

AIM:

To implement student mark calculation using Servlet with database connectivity

ALGORITHM:

1. Sets the content type of the response to text/html;charset=UTF-8.
2. Defines the database connection parameters for a MySQL database named coureregister.
3. Gets a PrintWriter object to write the response.
4. Loads the MySQL driver and connects to the database using the defined parameters.
5. Gets the studentid parameter from the request and uses it to prepare an SQL query to select the name, webmark, aimark, and compilermark columns for the corresponding student from the student table.
6. Generates HTML dynamically to display the student's name and total mark (sum of webmark, aimark, and compilermark).
7. Closes the database connection.

CODE:**Markcal.java**

```
import jakarta.servlet.*;
import jakarta.servlet.http.*;
import java.io.*;
import java.sql.*;

public class markcal extends HttpServlet {

    private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;

    protected void doGet(
        HttpServletRequest request,
        HttpServletResponse response
    ) throws ServletException, IOException {
        response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
```

```

// Database connection parameters
String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/courseregister";
String username = "root";
String password = "2323";

PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
try {
    // Load the MySQL driver
    Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");

    // Connect to the database
    Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, username, password);

    // Get the studentid parameter from the request
    int studentId = Integer.parseInt(request.getParameter("studentid"));

    // Prepare the SQL statement for execution
    PreparedStatement stmt = con.prepareStatement(
        "SELECT name, webmark, aimark, compilermark FROM student WHERE s_id = ?"
    );
    stmt.setInt(1, studentId);
    ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery();

    // Generate HTML dynamically
    out.println("<html><body>");

    if (rs.next()) {
        String name = rs.getString("name");
        int webmark = rs.getInt("webmark");
        int aimark = rs.getInt("aimark");
        int compilermark = rs.getInt("compilermark");

        int totalMark = webmark + aimark + compilermark;

        out.println("<p>STUDENT NAME : " + name + "</p>");

        out.println("<p>WEB-PROGRAMMING MARK: " + webmark + "</p>");
        out.println("<p>AI MARK : " + aimark + "</p>");
        out.println("<p>COMPILER MARK : " + compilermark + "</p>");

        out.println("<p>Total mark: " + totalMark + " out of 180 </p>");
    } else {
        out.println("<p>No student found with the given studentid.</p>");
    }

    out.println("</body></html>");

    // Close the database connection
    con.close();
} catch (ClassNotFoundException | SQLException e) {
    out.println("<h2>Error: " + e.getMessage() + "</h2>");
}
}
}

```

OUTPUT SCREEN SHOT

Mark Calculation

Enter "student id" to show Total Mark

Student Id:

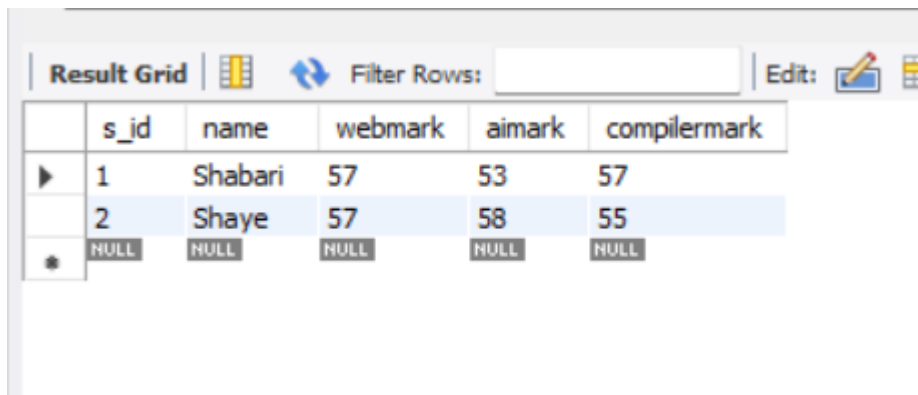
STUDENT NAME : Shabari

WEB-PROGRAMMING MARK: 57

AI MARK : 53

COMPILER MARK : 57

Total mark: 167 out of 180



The screenshot shows a web application interface with a 'Result Grid' table. The table has columns for 's_id', 'name', 'webmark', 'aimark', and 'compilermark'. The first row shows student 1, Shabari, with marks of 57, 53, and 57. The second row shows student 2, Shaye, with marks of 57, 58, and 55. A third row is labeled 'NULL' for all fields. The interface includes a 'Filter Rows' search bar and an 'Edit' button.

	s_id	name	webmark	aimark	compilermark
▶	1	Shabari	57	53	57
	2	Shaye	57	58	55
•	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

RESULT:

Thus, we have successfully implemented student mark calculation using servlet with database connectivity