HAND GESTURE PRESENTATION SYSTEM CODE ANALYSIS

1.Libraries and Imports:

The code begins by importing necessary libraries and modules. Tkinter (tk) is imported
for creating the graphical user interface (GUI). Additionally, modules such as csv,
datetime, cv2 (OpenCV), os, and numpy are imported for various functionalities like
handling CSV files, managing timestamps, working with images and video, interacting
with the operating system, and numerical computations.

import tkinter as tk
from tkinter import messagebox
import csv
from datetime import datetime
from cvzone.HandTrackingModule import HandDetector
import cv2
import os
import numpy as np

2.Initialization:

- Two dictionaries, registered_users and gestures, are initialized to store registered users' credentials and gesture data, respectively.
- Parameters related to the presentation system, such as the dimensions of the camera feed (width and height), gesture threshold (gestureThreshold), and folder path for presentation images (folderPath), are set.

registered_users = {}
gestures = []
width, height = 1280, 720
gestureThreshold = 300
folderPath = "Presentation"

3. Camera Setup and Hand Detection:

- The code sets up the camera using OpenCV (cv2.VideoCapture) with the specified width and height.
- Initializes the hand detector using the HandTrackingModule from cvzone. This detector will be used to detect and track hand gestures in the camera feed.

```
cap = cv2.VideoCapture(0)
cap.set(3, width)
cap.set(4, height)
detectorHand = HandDetector(detectionCon=0.8, maxHands=1)
```

4. Creating the GUI:

- Tkinter is used to create the main GUI window (root). The window is titled "Login and Presentation" and has dimensions of 800x600 pixels.
- A background image (bg2.png) is loaded and displayed as the background of the GUI window.
- A heading label is created to display the text "Hand Gesture System Login" with a specified font, size, color, and background.

```
root.title("Login and Presentation")

root.geometry("800x600")

bg2 = tk.PhotoImage(file="C:/Users/user/PycharmProjects/GUI/bg2.png")

background_label = tk.Label(root, image=bg2)

background_label.place(relwidth=1, relheight=1)

heading_label = tk.Label(root, text="Hand Gesture System Login", font=("Comic Sans MS", 20, "bold"), fg='white', bg='#223053')

heading_label.pack(pady=50)
```

5.Functions:

- check_credentials_and_run_presentation():
 - This function is triggered when the user attempts to log in by clicking the "Login" button.
 - o It retrieves the username and password entered by the user from the entry fields.
 - The function reads login credentials from a CSV file (login_log.csv), checks if the entered username and password match any records in the file.
 - If the credentials match, it logs the login attempt and displays a message indicating successful login.
 - Finally, it closes the login window and initiates the presentation mode using the run_presentation() function, passing the username as a parameter.
 - o If the login fails due to invalid credentials, an error message is displayed.

```
def check_credentials_and_run_presentation():
    username = entry_username.get()
    password = entry_password.get()

with open("login_log.csv", mode="r") as file:
    reader = csv.reader(file)
    for row in reader:
        if row and row[0] == username and row[1] == password:
            log_login(username, password)
            messagebox.showinfo("Login Successful", "Welcome, {}".format(username))
            root.destroy()
            run_presentation(username)
            return
```

messagebox.showerror("Login Failed", "Invalid username or password")

run_presentation(username):

- This function is called after successful login to initiate the presentation mode.
- It enters a loop where it continuously captures frames from the camera feed, detects hand gestures using the detectorHand, and updates the presentation slides accordingly.
- Hand gestures such as moving left (fingers == [1, 0, 0, 0, 0]), moving right (fingers == [0, 0, 0, 0, 1]), drawing annotations (fingers == [0, 1, 1, 0, 0]), and erasing annotations (fingers == [0, 1, 1, 1, 0]) are detected and logged.
- Annotations are drawn on the presentation slides based on the detected hand movements.
- The presentation loop continues until the user exits by pressing the 'q' key.

def run_presentation(username):

global cap, detectorHand, width, height, gestureThreshold, folderPath, cap, imgList, delay, \

buttonPressed, counter, drawMode, imgNumber, delayCounter, annotations, \annotationNumber, annotationStart, hs, ws, pathImages

while True:

```
success, img = cap.read()

img = cv2.flip(img, 1)

pathFullImage = os.path.join(folderPath, pathImages[imgNumber])

imgCurrent = cv2.imread(pathFullImage)
```

hands, img = detectorHand.findHands(img)

cv2.line(img, (0, gestureThreshold), (width, gestureThreshold), (0, 255, 0), 10)

```
if hands and buttonPressed is False:
  hand = hands[0]
  cx, cy = hand["center"]
  ImList = hand["ImList"]
  fingers = detectorHand.fingersUp(hand)
  xVal = int(np.interp(lmList[8][0], [width // 2, width], [0, width]))
  yVal = int(np.interp(lmList[8][1], [150, height - 150], [0, height]))
  indexFinger = xVal, yVal
  if cy <= gestureThreshold:</pre>
    if fingers == [1, 0, 0, 0, 0]:
       timestamp = datetime.now()
       gesture_name = "Left"
       gestures.append((gesture_name, timestamp))
       log_gestures(username, gesture_name, timestamp)
       buttonPressed = True
       if imgNumber > 0:
         imgNumber -= 1
         annotations = [[]]
         annotationNumber = -1
         annotationStart = False
    if fingers == [0, 0, 0, 0, 1]:
```

```
timestamp = datetime.now()
    gesture_name = "Right"
    gestures.append((gesture_name, timestamp))
    log_gestures(username, gesture_name, timestamp)
    buttonPressed = True
    if imgNumber < len(pathImages) - 1:
      imgNumber += 1
      annotations = [[]]
      annotationNumber = -1
      annotationStart = False
if fingers == [0, 1, 1, 0, 0]:
  cv2.circle(imgCurrent, indexFinger, 12, (0, 0, 255), cv2.FILLED)
  timestamp = datetime.now()
  gesture_name = "Annotation Pointer"
  gestures.append((gesture_name, timestamp))
  log_gestures(username, gesture_name, timestamp)
if fingers == [0, 1, 0, 0, 0]:
  if annotationStart is False:
    annotationStart = True
    annotationNumber += 1
    annotations.append([])
  annotations[annotationNumber].append(indexFinger)
```

```
cv2.circle(imgCurrent, indexFinger, 12, (0, 0, 255), cv2.FILLED)
    timestamp = datetime.now()
    gesture_name = "Annotation Painter"
    gestures.append((gesture_name, timestamp))
    log_gestures(username, gesture_name, timestamp)
  else:
    annotationStart = False
  if fingers == [0, 1, 1, 1, 0]:
    if annotations:
      annotations.pop(-1)
      annotationNumber -= 1
      buttonPressed = True
    timestamp = datetime.now()
    gesture_name = "Annotation Eraser"
    gestures.append((gesture_name, timestamp))
    log_gestures(username, gesture_name, timestamp)
else:
  annotationStart = False
if buttonPressed:
  counter += 1
```

```
if counter > delay:
    counter = 0
    buttonPressed = False
for i, annotation in enumerate(annotations):
  for j in range(len(annotation)):
    if j != 0:
       cv2.line(imgCurrent, annotation[j - 1], annotation[j], (0, 0, 200), 12)
imgSmall = cv2.resize(img, (ws, hs))
h, w, _ = imgCurrent.shape
imgCurrent[0:hs, w - ws: w] = imgSmall
cv2.imshow("Slides", imgCurrent)
cv2.imshow("Image", img)
key = cv2.waitKey(1)
if key == ord('q'):
  Break
```

6.Logging Functions:

- log_gestures(username, gesture_name, timestamp):
 - This function logs the gestures made during the presentation to a CSV file specific to each user.
 - It appends each gesture's details (gesture name and timestamp) to the corresponding user's gestures log file.
 - The filename for the log file is constructed using the username.

```
def log_gestures(username, gesture_name, timestamp):
    gestures_filename = f"{username}_gestures_log.csv"

    file_is_empty = not os.path.isfile(f"{username}_gestures_log.csv") or
    os.stat(f"{username}_gestures_log.csv").st_size == 0

    with open(gestures_filename, mode='a', newline=") as file:
        writer = csv.writer(file)
        if file_is_empty:
            writer.writerow(["Gesture name", "Timestamp"])

        writer.writerow([gesture_name, timestamp])
```

log_login(username, password):

- This function logs user login attempts along with timestamps to a common login log file (login_log.csv).
- It records the username, password, and login timestamp in the CSV file.

```
def log_login(username, password):
   now = datetime.now()
   date_time = now.strftime("%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S")

file_is_empty = not os.path.isfile("login_log.csv") or os.stat("login_log.csv").st_size == 0

with open("login_log.csv", mode="a", newline="") as file:
   writer = csv.writer(file)

if file_is_empty:
   writer.writerow(["Username", "Password", "Timestamp"])

writer.writerow([username, password, date_time])
```

7. User Interface Elements:

- Labels, entry fields, and buttons are created using Tkinter for username, password, login, and registration functionalities.
- Each UI element is packed and placed in the GUI window with appropriate padding and layout.

```
label_username = tk.Label(root, text="Username:", font=("Comic Sans MS", 12),
fg='yellow', bg='#223053')
label_username.pack(pady=10)
entry_username = tk.Entry(root, font=("Helvetica", 14))
entry_username.pack(pady=5)
label_password = tk.Label(root, text="Password:", font=("Comic Sans MS", 12),
fg='yellow', bg='#223053')
label_password.pack(pady=10)
entry_password = tk.Entry(root, show="*", font=("Comic Sans MS", 12))
entry_password.pack(pady=5)
login_button = tk.Button(root, text="Login",
command=check_credentials_and_run_presentation, font=("Comic Sans MS", 12))
login_button.pack(pady=10)
register_button = tk.Button(root, text="Register", command=register_user, font=("Comic
Sans MS", 12))
register_button.pack(pady=20)
```

8. Mainloop and Cleanup

- The root.mainloop() function starts the Tkinter main event loop, which handles GUI interactions and events until the application is closed.
- o The camera resources are released (cap.release()) and OpenCV windows

root.mainloop()

Release the camera when the application is closed

cap.release()

cv2.destroyAllWindows()