Forum: General Assembly

Question of: Eliminating institutional racism

Submitted by: People Republic of China

Co-submitter: Portugal, Oman, United Kingdom, Brazil, Norway

1. Suggest increase government positive publicity on benefit equality between different races, ethnic backgrounds and skin;
2. Urge all countries to eliminate institutionalised racism in there country by:
   * 1. a). Limiting organisations that facilitate institutional racism,
     2. b). Increase awareness and better educate citizens about issues connected with but not limited to tolerance, diversity, multiculturalism:

government staff,

Young people,

* + 1. c). Publish laws to punish individuals or organisations that act or practice of racial discrimination against persons, groups of persons or institutions;

1. 3. Suggest states prohibit and eliminate racial discrimination in all its forms and to guarantee the right of all citizens, without distinction as to race, colour, or national or ethnic origin, to equality before the law and notably in the enjoyment of the following rights:
2. The right to equal treatment before the tribunals and all other organs administering justice,
3. b) The right to security of person and protection by the State against violence or bodily harm, whether inflicted by government officials or by any individual group or institution,
4. c) Political rights, in particular the right to participate in elections-to vote and to stand for election-on the basis of universal and equal suffrage, to take part in the Government as well as in the conduct of public affairs at any level and to have equal access to public service,
5. d) Other civil rights, in particular:

The right to freedom of movement and residence within the border of the State,

The right to leave any country, including one's own, and to return to one's country,

The right to nationality,

The right to marriage and choice of spouse,

The right to own property alone as well as in association with others,

The right to inherit,

The right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion,

The right to freedom of opinion and expression,

The right to freedom of peaceful assembly and association,

1. e) Economic, social and cultural rights, in particular:
   * 1. (i) The rights to work, to free choice of employment, to just and favourable conditions of work, to protection against unemployment, to equal pay for equal work, to just and favourable remuneration,
     2. (ii) The right to form and join trade unions,
     3. (iii) The right to housing,
     4. (iv) The right to public health, medical care, social security and social services,
     5. (v) The right to education and training,
     6. (vi) The right to equal participation in cultural activities,
2. f) The right of access to any place or service intended for use by the general public, such as transport hotels, restaurants, cafes, theatres and parks.