

## EXPERIMENT-5

**AIM:** TO ADD A MENU TO THE WEB PAGE.

The **HTML <menu> element** represents a group of commands that a user can perform or activate. This includes both list menus, which might appear across the top of a screen, as well as context menus, such as those that might appear underneath a button after it has been clicked.

An HTML menu can be used to create context menus (typically activated by right-clicking another element) or toolbars.

**Context menu** consist of a <menu> element which contains <menu item> elements for each selectable option in the menu, <menu> elements for submenus within the menu, and <hr> elements for separator lines to break up the menu's content into sections. Context menus are then attached to the element they're activated from using either the associated element's context menu attribute or, for button-actiavted menu attached to <button> elements, the menu attribute.

**CODE:**

```
.sidenav a, .dropdown-btn {
    padding-left: 26px ;
    text-decoration: none;
    font-size: 20px;
    color: #282828;
    display: block;
    border:none;
    background-color:#E8E8E8;
    width: 100%;
    text-align: left;
    cursor: pointer;
    outline: none;
}

.sidenav a:hover, .dropdown-btn:hover {
    background-color: #555;
    color: white;
}

.active{
    background-color:orange;
}

.dropdown-container {
    display: none;
    background-color: #A9A9A9;
    padding-left: 10px;
}

.fa-caret-down {
    float: right;
    padding-right: 8px;
}
```

```

<div class="sidenav">
  <button class="dropdown-btn" href="#ma"> MY ACCOUNT<span style="margin-left:70px">&#9660;</span>
    <i class="fa fa-caret-down"></i>
  </button>
  <div class="dropdown-container">
    <a href="#1" >LOGIN</a>
    <a href="signup.html">SIGN UP</a>
  </div>
</div>

```

## OUTPUT:



