1. List the user commands and redirect the output to /tmp/commands.list

```
ahmed@ahmed-VivoBook-ASUSLaptop-X515JP-X515JP:~$ ls /usr/bin > /tmp/commands.lis
```

2. Count the number of user commands

```
ahmed@ahmed-VivoBook-ASUSLaptop-X515JP-X515JP:~$ wc -c /tmp/commands.list
15247 /tmp/commands.list
ahmed@ahmed-VivoBook-ASUSLaptop-X515JP-X515JP:~$
```

3. Get all the users names whose first character in their login is 'g'.

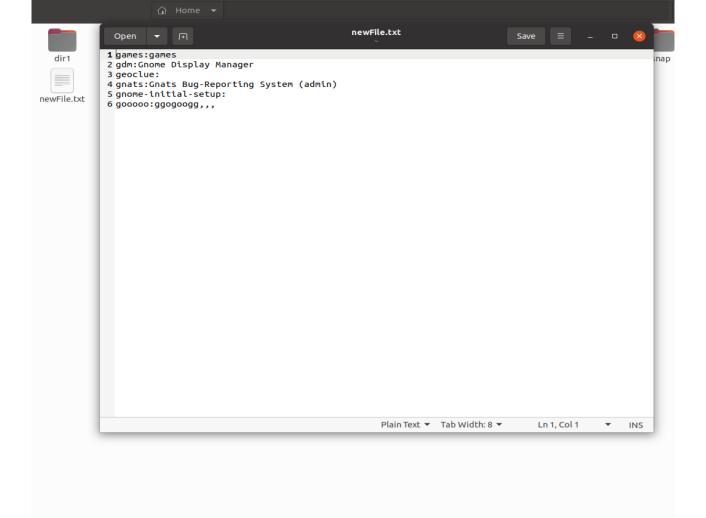
```
ahmed@ahmed-VivoBook-ASUSLaptop-X515JP-X515JP:~$ grep "^g" /etc/passwd | cut -d: -f1 games gnats geoclue gnome-initial-setup gdm gooooo
```

4. Get the logins name and full names (comment) of logins starts with "g".

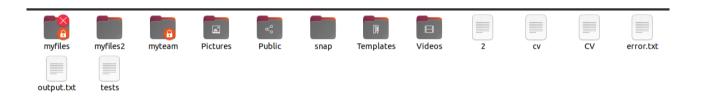
```
ahmed@ahmed-VivoBook-ASUSLaptop-X515JP-X515JP:~$ grep "^g" /etc/passwd | cut -d: -f1,5 games:games
gnats:Gnats Bug-Reporting System (admin)
geoclue:
gnome-initial-setup:
gdm:Gnome Display Manager
gooooo:ggogoogg,,,
```

5. Save the output of the last command sorted by their full names in a file.

```
ahmed@ahmed-VivoBook-ASUSLaptop-X515JP-X515JP:~$ grep "^g" /etc/passwd | cut -d: -f1,5 | sort -k5 >newFile.txt
```



6.Write two commands: first: to search for all files on the system that named .bash_profile. Second: sorts the output of ls command on / recursively, Saving their output and error in 2 different files and sending them to the background.



```
| Some | December | Theoriest's | Principlest's | Principlest | Principl
```

```
1 /:
2 bin
3 boot
4 cdron
5 ctc
7 home
9 lib32
10 lib44
11 lostfound
13 media
13 media
13 media
14 min
14 min
15 min
16 min
17 proc
18 prin
19 run
20 sbin
20 config-5-15.0-46-generic
20 config-5-15.0-46-generic
31 config-5-15.0-46-generic
33 initrol.ugo_5-15.0-46-generic
33 initrol.ugo_5-15.0-46-generic
33 initrol.ugo_5-15.0-46-generic
33 config-5-15.0-46-generic
34 config-5-15.0-46-generic
35 config-5-15.0-46-generic
36 config-5-15.0-46-generic
37 config-5-15.0-46-generic
38 config-5-15.0-46-generic
39 config-5-15.0-46-generic
39 config-5-15.0-46-generic
39 config-5-15.0-46-generic
40 config-6-17 config-6-
```

7. Display the number of users who is logged now to the system.

```
ahmed@ahmed-VivoBook-ASUSLaptop-X515JP-X515JP:~$ who | wc -l
```

8. Display lines 7 to line 10 of /etc/passwd file

```
ahmed@ahmed-VivoBook-ASUSLaptop-X515JP-X515JP:~$ sudo sed -n '7,10p' /etc/passwd [sudo] password for ahmed:
man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/usr/sbin/nologin
lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/usr/sbin/nologin
mail:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail:/usr/sbin/nologin
news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/usr/sbin/nologin
ahmed@ahmed-VivoBook-ASUSLaptop-X515JP-X515JP:~$ more +7 -4 /etc/passwd
man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/usr/sbin/nologin
lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/usr/sbin/nologin
mail:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail:/usr/sbin/nologin
news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/usr/sbin/nologin
--More--(14%)
```

9. What happens if you execute:

② cat filename1 | cat filename2

send the output of filename 1 as input to filename 2

① ls | rm

missing operand

② ls /etc/passwd | wc -l

count the number of lines in directory '/etc/passwd'