

# 과제 2

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# 가위바위보

```
import java.util.*;

public class rock {
    final int scissor = 0;
    final int rock = 1;
    final int paper = 2;

    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("가위(0), 바위(1), 보(2): ");
        int user = sc.nextInt();

        int com = (int)(Math.random() * 3);
        if(user==com)
            System.out.println("비김");
        else if(user ==(com+1)%3)
            System.out.println("인간: "+user+" 컴퓨터: "+com +" -> 인간 승리" );
        else
            System.out.println("인간: "+user+" 컴퓨터: "+com +" -> 컴퓨터 승리" );
    }
}
```

"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-16.0.2\bin\java.exe" "-java:"

가위(0), 바위(1), 보(2):

0

인간: 0 컴퓨터: 2 -> 인간 승리

Process finished with exit code 0

# 합계 계산

The image shows an IDE window with a Java file named `sum.java` and its execution output. The code is a simple program that uses a `Scanner` to read integers from the user until they enter `-1`, then prints the sum of all entered numbers.

```
import java.util.*;

public class sum {
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int sum=0;
        int num=0;

        while(num !=-1){
            sum += num;
            System.out.print("정수 입력: ");
            num = sc.nextInt();
        }
        System.out.print("정수의 합: "+sum);
    }
}
```

The Run window shows the command used to execute the program and the resulting output:

```
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-16.0.2\bin\java.exe" "-javaagent:C:\Program F
정수 입력: 10
정수 입력: 20
정수 입력: 30
정수 입력: -1
정수의 합: 60
Process finished with exit code 0
```

# 구구단

```
game.java × rock.java × gugu.java ×
1 ▶ public class gugu {
2 ▶     public static void main(String[] args){
3     for(int i=1;i<=9; i++){
4         for(int j=2;j<=5; j++) {
5             System.out.print(j + " * " + i + " = " +
6                 String.format("%2d", i * j)+"\t");
7         }
8         System.out.println();
9     }
10 }
11 }
12 }
```

Run: gugu ×

"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-16.0.2\bin\java.exe" "-javaagent:C:\P  
2 \* 1 = 2 3 \* 1 = 3 4 \* 1 = 4 5 \* 1 = 5  
2 \* 2 = 4 3 \* 2 = 6 4 \* 2 = 8 5 \* 2 = 10  
2 \* 3 = 6 3 \* 3 = 9 4 \* 3 = 12 5 \* 3 = 15  
2 \* 4 = 8 3 \* 4 = 12 4 \* 4 = 16 5 \* 4 = 20  
2 \* 5 = 10 3 \* 5 = 15 4 \* 5 = 20 5 \* 5 = 25  
2 \* 6 = 12 3 \* 6 = 18 4 \* 6 = 24 5 \* 6 = 30  
2 \* 7 = 14 3 \* 7 = 21 4 \* 7 = 28 5 \* 7 = 35  
2 \* 8 = 16 3 \* 8 = 24 4 \* 8 = 32 5 \* 8 = 40  
2 \* 9 = 18 3 \* 9 = 27 4 \* 9 = 36 5 \* 9 = 45

Process finished with exit code 0

## 다이아몬드(full)

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class diafull {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("MAX(홀수): ");
        int num = sc.nextInt();

        for(int i=0; i<num;i++){
            for(int j=0; j<num;j++){
                if(i <= num/2) //다이아 위쪽
                {
                    if(i+j<=num/2-1) //왼쪽 위 공백
                        System.out.print(" ");
                    else if(j-i>= num/2+1) //오른쪽 위 공백
                        System.out.print(" ");
                    else
                        System.out.print("*");
                }
                else if(i>num/2) //다이아아래 역삼각형
                {
                    if (i-j>=num/2+1) //왼쪽 밑 공백
                        System.out.print(" ");
                    else if (i+j>=num/2*3+1)//오른쪽 밑 공백
                        System.out.print(" ");
                    else
                        System.out.print("*");
                }
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```

"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-16.0.2\bin\java.exe" "-jav  
MAX(홀수): 7  
\*  
\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
\*\*\*  
\*  
Process finished with exit code 0

## 다이아몬드(빈)

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class diaempty {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("MAX(홀수): ");
        int num = sc.nextInt();

        for(int i=0; i<num;i++){
            for(int j=0; j<num;j++){
                if(i <= num/2) //다이아 위쪽
                {
                    if(i+j<=num/2)
                        System.out.print("*");
                    else if(j-i>= num/2)
                        System.out.print("*");
                    else
                        System.out.print(" ");
                }
                else if(i>num/2) //다이아아래 역삼각형
                {
                    if (i-j>=num/2)
                        System.out.print("*");
                    else if (i+j>=num/2*3)
                        System.out.print("*");
                    else
                        System.out.print(" ");
                }
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```

1 ^ v



"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-16.0.2\bin\java

MAX(홀수): 7

```
*****
***  ***
**   **
*    *
**   **
***  ***
*****
```

Process finished with exit code 0

# 미니 프로젝트

```
game.java x
1  import java.util.Scanner;
2
3  public class game {
4
5      public static void main(String[] args) {
6          Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
7          int ans, cnt=0;
8          int guess;
9          ans = (int) (Math.random()*100);
10         do {
11             System.out.print("정답을 추측하여 보시오: ");
12             guess = sc.nextInt();
13             if(guess<ans) {
14                 System.out.print("LOW\n");
15                 cnt++;
16             }
17             if(guess>ans){
18                 System.out.print("HIGH\n");
19                 cnt++;
20             }
21         }while(guess !=ans);
22         System.out.printf("축하합니다. 시도횟수=%d", cnt);
23     }
24
25 }
```

Run: game x

"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-16.0.2\bin\java.exe" "-java:  
정답을 추측하여 보시오: 100  
HIGH  
정답을 추측하여 보시오: 50  
LOW  
정답을 추측하여 보시오: 80  
HIGH  
정답을 추측하여 보시오: 70  
HIGH  
정답을 추측하여 보시오: 60  
LOW  
정답을 추측하여 보시오: 65  
LOW  
정답을 추측하여 보시오: 66  
LOW  
정답을 추측하여 보시오: 68  
축하합니다. 시도횟수=7  
Process finished with exit code 0