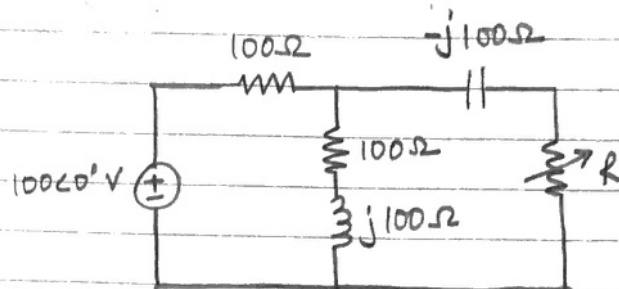


11.19



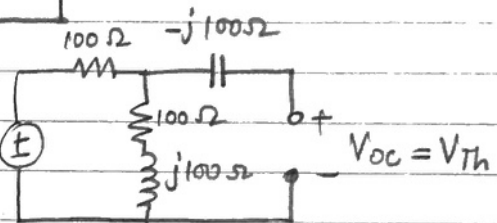
1) Find V_{Th} :

By vltg divider:

$$V_{Th} = \frac{100(1+j)}{100(2+j)} 100\angle 0^\circ$$

$$= 60 + 20j \text{ V}$$

$$= 63.25 \angle 18.43^\circ \text{ V}$$



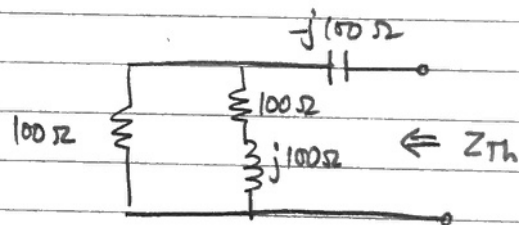
2) Find Z_{Th} :

$$Z_{Th} = (100 \parallel (100 + j100))$$

$$-j100$$

$$= 60 - 80j \Omega$$

$$= 100 \angle -53.13^\circ \Omega$$



3) $\therefore R_L = 100 \Omega$

$$|I_L| = \frac{|V_{Th}|}{|R_L + Z_{Th}|} = \frac{63.25}{178.89} = 0.354 \text{ A}$$

$$P_{max} = \frac{1}{2} |I_L|^2 R_L = 6.25 \text{ W}$$

11.27 $T=5$ and $i(t)=t$, $0 < t < 5$

$$I_{rms}^2 = \frac{1}{5} \int_0^5 i(t)^2 dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{5} \left[\frac{t^3}{3} \right]_0^5$$

$$= \frac{125}{15} = 8.33 \text{ A}^2$$

$$\therefore I_{rms} = 2.89 \text{ A}$$

$\left(\frac{1}{2} \right)$

11.46

(b)

$$\begin{aligned}
 S &= VI^* = (250 \angle -10^\circ)(6.2 \angle 25^\circ) \\
 &= 1550 \angle 15^\circ \\
 &= [1497.2 + 401.2j] \text{ V.A.}
 \end{aligned}$$

 $\frac{1}{2}$ Apparent power = $|S| = 1550 \text{ V.A}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ Real power = 1497.2 W $\frac{1}{2}$ Reactive power = 401.2 VAR $\frac{1}{2}$

pf : lagging

(d)

$$\begin{aligned}
 S &= VI^* = (160 \angle 45^\circ) \times (8.5 \angle -90^\circ) \\
 &= 1360 \angle -45^\circ \\
 &= [961.67 - 961.67j] \text{ VA}
 \end{aligned}$$

 $\frac{1}{2}$ Apparent power = $|S| = 1360 \text{ VA}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ Real power = 961.67 W $\frac{1}{2}$ Reactive power = -961.67 VAR $\frac{1}{2}$

pf : leading

11.48

- (a) P : real power = 269 W
 Q : reactive power = 150 VAR.

(1) $\therefore S = P - jQ = [269 - j150] \text{ VA}$
($\frac{1}{2}$) (' load is capacitive)

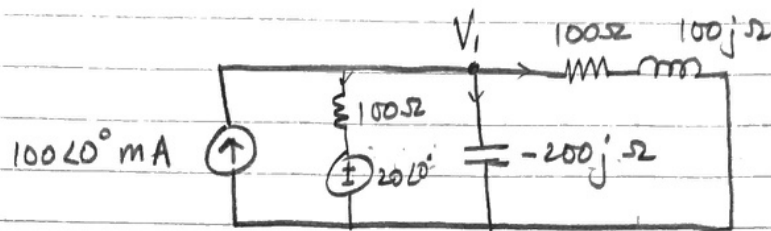
(c) $|S| = 600 \text{ VA}$ (Apparent power)

($\frac{1}{2}$) $= \sqrt{P^2 + Q^2}$
 $\therefore P^2 = S^2 - Q^2$

($\frac{1}{2}$) $= 157500$
 $\therefore P = 396.86 \text{ W}$

($\frac{1}{2}$) $\therefore S = [396.86 + 450j] \text{ VA}$
(' load is inductive)

11.59



at node 1:

$$\textcircled{1} \quad 0.1 = \frac{V_1 - 20}{100} + \frac{V_1}{-200j} + \frac{V_1}{100(1+j)}$$

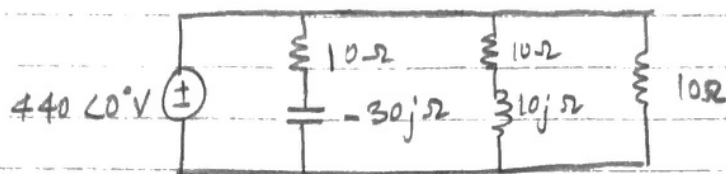
$$\Rightarrow 0.3 = \frac{3}{200} V_1$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \Rightarrow V_1 = 20 \text{ V}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \therefore \text{Reactive power in capacitor} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{|V_1|^2}{200} = 1 \text{ VAR}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \text{Reactive power in inductor} = \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{V_1}{100 - 100j} \right|^2 100 = 1 \text{ VAR}$$

11.75



(a) Total Complex Power :

$$\begin{aligned}
 S &= S_1 + S_2 + S_3 \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \times 440 \times \left[\frac{440}{10 - 30j} + \frac{440}{10 + 10j} + \frac{440}{10} \right]^* \\
 &= [15488 + 1936j] \text{ VA}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{pf} = \frac{P}{|S|} = 0.992$$

(c) For unity power factor:

$$\begin{aligned}
 |S|_{\text{new}} &= P_{\text{old}} \\
 &= 15488
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \therefore Q_{\text{new}} &= 0 \\
 \text{or } Q_{\text{old}} + Q_C &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \therefore Q_C &= -1936j \\
 &= \frac{(440)^2}{2 \cdot X_C^*}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow X_C = -50j \Omega$$

$$\text{Assuming } \omega = 2\pi \times 60 = 377$$

$$\therefore C = \frac{1}{j\omega X_C} = 53.05 \mu\text{F}$$