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Finding Donors for CharityML

REVIEW

CODE REVIEW

HISTORY

Meets Specifications

Hi,

It's a pleasure to review your project, this is a very good submission.

I didn't comment on the other items as they were marked as MEET REQUIREMENTS and are all perfect.

Keep up the good work 🙌 and count on us!

Best regards,

Exploring the Data

Student's implementation correctly calculates the following:

- Number of records
- Number of individuals with income >\$50,000
- Number of individuals with income <=\$50,000
- Percentage of individuals with income > \$50,000

Preparing the Data

Student correctly implements one-hot encoding for the feature and income data.

Evaluating Model Performance

Student correctly calculates the benchmark score of the naive predictor for both accuracy and F1 scores.

Well done with the accuracy and F-score. You can see that the accuracy is equal to the percentage in the first part of this project:

Percentage of individuals making more than \$50,000: 24.78439697492371%

For more information about classification metrics, check out this link:

- [Performance Metrics for Classification problems in Machine Learning](#)

The pros and cons or application for each model is provided with reasonable justification why each model was chosen to be explored.

Please list all the references you use while listing out your pros and cons.

Student successfully implements a pipeline in code that will train and predict on the supervised learning algorithm given.

Student correctly implements three supervised learning models and produces a performance visualization.

Great job here running the model for the 3 algorithms. You also defined the `random_state` for the models that have this parameter.

If you still have questions about `random_state`, check out this link here:

- [Is random state a parameter to tune?](#)

Improving Results

Justification is provided for which model appears to be the best to use given computational cost, model performance, and the characteristics of the data.

Student is able to clearly and concisely describe how the optimal model works in layman's terms to someone who is not familiar with machine learning nor has a technical background.

Great description of the model in layman's terms. This is very important to communicate your strategy to the whole team, company and/or customer.

The final model chosen is correctly tuned using grid search with at least one parameter using at least three settings. If the model does not need any parameter tuning it is explicitly stated with reasonable justification.

You did all the combinations required, and also used the same `random_state` you used before. Great!

If you want to see the scores of the grid search, check out this code snippet using the Seaborn library:

```
import seaborn as sns
gridResults = grid_fit.grid_scores_
gridResultsDf = pd.DataFrame([[r[0]['n_estimators'], r[0]['learning_rate'], r[1]] for r in gridResults], columns = ['n_estimators', 'learning_rate', 'score'])
sns.heatmap(gridResultsDf.pivot(columns='n_estimators', index='learning_rate', values='score'), annot=True)
```

Student reports the accuracy and F1 score of the optimized, unoptimized, models correctly in the table provided. Student compares the final model results to previous results obtained.

Feature Importance

Student ranks five features which they believe to be the most relevant for predicting an individual's income. Discussion is provided for why these features were chosen.

Student correctly implements a supervised learning model that makes use of the `feature_importances_` attribute. Additionally, student discusses the differences or similarities between the features they considered relevant and the reported relevant features.

Student analyzes the final model's performance when only the top 5 features are used and compares this performance to the optimized model from Question 5.

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