70. 10931 - Parity

Time limit: 3.000 seconds

Problem E - Parity

Time Limit: 1 second

We define the parity of an integer **n** as the sum of the bits in binary representation computed modulo two. As an example, the number $21 = 10101_2$ has three 1s in its binary representation so it has parity $3 \pmod{2}$, or 1.

In this problem you have to calculate the parity of an integer $1 \le I \le 2147483647$.

Input

Each line of the input has an integer I and the end of the input is indicated by a line where I = 0 that should not be processed.

Output

For each integer I in the input you should print a line The parity of B is P (mod 2)., where B is the binary representation of I.

Sample Input

2

10

21

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Sample Output

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The parity of 1 is 1 (mod 2).
The parity of 10 is 1 (mod 2).
The parity of 1010 is 2 (mod 2).
The parity of 10101 is 3 (mod 2).
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