

FULL STACK APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT (week 1)

TASK-1

A) Create table using DDL command:

Create table:

```
CREATE TABLE student (  
    name VARCHAR(20),  
    reg_id INT,  
    contact INT  
);
```

```
mysql> CREATE DATABASE SCHOOL;  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)  
  
mysql> USE SCHOOL;  
Database changed  
mysql> CREATE TABLE student (  
    ->     name VARCHAR(20),  
    ->     reg_id INT,  
    ->     contact INT  
    -> );  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

Alter add:

```
ALTER TABLE student ADD address VARCHAR(200);
```

```
mysql> ALTER TABLE student ADD address VARCHAR(200);  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

Alter default data add:

```
ALTER TABLE student ADD dob DATE DEFAULT '02-FEB-2010';
```

```
mysql> ALTER TABLE student ADD dob DATE;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

Alter drop:

```
ALTER TABLE student DROP address;
```

```
mysql> ALTER TABLE student DROP address;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

Alter rename:

ALTER TABLE student RENAME COLUMN name TO student_name;

```
mysql> ALTER TABLE student RENAME COLUMN name TO student_name;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

Alter Modify:

ALTER TABLE student MODIFY student_name VARCHAR(30);

```
mysql> ALTER TABLE student MODIFY student_name VARCHAR(30);  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

Rename table:

RENAME student TO student_info;

```
mysql> RENAME TABLE student TO student_info;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

Truncate table:

TRUNCATE TABLE student_info;

```
mysql> TRUNCATE TABLE student_info;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
```

Drop table:

DROP TABLE student_info;

```
mysql> DROP TABLE student_info;  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

B) DDL Constrains:

Null command:

```
CREATE TABLE teacher (  
    teacher_id INT NULL,  
    teacher_name VARCHAR(255) NULL,  
    subject VARCHAR(50)  
);
```

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE teacher (  
->     teacher_id INT NULL,  
->     teacher_name VARCHAR(255) NULL,  
->     subject VARCHAR(50)  
-> );  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

Not null command:

```
CREATE TABLE teacher (  
    teacher_id INT NOT NULL,  
    teacher_name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,  
    subject VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL  
);
```

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE teacher (  
->     teacher_id INT NOT NULL,  
->     teacher_name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,  
->     subject VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL  
-> );  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

Check command:

```
CREATE TABLE student (  
    reg_id INT NOT NULL,  
    student_name VARCHAR(50),  
    age INT CHECK (age >= 5)  
);
```

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE student (  
->     reg_id INT NOT NULL,  
->     student_name VARCHAR(50),  
->     age INT CHECK (age >= 5)  
-> );  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

Unique:

```
CREATE TABLE student (  
    reg_id INT UNIQUE,  
    student_name VARCHAR(50),  
    contact INT  
);
```

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE student (  
->     reg_id INT UNIQUE,  
->     student_name VARCHAR(50),  
->     contact INT  
-> );  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
```

Primary key:

```
CREATE TABLE student (  
    reg_id INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    student_name VARCHAR(50),  
    age INT  
);
```

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE student (  
->     reg_id INT PRIMARY KEY,  
->     student_name VARCHAR(50),  
->     age INT  
-> );  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

Foreign Key:

```
CREATE TABLE marks (  
    mark_id INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    reg_id INT,  
    subject VARCHAR(50),  
    marks INT,  
    FOREIGN KEY (reg_id) REFERENCES student(reg_id)  
);
```

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE marks (
->     mark_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
->     reg_id INT,
->     subject VARCHAR(50),
->     marks INT,
->     FOREIGN KEY (reg_id) REFERENCES student(reg_id)
-> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.08 sec)
```

Default:

```
CREATE TABLE attendance (
attendance_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
reg_id INT,
status VARCHAR(10) DEFAULT 'Present'
);
```

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE attendance (
->     attendance_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
->     reg_id INT,
->     status VARCHAR(10) DEFAULT 'Present'
-> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
```

index:

```
CREATE INDEX idx_student_name ON student(student_name);
```

```
mysql> CREATE INDEX idx_student_name ON student(student_name);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

C) DML Queries:

insert command:

```
INSERT INTO student VALUES (101, 'Rahul', 12);
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO student VALUES (101, 'Rahul', 12);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
INSERT INTO student (reg_id, student_name) VALUES (102, 'Anu');
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO student (reg_id, student_name) VALUES (102, 'Anu');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
INSERT INTO student VALUES (103, 'Kiran', NULL);
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO student VALUES (103, 'Kiran', NULL);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

INSERT INTO attendance VALUES (1, 101, DEFAULT);

```
mysql> INSERT INTO attendance VALUES (1, 101, DEFAULT);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

update command:

UPDATE student SET student_name = 'Arjun' WHERE reg_id = 101;

```
mysql> UPDATE student SET student_name = 'Arjun' WHERE reg_id = 101;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
```

UPDATE student SET contact = 9876543210 WHERE reg_id = 102;

```
mysql> UPDATE student SET contact = 98 WHERE reg_id = 102;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
```

Delete command:

DELETE FROM student WHERE reg_id = 103;

```
mysql> DELETE FROM student WHERE reg_id = 103;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

DELETE FROM student;

```
mysql> DELETE FROM student;
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

TASK-2

1. Aggregation function:

SELECT SUM(marks) FROM marks;

SELECT AVG(marks) FROM marks;

SELECT COUNT(reg_id) FROM student;

SELECT MAX(marks) FROM marks;

SELECT MIN(marks) FROM marks;

```
mysql> SELECT SUM(marks) FROM marks;
+-----+
| SUM(marks) |
+-----+
| NULL       |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)

mysql> SELECT AVG(marks) FROM marks;
+-----+
| AVG(marks) |
+-----+
| NULL       |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT COUNT(reg_id) FROM student;
+-----+
| COUNT(reg_id) |
+-----+
| 2 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> SELECT MAX(marks) FROM marks;
+-----+
| MAX(marks) |
+-----+
| NULL |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> SELECT MIN(marks) FROM marks;
+-----+
| MIN(marks) |
+-----+
| NULL |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

2. Clause:

SELECT COUNT(marks) FROM marks WHERE marks >= 50;

Like:

SELECT student_name FROM student WHERE student_name LIKE 'A%';

```
mysql> SELECT COUNT(marks) FROM marks WHERE marks >= 50;
+-----+
| COUNT(marks) |
+-----+
| 0 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> SELECT student_name FROM student WHERE student_name LIKE 'A%';
+-----+
| student_name |
+-----+
| Abhi |
| Anu |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Distinct:

SELECT DISTINCT subject FROM marks;

```
mysql> SELECT DISTINCT subject FROM marks;
+-----+
| subject |
+-----+
| Maths |
| Science |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Group by:

SELECT reg_id, COUNT(subject)

FROM marks

GROUP BY reg_id;

```
mysql> SELECT reg_id, COUNT(subject)
-> FROM marks
-> GROUP BY reg_id;
+-----+-----+
| reg_id | COUNT(subject) |
+-----+-----+
| 101 | 2 |
| 102 | 1 |
+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Order by:

SELECT student_name FROM student ORDER BY student_name;

```
mysql> SELECT student_name FROM student ORDER BY student_name;
+-----+
| student_name |
+-----+
| Abhi |
| Anu |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

3. Nested Queries:

```
SELECT student_name
FROM student
WHERE reg_id = (
    SELECT reg_id FROM marks
    WHERE marks = (SELECT MAX(marks) FROM marks)
);
```

```
mysql> SELECT student_name
-> FROM student
-> WHERE reg_id = (
->     SELECT reg_id FROM marks
->     WHERE marks = (SELECT MAX(marks) FROM marks)
-> );
+-----+
| student_name |
+-----+
| Anu          |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

TASK-3

1. Inner join:

```
SELECT student.student_name, marks.subject, marks.marks
FROM student
INNER JOIN marks ON student.reg_id = marks.reg_id;
```

```
mysql> SELECT student.student_name, marks.subject, marks.marks
-> FROM student
-> INNER JOIN marks ON student.reg_id = marks.reg_id;
+-----+-----+-----+
| student_name | subject | marks |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Abhi         | Maths   | 80    |
| Abhi         | Science | 75    |
| Anu          | Maths   | 90    |
+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

2. Left join:

```
SELECT student.student_name, marks.marks
FROM student
LEFT JOIN marks ON student.reg_id = marks.reg_id;
```

```
mysql> SELECT student.student_name, marks.marks
-> FROM student
-> LEFT JOIN marks ON student.reg_id = marks.reg_id;
+-----+-----+
| student_name | marks |
+-----+-----+
| Abhi         | 75    |
| Abhi         | 80    |
| Anu          | 90    |
+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

3. Right join:

```
SELECT student.student_name, marks.marks
FROM student
RIGHT JOIN marks ON student.reg_id = marks.reg_id;
```



```
mysql> SELECT student.student_name, marks.marks
-> FROM student
-> RIGHT JOIN marks ON student.reg_id = marks.reg_id;
```

student_name	marks
Abhi	80
Abhi	75
Anu	90

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

4. Cross join:

```
SELECT student.student_name, teacher.teacher_name
FROM student
CROSS JOIN teacher;
```

```
mysql> SELECT student.student_name, teacher.teacher_name
-> FROM student
-> CROSS JOIN teacher;
```

student_name	teacher_name
Anu	Mr. Kumar
Abhi	Mr. Kumar
Anu	Ms. Priya
Abhi	Ms. Priya

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

TASK-4

1. Simple Stored Procedure (Print message):

```
DELIMITER //
```

```
CREATE PROCEDURE welcome_msg()
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    SELECT 'Welcome to School Management System' AS Message;
```

```
END //
```

```
DELIMITER ;
```

```
mysql> DELIMITER //
mysql>
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE welcome_msg()
-> BEGIN
->    SELECT 'Welcome to School Management System' AS Message;
-> END //
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.12 sec)

mysql>
mysql> DELIMITER ;
```

Call procedure:

```
CALL welcome_msg();
```

```
mysql> CALL welcome_msg();
```

Message
Welcome to School Management System

1 row in set (0.01 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)

2. Procedure with IF-ELSE (Pass / Fail):

```
DELIMITER //
```

```
CREATE PROCEDURE check_result(IN marks INT)
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    IF marks >= 50 THEN
```

```
        SELECT 'PASS' AS Result;
```

```
    ELSE
```

```
        SELECT 'FAIL' AS Result;
```

```
    END IF;
```

```
END //
```

```
DELIMITER ;
```

```
mysql> DELIMITER //
mysql>
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE check_result(IN marks INT)
-> BEGIN
->     IF marks >= 50 THEN
->         SELECT 'PASS' AS Result;
->     ELSE
->         SELECT 'FAIL' AS Result;
->     END IF;
-> END //
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

mysql>
mysql> DELIMITER ;
```

Call:

```
CALL check_result(75);
```

```
mysql> CALL check_result(75);
+-----+
| Result |
+-----+
| PASS   |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

3. Loop Program (Print numbers 1 to 5):

```
DELIMITER //
```

```
CREATE PROCEDURE print_numbers()
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    DECLARE i INT DEFAULT 1;
```

```
    WHILE i <= 5 DO
```

```
        SELECT i AS Number;
```

```
        SET i = i + 1;
```

```
    END WHILE;
```

```
END //
```

DELIMITER ;

```
mysql> DELIMITER //
mysql>
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE print_numbers()
-> BEGIN
->   DECLARE i INT DEFAULT 1;
->
->   WHILE i <= 5 DO
->     SELECT i AS Number;
->     SET i = i + 1;
->   END WHILE;
-> END //
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)

mysql>
mysql> DELIMITER ;
```

Call:

CALL print_numbers();

```
mysql> CALL print_numbers();
+-----+
| Number |
+-----+
|      1 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

+-----+
| Number |
+-----+
|      2 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)

+-----+
| Number |
+-----+
|      3 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)

+-----+
| Number |
+-----+
|      4 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)

+-----+
| Number |
+-----+
|      5 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

4. Function (Return Total Marks):

DELIMITER //

CREATE FUNCTION total_marks(m1 INT, m2 INT)

RETURNS INT

DETERMINISTIC

BEGIN

 RETURN m1 + m2;

END //

DELIMITER ;

```
mysql> DELIMITER //
mysql>
mysql> CREATE FUNCTION total_marks(m1 INT, m2 INT)
-> RETURNS INT
-> DETERMINISTIC
-> BEGIN
->   RETURN m1 + m2;
-> END //
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

mysql>
mysql> DELIMITER ;
```

Use function:

SELECT total_marks(40, 50);

```
mysql> SELECT total_marks(40, 50);
+-----+
| total_marks(40, 50) |
+-----+
|          90         |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

TASK-5

1. Trigger (Phone number validation):

DELIMITER //

CREATE TRIGGER phone_check

BEFORE INSERT ON student

FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN

IF LEFT(NEW.contact,1) NOT IN ('9','8','7') THEN

SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'

SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'Enter correct phone number';

END IF;

END //

DELIMITER ;

```
mysql> DELIMITER //
mysql>
mysql> CREATE TRIGGER phone_check
-> BEFORE INSERT ON student
-> FOR EACH ROW
-> BEGIN
-> IF LEFT(NEW.contact,1) NOT IN ('9','8','7') THEN
-> SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
-> SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'Enter correct phone number';
-> END IF;
-> END //
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

Test:

INSERT INTO student VALUES (105, 'Ravi', 4326785432);

```
mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql> INSERT INTO student VALUES (105, 'Ravi', 4326785432);
ERROR 1644 (45000): Enter correct phone number
```

2. Trigger (OTP must be exactly 4 digits):

DELIMITER //

CREATE TRIGGER otp_check

```

BEFORE INSERT ON otp_table
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
    IF LENGTH(NEW.otp) != 4 THEN
        SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
        SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'Enter 4 digit OTP only';
    END IF;
END //

DELIMITER ;

```

```

mysql> DELIMITER //
mysql>
mysql> CREATE TRIGGER otp_check
-> BEFORE INSERT ON otp_table
-> FOR EACH ROW
-> BEGIN
->     IF LENGTH(NEW.otp) != 4 THEN
->         SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
->         SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'Enter 4 digit OTP only';
->     END IF;
-> END //
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

mysql>
mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql> INSERT INTO otp_table (otp) VALUES ('123');
ERROR 1644 (45000): Enter 4 digit OTP only

```

3. View (Student basic details):

```

CREATE VIEW student_view AS
SELECT reg_id, student_name
FROM student;

```

```

mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql> CREATE VIEW student_view AS
-> SELECT reg_id, student_name
-> FROM student;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

```

Use view:

```

SELECT * FROM student_view;

```

```

mysql> SELECT * FROM student_view;
+-----+-----+
| reg_id | student_name |
+-----+-----+
| 101    | Abhi         |
| 102    | Anu          |
+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.01 sec)

```

4. Exception Handling in MySQL (Using SIGNAL):

```

DELIMITER //

```

```

CREATE PROCEDURE check_regid(IN rid INT)
BEGIN
    IF rid <= 0 THEN
        SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'

```

```
        SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'Register ID must be greater than zero';
    ELSE
        SELECT 'Valid Register ID' AS Status;
    END IF;
END //
```

DELIMITER ;

```
mysql> DELIMITER //
mysql>
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE check_regid(IN rid INT)
-> BEGIN
->     IF rid <= 0 THEN
->         SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
->         SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'Register ID must be greater than zero';
->     ELSE
->         SELECT 'Valid Register ID' AS Status;
->     END IF;
-> END //
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

Call:

CALL check_regid(-1);

```
mysql>
mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql> CALL check_regid(-1);
ERROR 1644 (45000): Register ID must be greater than zero
```