fun and anomynous fun

function

sub program of main program is called fun python has 2 types of fun 1.fun definition 2.fun call Every fun call must have fun definition otherwise we get NameError. fun call use many times and fun def must define only once properties of fun 1.input: body call body call 2.process: body body body body 3.result/output: body call call body agr output call me aara toh body me retrn aata

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In [15]: #program 1
         #input
         #process :body
         #output :body
         def sumop():
             a=int(input('enter a first number'))
             b=int(input('ente a second number'))
             print('sum of {} and {}= {}'.format(a,b,c))
         #main
         sumop()
        sum of 3 and 4=7
In [19]: #program 2
         #input
                   :call
         #process :body
         #output :call
         def sumop(a,b): #a and b are formal paramater
             c=a+b #c is local parameter
         #main
         a=int(input('enter a first value'))
         b=int(input('enter a second value'))
         print('sum of a nd b is {}'.format(res))
         sumop(a,b)
        sum of a nd b is 7
Out[19]: 7
In [29]: #program 3
         #input :body
         #process :body
         #output :call
         def sumop():
             a=int(input('enter a first value'))
             b=int(input('enter a second value'))
             c=a+b
             return a,b,c
         #main
         a,b,c=sumop()
         print('sum of {} and {} ={} '.format(a,b,c))
        sum of 4 and 56 =60
In [41]: #program 3.2
         #input :body
#process :body
         #output :call
         def sumop():
             a=int(input('enter a first value'))
             b=int(input('enter a second value'))
             c=a+b
             return a,b,c
         #main
         a,b,c=sumop()
         print('sum of {} and {} ={} '.format(a,b,c))
         newsum=sumop()
         print('sum of {} and {} is {}'.format(newsum[-2],newsum[-1],newsum[0]))
        sum of 45 and 564 =609
        sum of 645 and 1290 is 645
 In [1]: #program 4
         #input :call
         #process :body
         #output :body
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def sum(a,b):
             c=a+b
             return c
             print('sum of a and b = {}'.format(c))
         #main
         a=int(input('enter a first number'))
         b=int(input('enter a second number'))
         sum(a,b)
Out[1]: 9
 In [9]: #program for simple interest
         def simpleint():
             p=int(input('enter principale amount'))
             t=int(input('enter time '))
             r=int(input('enter rate of interest'))
             si=(p+t+r)/100
             tamt=p+si
             return p,t,r,si,tamt
         #main
         loanres=simpleint()
         print('='*50)
         print('SIMPLE INTEREST DETAIL')
         print('='*50)
         print('principale amount ={}'.format(loanres[0]))
         print('time ={}'.format(loanres[1]))
         print('rate ={}'.format(loanres[2]))
         print('simple interest ={}'.format(loanres[3]))
         print('total amount ={}'.format(loanres[4]))
        SIMPLE INTEREST DETAIL
        principale amount =60000
        time = 8
        rate =8
        simple interest =600.16
        total amount =60600.16
In [21]: #program for calculating factorial of number using fun
         def calfact():
             n=int(input('enter a number for factorial'))
             if n<0:
                 print('invalid')
             else:
                 f=1
                 for i in range(1,n+1):
                     f=f*i
                 else:
                     print('fact {} = {}'.format(n,f))
         #main
         calfact()
        fact 10 = 3628800
In [51]: #program for list of word whose length is 3,4,5 and each word must contain one vawel
         def getnames():
             print('enter a names')
             namelist=[ names for names in input().split()]
             return namelist
         def namesw():
             namelist=getnames()
             for names in namelist:
                 print('{}'.format(names))
                 vword=[name for name in namelist if (len(name) in [3,4,5] ) if ('a' in name.lower() or 'e' in name.lowe
                                                                                 in name.lower() or 'u' in name.lower())]
                 print('vwords')
                 print(vword)
         #main
         namesw()
        enter a names
        shym
        vwords
In [49]: #program for list of word whose length is 3,4,5 and each word must contain one vawel
         def getnames():
             print('enter a names')
             namelist=[ names for names in input().split()]
             return namelist
```

anomynous fun

-anomynous fun also called lambda fun ,because itzz used lamnda kwd. -used to perform instant operations. -contain single executable statement

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statement.
 In [17]: #program for adding values using normanl fun and anomynous fun
           def addop(a,b):
               addop=lambda a,b:a+b
               c=a+b
               return c
           #main
           res=addop(10,20)
           res1=addop(100,200)
           print(res)
           print(res1)
          30
         300
 In [21]: def sum(a,b):
               sum=lambda a,b:a+b
               c=a+b
               return c
           x=int(input('enterr first number'))
           y=int(input('enterr second number'))
           res=sum(x,y)
           result=sum(x,y)
           print(res)
          print(result)
          70
```

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