COMP 352: Principles of Programming Languages

Assignment 1 on Logical Programming

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Question 1:

- a) O(n)
- b) *0*(*n*)

```
algorithm Method
      input: String S of n characters
     Output: String with each character and its number of repetitions
     result ← ""
     S += '\0'
     A \leftarrow S as character array
     current \leftarrow A[0]
     count \leftarrow 1
      for i \leftarrow 1 to n - 1 do
           if A[i] = current then
                 count++
                 continue
           num ← count > 1 ? count : "";
           result += current + num
           current \leftarrow A[i];
           count \leftarrow 1
      return result
```

Question 2:

```
algorithm Method
     input: Array A of n Integers
     Output: Void
     smallestDiff \leftarrow 2147483647 // Stores the smallest difference
encountered yet
     largestDiff \leftarrow -1
     firstSmallestIndex ← null
     secondSmallestIndex ← null
     firstLargestIndex ← null
     secondLargestIndex ← null
     for i \leftarrow 0 to n - 1 do
          if |A[i] - A[i + 1]| < smallestDiff then
                smallestDiff \leftarrow |A[i] - A[i + 1]|
                firstSmallestIndex \leftarrow i
                secondSmallestIndex \leftarrow i + 1
          if abs(A[i] - A[i + 1]) > largestDiff then
                largestDiff \leftarrow |A[i] - A[i + 1]|
                firstLargestIndex \leftarrow i
                secondLargestIndex \leftarrow i + 1
     print "The two conductive indices with smallest difference
     between their values are: index $(firstSmallestIndex) and index
     $(secondSmallestIndex), storing values $(A[firstSmallestIndex])
     and $(A[secondSmallestIndex])."
     print "The two conductive indices with largest difference
     between their values are: index $(firstLargestIndex) and index
     $(secondLargestIndex), storing values $(A[firstLargestIndex])
     and $(A[secondLargestIndex])."
```

- ii) Iterate through the array and compare the consecutive numbers
- iii) O(n). Because we have 1 loop of n iterations
- iv) O(1). Because there's no recursion meaning that the function is called only once

Question 3:

- a) False, $O(n^9)$ b) True
- c) False
- d) True e) False
- f) False