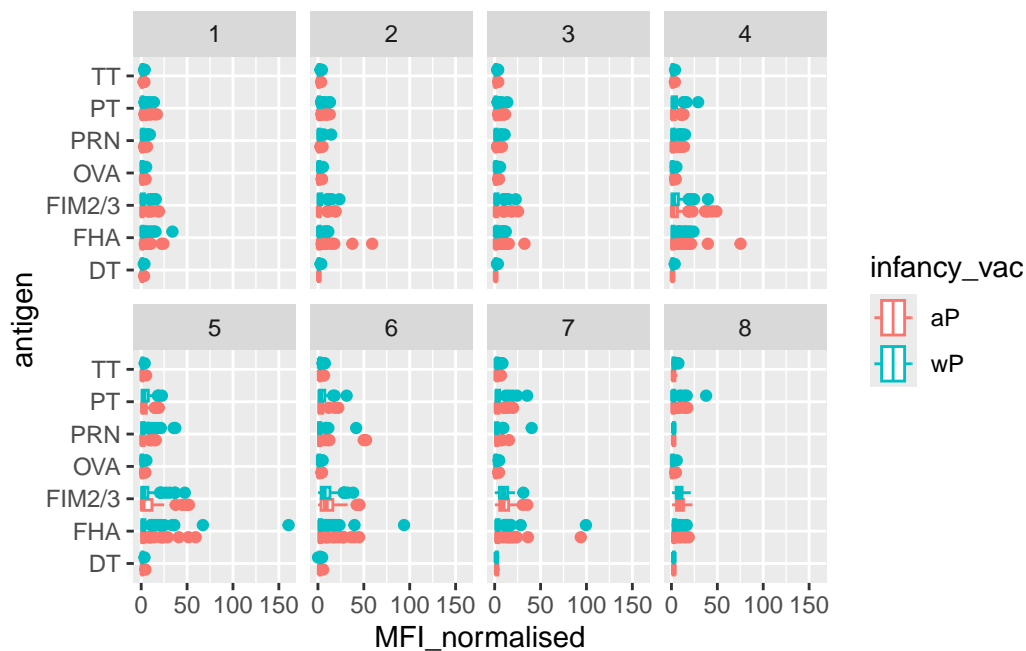
Time course analysis

We can use `visit` as a proxy for time here and facet our plots by this value 1 to 8...

```
table(ab_data$visit)
```

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
8280	8280	8420	8420	8420	8100	7700	2670	770	686	105	105

```
igg |>
  filter(visit %in% 1:8) |>
  ggplot()+
    aes(MFI_normalised, antigen, col=infancy_vac)+
    geom_boxplot()+
    facet_wrap(~visit, nrow=2)
```

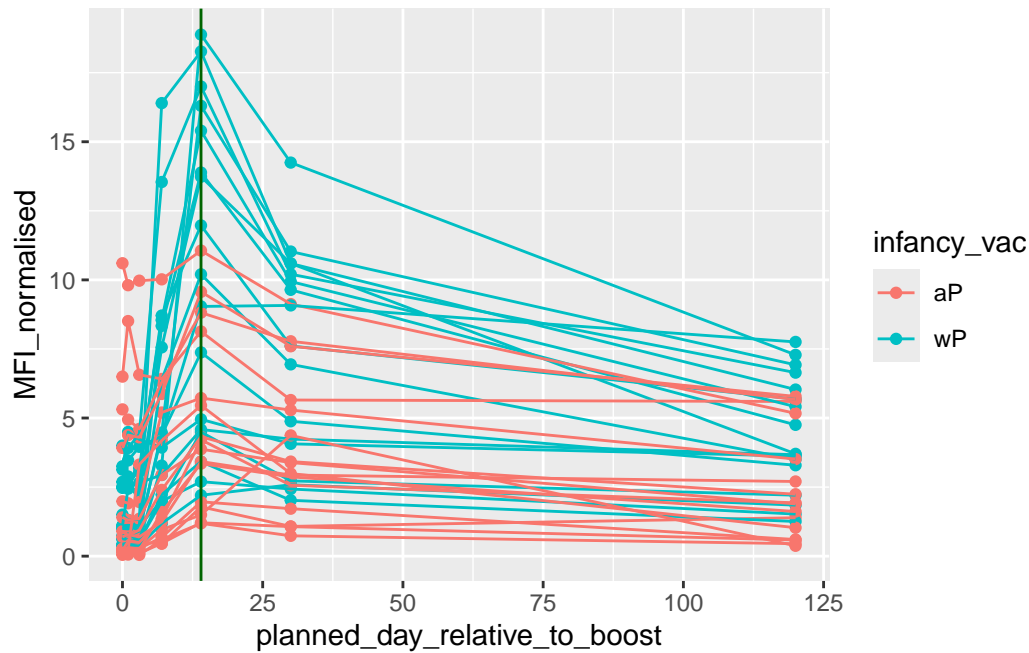


Time course of PT (Virulence Factor: Pertussis Toxin)

```
#filtering for one antigen and one dataset
```

```
pt <- igg |>
  filter(antigen == "PT") |>
  filter(dataset == "2021_dataset")
```

```
ggplot(pt)+
  aes(planned_day_relative_to_boost, MFI_normalised, col=infancy_vac, group = subject_id)+
  geom_point()+
  geom_line()+
  geom_vline(xintercept = 14, col = "darkgreen")
```



System Setup

```
sessionInfo()
```

```
R version 4.5.1 (2025-06-13 ucrt)
Platform: x86_64-w64-mingw32/x64
Running under: Windows 11 x64 (build 22631)
```

```
Matrix products: default
LAPACK version 3.12.1
```

```
locale:
[1] LC_COLLATE=English_United States.utf8
[2] LC_CTYPE=English_United States.utf8
[3] LC_MONETARY=English_United States.utf8
[4] LC_NUMERIC=C
[5] LC_TIME=English_United States.utf8
```

```
time zone: America/Los_Angeles
tzcode source: internal
```

attached base packages:

```
[1] stats      graphics  grDevices utils      datasets  methods   base
```

other attached packages:

```
[1] dplyr_1.1.4    jsonlite_2.0.0 ggplot2_4.0.0
```

loaded via a namespace (and not attached):

```
[1] vctrs_0.6.5      cli_3.6.5        knitr_1.50       rlang_1.1.6
[5] xfun_0.54        generics_0.1.4   S7_0.2.0         labeling_0.4.3
[9] glue_1.8.0       htmltools_0.5.8.1 scales_1.4.0     rmarkdown_2.30
[13] grid_4.5.1       evaluate_1.0.5   tibble_3.3.0     fastmap_1.2.0
[17] yaml_2.3.10      lifecycle_1.0.4  compiler_4.5.1   RColorBrewer_1.1-3
[21] pkgconfig_2.0.3  rstudioapi_0.17.1 farver_2.1.2     digest_0.6.37
[25] R6_2.6.1         tidyselect_1.2.1 pillar_1.11.1    magrittr_2.0.4
[29] withr_3.0.2      tools_4.5.1      gtable_0.3.6
```