Experiment – 2

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Branch: BE-CSE Semester: 5th

Subject Name: ADBMS

Section/Group: KRG 1B

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1. Aim:

Q1) Organizational Hierarchy Explorer

You are a Database Engineer at TalentTree Inc., an enterprise HR analytics platform that stores employee data, including their reporting relationships. The company maintains a centralized Employee relation that holds each employee's ID, name, department, and manager ID (who is also an employee in the same table). Your task is to generate a report that maps employees to their respective managers, showing: The employee's name and department Their manager's name and department (if applicable) This will help the HR department visualize the internal reporting hierarchy.

O2) NPV Lookup Using Left Join

You have two tables:

- 1. **Year tbl**: contains actual NPV (Net Present Value) for different years and IDs.
- 2. Queries: contains (ID, YEAR) pairs for which you want to find the NPV.

Goal: Return the gueried (ID, YEAR) pairs along with the corresponding NPV value.

If NPV doesn't exist for that (ID, YEAR), show 0.

2. DBMS code:

Q1)

CREATE TABLE employee (

EmpID INT PRIMARY KEY,

EmpName VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,

Department VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,

```
ManagerID INT
   );
   INSERT INTO employee (EmplD, EmpName, Department, ManagerID) VAL-
   UES
   (101, 'Tim Cook', 'Engineering', NULL),
   (102, 'Bob Johnson', 'Engineering', 101),
   (103, 'Charlie Brown', 'HR', 101),
   (104, 'Gurshaan S.', 'Engineering', 102),
   (105, 'Eve Davis', 'HR', 103),
   (106, 'Sundar Pichai', 'Sales', 105),
   (107, 'Grace Green', 'Sales', 106);
   SELECT
     E1.EmpName AS [EMPLOYEE NAME],
     E1.Department AS [EMP_DEPARTMENT],
     E2.EmpName AS [MANAGER NAME],
     E2.Department AS [MANAGER DEPARTMENT]
   FROM
     employee AS E1
   LEFT OUTER JOIN
     employee AS E2 ON E1.ManagerID = E2.EmplD;
Q2)
   CREATE TABLE Year_tbl (
     ID INT,
     YEAR INT,
     NPV INT
  );
```

```
CREATE TABLE Queries (
  ID INT,
   YEAR INT
);
INSERT INTO Year_tbl (ID, YEAR, NPV)
VALUES
(1, 2018, 100),
(7, 2020, 30),
(13, 2019, 40),
(1, 2019, 113),
(2, 2008, 121),
(3, 2009, 12),
(11, 2020, 99),
(7, 2019, 0);
INSERT INTO Queries (ID, YEAR)
VALUES
(1, 2019),
(2, 2008),
(3, 2009),
(7, 2018),
(7, 2019),
(7, 2020),
(13, 2019);
select * from Year_tbl
select * from Queries
SELECT q.ID, q.YEAR, y.NPV
```

FROM
Queries AS q
LEFT JOIN
Year_tbl AS y ON q.ID = y.ID AND q.YEAR = y.YEAR
ORDER BY
q.ID ASC;

3. Output:

Q1)

Output:			
EMPLOYEE NAME	EMP_DEPARTMENT	MANAGER NAME	MANAGER_DEPARTMENT
Tim Cook	Engineering	NULL	NULL
Bob Johnson	Engineering	Tim Cook	Engineering
Charlie Brown	HR	Tim Cook	Engineering
Gurshaan S.	Engineering	Bob Johnson	Engineering
Eve Davis	HR	Charlie Brown	HR
Sundar Pichai	Sales	Eve Davis	HR
Grace Green	Sales	Sundar Pichai	Sales

Q2)

ID	YEAR	NPV
1	2019	113
2	2008	121
3	2009	12
7	2018	NULL
7	2019	0
7	2020	30
13	2019	40