

325. Maximum Size Subarray Sum Equals k

Medium

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Given an integer array `nums` and an integer `k`, return *the maximum length of a subarray that sums to k*. If there isn't one, return `0` instead.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [1,-1,5,-2,3]`, `k = 3`
Output: `4`
Explanation: The subarray `[1, -1, 5, -2]` sums to 3 and is the longest.

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [-2,-1,2,1]`, `k = 1`
Output: `2`
Explanation: The subarray `[-1, 2]` sums to 1 and is the longest.

Constraints:

- `1 <= nums.length <= 2 * 105`
- `-104 <= nums[i] <= 104`
- `-109 <= k <= 109`

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Hide Hint 1

Try to compute a sum of a subsequence very fast, i.e in $O(1)$... Think of prefix sum array.

Hide Hint 2

Given $S[i]$ a partial sum that starts at position 0 and ends at i , what can $S[i - k]$ tell you ?

Hide Hint 3

Use HashMap + prefix sum array.

```
1 class Solution {
2     public int maxSubArrayLen(int[] nums, int k) {
3
4     }
5 }
```