About our Model

(feat. Listen, Attend and Spell)

Winter Vacation Capstone Study

TEAM Kai.Lib

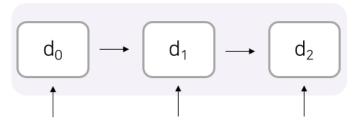
발표자 : 김수환

2020.02.03 (MON)

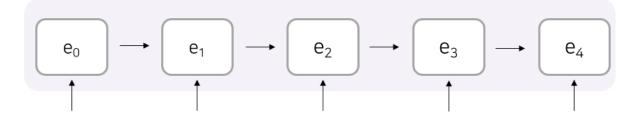
내 머리속 Debug

잘못 이해하고 있던 접

```
def __init__(self):
    self.use_bidirectional = True
   self.use_attention = True
   self.input_reverse = True
   self.use_augmentation = True
   self.use pickle = True
   self.augment_ratio = 0.3
    self.hidden_size = 256
    self.dropout = 0.5
    self.encoder_layer_size = 5
    self.decoder_layer_size = 3
   self.batch_size = 6
    self.worker_num = 1
   self.max_epochs = 40
   self.lr = 0.0001
   self.teacher_forcing = 0.99
   self.seed = 1
   self.max len = 80
   self.no_cuda = False
   self.save_name = 'model'
   self.mode = 'train'
   self.load_model = False
    self.model path = './weight_file/epoch2'
```



Decoder

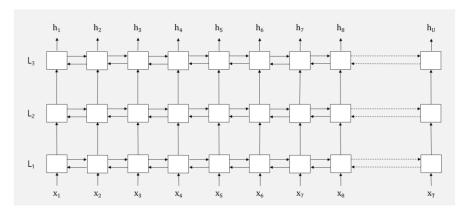


Encoder

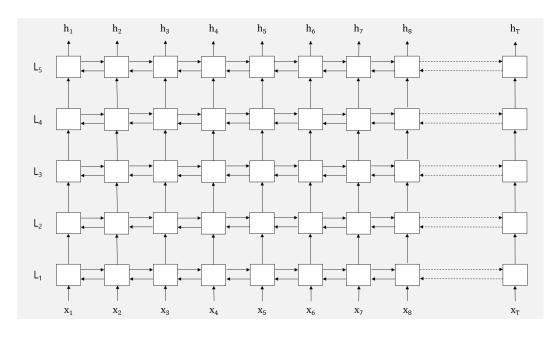
내 머리속 Debug

■ 잘못 이해하고 있던 접

```
def __init__(self):
    self.use_bidirectional = True
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Decoder RNN Layer

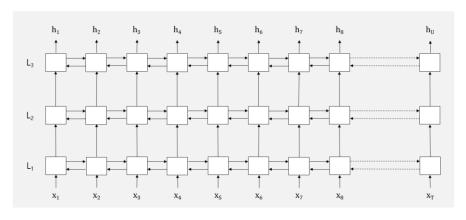


Encoder RNN Layer

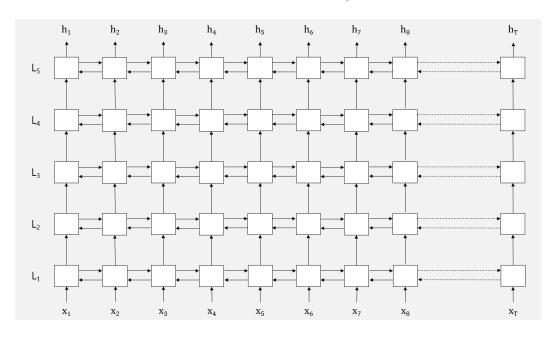
내 머리속 Debug

잘못 이해하고 있던 점

```
def __init__(self):
   self.use_bidirectional = True
   self.use_attention = True
   self.input_reverse = True
   self.use_augmentation = True
   self.use pickle = True
   self.augment_ratio = 0.3
   self.hidden_size = 256
   self.dropout = 0.5
   self.encoder_layer_size = 5
   self.decoder_layer_size = 3
   self.batch_size = 6
                                   상당히 깊은 구조였다...
   self.worker_num = 1
   self.max_epochs = 40
   self.lr = 0.0001
   self.teacher_forcing = 0.99
   self.seed = 1
   self.max len = 80
   self.no_cuda = False
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   self.mode = 'train'
   self.load_model = False
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```



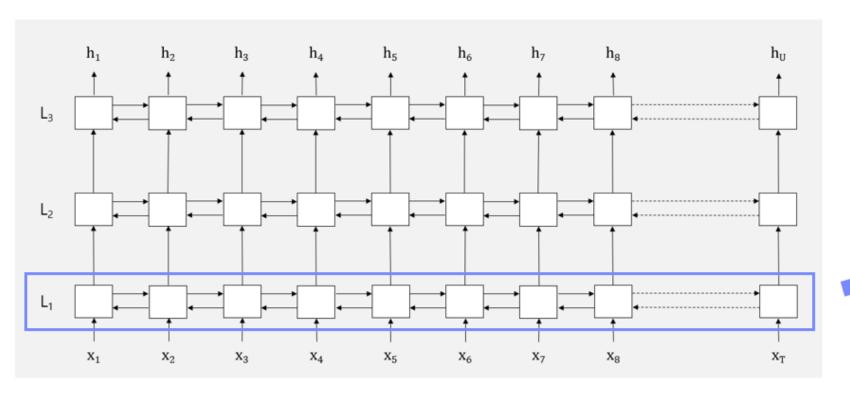
Decoder RNN Layer

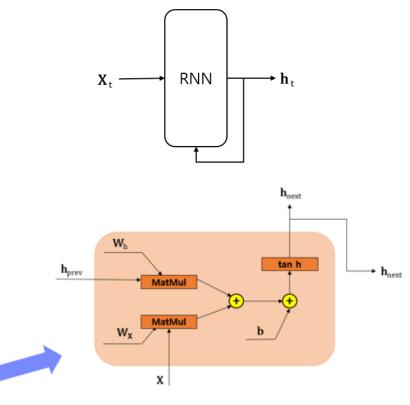


Encoder RNN Layer

다시 정리

■ RNN Layer 개념 다시 정리

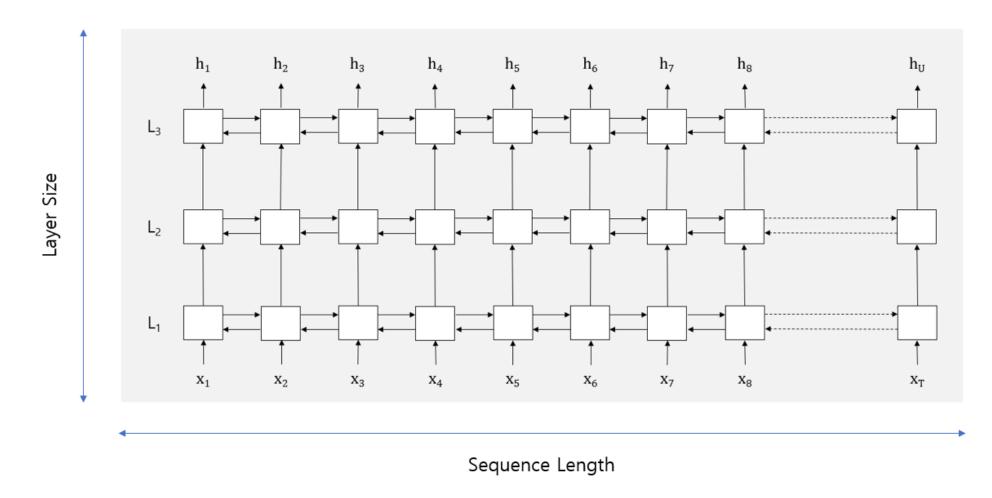




W_h, W_x는 고정된 채로, X와 h_{prev}만 바뀌면서 Hidden State를 생성 (입력이 끝날 때까지 반복) (가변 길이의 입력이 가능한 이유)

다시 정리

layer_size & seq_len



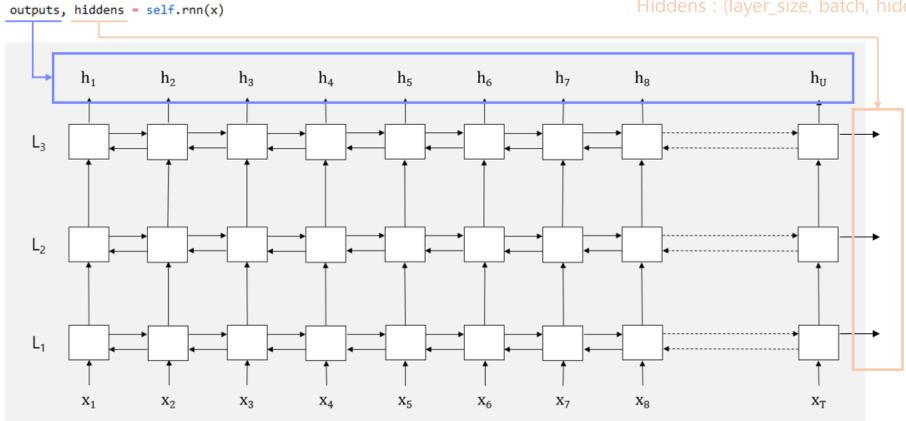
다시 정리

PyTorch nn.LSTM() & nn.GRU()

PyTorch nn.LSTM() & nn.GRU()

Outputs: (batch, seq_len, hidden_size)

Hiddens : (layer_size, batch, hidden_size)

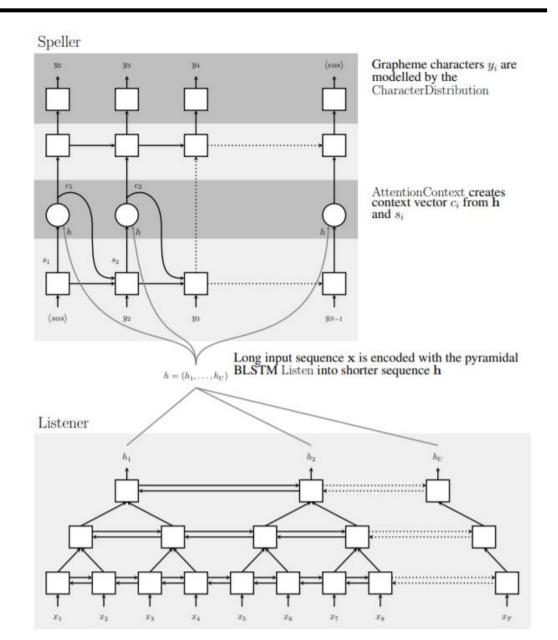


LAS Model

Listen, Attend and Spell Model

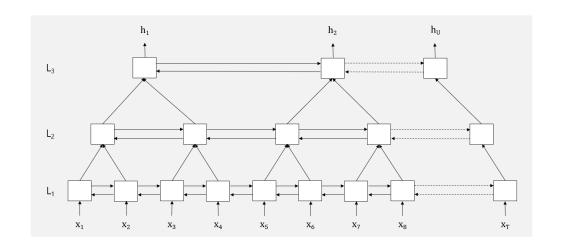
현재 우리가 사용하는 모델과 거의 같다고 해도 무방. Seq2seq with Attention을 음성 인식에 적용한 모델.

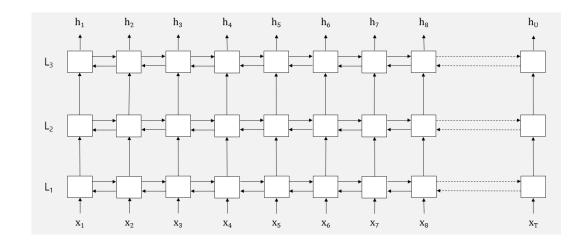
- ※ 차이점 ※
- 1. LAS는 인코더에서 pBLSTM(Pyrimidal LSTM)를 사용
- 2. 우리는 인코더 LSTM 레이어에 넣기 전 Convolution Layer 선행 (Deep Speech Style)



LAS Model

Pyrimidal LSTM

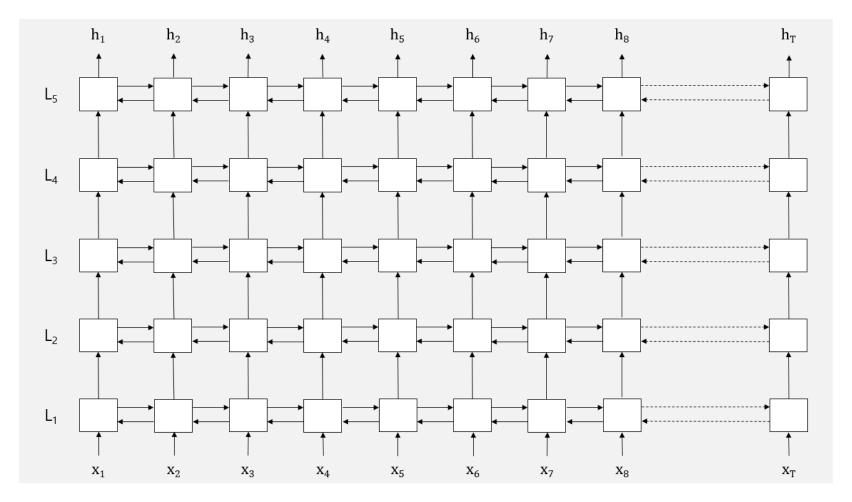




pBLSTM **BLSTM**

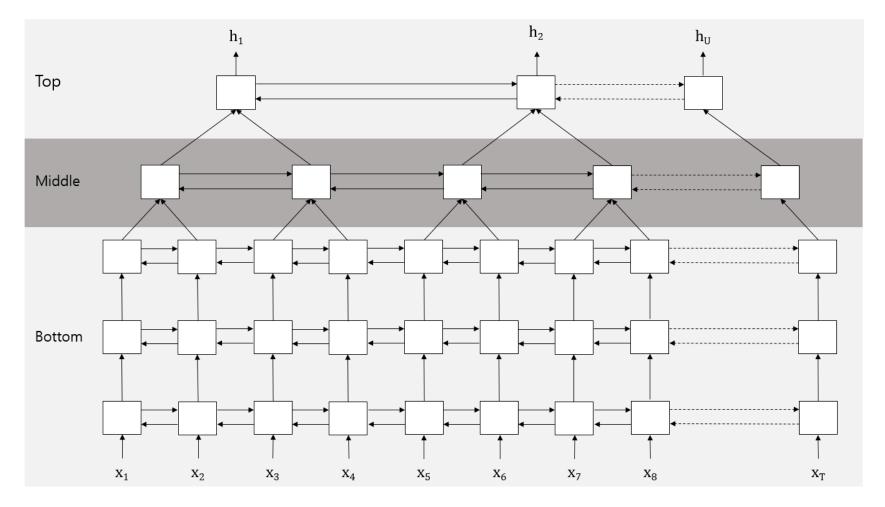
이전 레이어 2i,2i+1을 concatenate하여 다음 레이어의 i번째 RNN 셀의 입력으로 넣는 구조. => 더 압축하여 표현함으로써 Sequence Length를 줄일 수 있다. 이는 인코더 & 디코더 & 어텐션 메커니즘 모두에서 연산량 감소를 가능하게 한다.

Proposal



:: use_pyramidal == False

Proposal



:: use_pyramidal == True

Proposal

Implement

```
if use pyramidal:
    self.bottom layer size = layer size - 2
    self.bottom rnn = self.rnn cell(feature size, hidden size, self.bottom layer size, batch first=True, bidirectional=bidirectional, dropout=dropout p)
    self.middle rnn = self.rnn cell(hidden size * 4, hidden size, 1, batch first=True, bidirectional=bidirectional, dropout=dropout p)
    self.top rnn = self.rnn cell(hidden size * 4, hidden size, 1, batch first=True, bidirectional=bidirectional, dropout=dropout p)
else:
    self.rnn = self.rnn_cell(feature_size, hidden_size, layer_size, batch_first=True, bidirectional=bidirectional, dropout=dropout_p)
                                           [ use_pyrimidal시, bottom, middle, top으로 RNN 셀을 나누어 생성 ]
         if self.use pyramidal:
                                                                        def _cat_consecutive(self, prev_layer_outputs):
             bottom outputs, = self.bottom rnn(x)
                                                                            """concatenate the outputs at consecutive setps of each layer before feeding it to the next layer"""
                                                                            if prev_layer_outputs.size(1) % 2:
             middle inputs = self. make pyramid(bottom outputs)
                                                                               """if prev layer outputs`s seq len is odd, concatenate zeros"""
             middle outputs, = self.middle rnn(middle inputs)
                                                                               zeros = torch.zeros((prev layer outputs.size(0), 1, prev layer outputs.size(2)))
             top inputs = self. make pyramid(middle outputs)
                                                                               prev layer outputs = torch.cat([prev layer outputs, zeros], 1)
             outputs, hiddens = self.top rnn(top inputs)
                                                                            return torch.cat([prev_layer_outputs[:, 0::2], prev_layer_outputs[:, 1::2]], 2)
           [Bottom \rightarrow Middle \rightarrow Top \rightarrow outputs, hiddens]
                                                                                                       concatenate 2 layer 1
```