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Design a Leaderboard class, which has 3 functions:

1. addScore(playerId, score): Update the leaderboard by adding score to the given player's score. If there is no player with such id in the leaderboard, add him to the leaderboard with the given score.

*i* Java

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- 2. top(K): Return the score sum of the top K players.
- 3. reset(playerId): Reset the score of the player with the given id to 0 (in other words erase it from the leaderboard). It is guaranteed that the player was added to the leaderboard before calling this function.

## Initially, the leaderboard is empty.

## Example 1:

Input: ["Leaderboard","addScore","addScore","addScore","addScore","addScore","top","reset", [[],[1,73],[2,56],[3,39],[4,51],[5,4],[1],[1],[2],[2,51],[3]] Output: [null,null,null,null,null,73,null,null,141] **Explanation:** Leaderboard leaderboard = new Leaderboard (); leaderboard.addScore(1,73); // leaderboard = [[1,73]]; leaderboard.addScore(2,56); // leaderboard = [[1,73],[2,56]]; leaderboard.addScore(3,39); // leaderboard = [[1,73],[2,56],[3,39]]; leaderboard.addScore(4,51); // leaderboard = [[1,73],[2,56],[3,39],[4,51]]; leaderboard.addScore(5,4); // leaderboard = [[1,73],[2,56],[3,39],[4,51], [5,4]]; leaderboard.top(1); // returns 73; // leaderboard = [[2,56],[3,39],[4,51],[5,4]]; leaderboard.reset(1); // leaderboard = [[3,39],[4,51],[5,4]]; leaderboard.reset(2); leaderboard.addScore(2,51); // leaderboard = [[2,51],[3,39],[4,51],[5,4]]; // returns 141 = 51 + 51 + 39; leaderboard.top(3);

## **Constraints:**

- 1 <= playerId, K <= 10000
- It's guaranteed that K is less than or equal to the current number of players.
- 1 <= score <= 100

• There will be at most 1000 function calls. Accepted 29,597 Submissions 43,966 Seen this question in a real interview before? Yes No Companies 🛅 i 0 ~ 6 months 6 months ~ 1 year 1 year ~ 2 years Bloomberg | 7 | Twitter | 2 Related Topics Hash Table Design Sorting Hide Hint 1 What data structure can we use to keep the players' data? Hide Hint 2 Keep a map (dictionary) of player scores. Hide Hint 3

For each top(K) function call, find the maximum K scores and add them.

1 ▼ class Leaderboard { private HashMap<Integer, Integer> scores; 3 ▼ public Leaderboard() { this.scores = new HashMap<Integer, Integer>(); 6 ▼ public void addScore(int playerId, int score) { 8 ▼ if (!this.scores.containsKey(playerId)) { 9 this.scores.put(playerId, 0); 10 11 12 this.scores.put(playerId, this.scores.get(playerId) + score); 13 14 ▼ public int top(int K) { 15 16 List<Integer> values = new ArrayList<Integer>(this.scores.values()); 17 Collections.sort(values, Collections.reverseOrder()); 18 19 int total = 0; for (int i = 0; i < K; i++) { 20 ▼ 21 total += values.get(i); 24 return total; 25 26 • public void reset(int playerId) { 27 this.scores.put(playerId, 0); 28 29

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