

pandas_basics_practice

September 26, 2021

Consider the following Python dictionary data and Python list labels:

```
data = {'birds': ['Cranes', 'Cranes', 'plovers', 'spoonbills', 'spoonbills', 'Cranes', 'plovers', 'Cranes',  
'spoonbills', 'spoonbills'], 'age': [3.5, 4, 1.5, np.nan, 6, 3, 5.5, np.nan, 8, 4], 'visits': [2, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4,  
2, 2, 3, 2], 'priority': ['yes', 'yes', 'no', 'yes', 'no', 'no', 'no', 'no', 'yes', 'no', 'no']}
```

```
labels = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i', 'j']
```

```
[85]: import numpy as np  
import pandas as pd  
data = {'birds': ['Cranes', 'Cranes', 'plovers', 'spoonbills', 'spoonbills',  
→ 'Cranes', 'plovers', 'Cranes', 'spoonbills', 'spoonbills'], 'age': [3.5, 4,  
→ 1.5, np.nan, 6, 3, 5.5, np.nan, 8, 4], 'visits': [2, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 2, 2, 3,  
→ 2], 'priority': ['yes', 'yes', 'no', 'yes', 'no', 'no', 'no', 'no', 'yes', 'no',  
→ 'no']}
```

```
labels = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i', 'j']  
data= pd.DataFrame.from_dict(data)  
labels = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(labels)  
data['labels'] = labels
```

1. Create a DataFrame birds from this dictionary data which has the index labels.

```
[90]: birds = pd.DataFrame(data)  
birds = birds.set_index('labels')  
birds
```

```
[90]:
```

	birds	age	visits	priority
labels				
a	Cranes	3.5	2	yes
b	Cranes	4.0	4	yes
c	plovers	1.5	3	no
d	spoonbills	NaN	4	yes
e	spoonbills	6.0	3	no
f	Cranes	3.0	4	no
g	plovers	5.5	2	no
h	Cranes	NaN	2	yes
i	spoonbills	8.0	3	no
j	spoonbills	4.0	2	no

2. Display a summary of the basic information about birds DataFrame and its data.

```
[16]: birds.describe()
```

```
[16]:
```

	age	visits
count	8.000000	10.000000
mean	4.437500	2.900000
std	2.007797	0.875595
min	1.500000	2.000000
25%	3.375000	2.000000
50%	4.000000	3.000000
75%	5.625000	3.750000
max	8.000000	4.000000

3. Print the first 2 rows of the birds dataframe

```
[91]: birds.head(2)
```

```
[91]:
```

	birds	age	visits	priority
labels				
a	Cranes	3.5	2	yes
b	Cranes	4.0	4	yes

4. Print all the rows with only 'birds' and 'age' columns from the dataframe

```
[18]: print(birds[['birds', 'age']])
```

	birds	age
0	Cranes	3.5
1	Cranes	4.0
2	plovers	1.5
3	spoonbills	NaN
4	spoonbills	6.0
5	Cranes	3.0
6	plovers	5.5
7	Cranes	NaN
8	spoonbills	8.0
9	spoonbills	4.0

5. Select [2, 3, 7] rows and in columns ['birds', 'age', 'visits']

```
[23]: birds[['birds', 'age', 'visits']].iloc[[2,3,7]]
```

```
[23]:
```

	birds	age	visits
2	plovers	1.5	3
3	spoonbills	NaN	4
7	Cranes	NaN	2

6. select the rows where the number of visits is less than 4

```
[21]: birds[birds['visits']<4]
```

```
[21]:      birds  age  visits  priority  labels
0    Cranes  3.5      2      yes      a
2    plovers  1.5      3      no      c
4  spoonbills  6.0      3      no      e
6    plovers  5.5      2      no      g
7    Cranes  NaN      2      yes      h
8  spoonbills  8.0      3      no      i
9  spoonbills  4.0      2      no      j
```

7. select the rows with columns ['birds', 'visits'] where the age is missing i.e NaN

```
[24]: x = birds[birds['age'].isnull()]
      x[['birds', 'visits']]
```

```
[24]:      birds  visits
3  spoonbills      4
7    Cranes      2
```

8. Select the rows where the birds is a Cranes and the age is less than 4

```
[26]: t=birds[birds['age']<4]
      t=t[t['birds']=='Cranes']
      t
```

```
[26]:      birds  age  visits  priority  labels
0  Cranes  3.5      2      yes      a
5  Cranes  3.0      4      no      f
```

9. Select the rows the age is between 2 and 4(inclusive)

```
[29]: birds[(birds['age'] >= 2) & (birds['age']<=4)]
```

```
[29]:      birds  age  visits  priority  labels
0    Cranes  3.5      2      yes      a
1    Cranes  4.0      4      yes      b
5    Cranes  3.0      4      no      f
9  spoonbills  4.0      2      no      j
```

10. Find the total number of visits of the bird Cranes

```
[31]: birds[(birds['birds'] == 'Cranes') & (birds['visits'].notnull())].sum()
```

```
[31]: birds      CranesCranesCranesCranes
age                                10.5
visits                             12
priority          yesyesnoyes
labels              abfh
dtype: object
```

11. Calculate the mean age for each different birds in dataframe.

```
[67]: birds.groupby('birds')['age'].mean()
```

```
[67]: birds
      Cranes      3.5
      plovers      3.5
      spoonbills    6.0
      Name: age, dtype: float64
```

12. Append a new row 'k' to dataframe with your choice of values for each column. Then delete that row to return the original DataFrame.

```
[95]: birds.head()
birds.loc['k'] = ['plovers', 3.5, 3, 'no']
print(birds)
birds = birds.drop('k')
print("-----")
print(birds)
```

	birds	age	visits	priority
labels				
a	Cranes	3.5	2	yes
b	Cranes	4.0	4	yes
c	plovers	1.5	3	no
d	spoonbills	NaN	4	yes
e	spoonbills	6.0	3	no
f	Cranes	3.0	4	no
g	plovers	5.5	2	no
h	Cranes	NaN	2	yes
i	spoonbills	8.0	3	no
j	spoonbills	4.0	2	no
k	plovers	3.5	3	no

```
-----
```

	birds	age	visits	priority
labels				
a	Cranes	3.5	2	yes
b	Cranes	4.0	4	yes
c	plovers	1.5	3	no
d	spoonbills	NaN	4	yes
e	spoonbills	6.0	3	no
f	Cranes	3.0	4	no
g	plovers	5.5	2	no
h	Cranes	NaN	2	yes
i	spoonbills	8.0	3	no
j	spoonbills	4.0	2	no

13. Find the number of each type of birds in dataframe (Counts)

```
[96]: birds['birds'].value_counts()
```

```
[96]: spoonbills    4
      Cranes       4
      plovers      2
      Name: birds, dtype: int64
```

14. Sort dataframe (birds) first by the values in the ‘age’ in decending order, then by the value in the ‘visits’ column in ascending order.

```
[98]: t = birds.sort_values('age', ascending = False)
      print(t)
      t = t.sort_values('visits', ascending = True)
      print("-----")
      print(t)
```

```
      birds  age  visits  priority
labels
i  spoonbills  8.0      3      no
e  spoonbills  6.0      3      no
g    plovers  5.5      2      no
b    Cranes   4.0      4     yes
j  spoonbills  4.0      2      no
a    Cranes   3.5      2     yes
f    Cranes   3.0      4      no
c    plovers  1.5      3      no
d  spoonbills  NaN      4     yes
h    Cranes   NaN      2     yes
```

```
-----
      birds  age  visits  priority
labels
g    plovers  5.5      2      no
j  spoonbills  4.0      2      no
a    Cranes   3.5      2     yes
h    Cranes   NaN      2     yes
i  spoonbills  8.0      3      no
e  spoonbills  6.0      3      no
c    plovers  1.5      3      no
b    Cranes   4.0      4     yes
f    Cranes   3.0      4      no
d  spoonbills  NaN      4     yes
```

15. Replace the priority column values with ‘yes’ should be 1 and ‘no’ should be 0

```
[99]: t['priority'] = t['priority'].replace({'yes': 1, 'no': 0})
      t
```

```
[99]:      birds  age  visits  priority
labels
g    plovers  5.5      2          0
j  spoonbills  4.0      2          0
```

a	Cranes	3.5	2	1
h	Cranes	NaN	2	1
i	spoonbills	8.0	3	0
e	spoonbills	6.0	3	0
c	plovers	1.5	3	0
b	Cranes	4.0	4	1
f	Cranes	3.0	4	0
d	spoonbills	NaN	4	1

16. In the 'birds' column, change the 'Cranes' entries to 'trumpeters'.

```
[100]: t['birds'] = t['birds'].replace({'Cranes' : 'trumpeters'})
t
```

```
[100]:
```

	birds	age	visits	priority
labels				
g	plovers	5.5	2	0
j	spoonbills	4.0	2	0
a	trumpeters	3.5	2	1
h	trumpeters	NaN	2	1
i	spoonbills	8.0	3	0
e	spoonbills	6.0	3	0
c	plovers	1.5	3	0
b	trumpeters	4.0	4	1
f	trumpeters	3.0	4	0
d	spoonbills	NaN	4	1

```
[ ]:
```