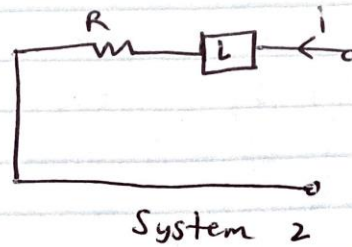
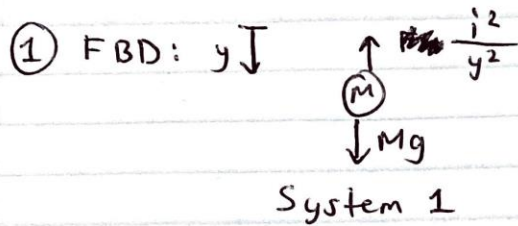


Question 1:

ECE311 Lab 1 Preparation



$$g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$M = 1 \text{ kg}$$

$$R = 3 \Omega$$

$$L = 1 \text{ H}$$

System 1:

$$\sum F = Ma = M\ddot{y}$$

$$-\frac{i^2}{y^2} + Mg = M\ddot{y}$$

System 2:

$$-u + V_L + V_R = 0$$

$$-u + L \frac{di}{dt} + iR = 0$$

$$L \frac{di}{dt} + Ri = u$$

$$\text{Subs. } M = 1 \text{ kg}, g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2, R = 3 \Omega, L = 1 \text{ H}$$

System 1:

$$-\frac{i^2}{y^2} + 9.8 = \ddot{y}$$

System 2:

$$\frac{di}{dt} + 3i = u$$

$$\text{State Vector } x = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} y \\ \dot{y} \\ i \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{State Space Model} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \dot{x}_1 = x_2 \\ \dot{x}_2 = \ddot{y} = 9.8 - \frac{i^2}{y^2} = 9.8 - \frac{x_3^2}{x_1^2} \\ \dot{x}_3 = \dot{i} = u - 3x_3 \\ y = x_1 \end{array} \right.$$

Question 2:

$$(2) \begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 = x_2 \\ \dot{x}_2 = 9.8 - \frac{x_3^2}{x_1^2} \\ \dot{x}_3 = u - 3x_3 \end{cases}$$

For equilibrium, $\dot{x}_1 = \dot{x}_2 = \dot{x}_3 = 0$

$$x_2^* = 0$$

$$9.8 - \frac{x_3^{*2}}{x_1^{*2}} = 0$$

$$\frac{x_3^{*2}}{x_1^{*2}} = 9.8$$

$$x_3^* = 3.13 x_1^*$$

$$u^* - 3x_3^* = 0$$

$$u^* = 3x_3^*$$

$$u^* = 3(3.13)x_1^*$$

$$u^* = 9.39 x_1^*$$

$$(x^*, u^*) = \left(\begin{bmatrix} x_1^* \\ 0 \\ 3.13 x_1^* \end{bmatrix}, 9.39 x_1^* \right)$$

$$\partial_x f = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial x_2} & \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial x_3} \\ \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial x_2} & \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial x_2} \\ \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial x_2} & \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial x_3} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{2x_3^2}{x_1^3} & 0 & -\frac{2x_3}{x_1^2} \\ 0 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{2(3.13x_1^*)^2}{x_1^{*3}} & 0 & -\frac{2(3.13x_1^*)}{x_1^{*2}} \\ 0 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 19.6 x_1^{*-1} & 0 & -6.26 x_1^{*-1} \\ 0 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \quad \partial_u f = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = B$$

$$\partial_x h = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = C$$

$$\partial_u h = 0$$

Question 2 Continued:

$$dx = x - x^*$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} x_1 - x_1^* \\ x_2 \\ x_3 - 3.13x_1^* \end{bmatrix}$$

$$du = u - u^*$$

$$= u - 9.39x_1^*$$

Linearization is:

$$\frac{d}{dt}(dx) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 19.6x_1^{*-1} & 0 & -6.26x_1^{*-1} \\ 0 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$dy = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} x$$

$$\text{where } dx = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 - x_1^* \\ x_2 \\ x_3 - 3.13x_1^* \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{and } du = u - 9.39x_1^*$$

Question 3:

③ Setting $x_1^* = y^* = 1$,

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 19.6 & 0 & -6.26 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$G(s) = C(sI - A)^{-1}B + D$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} s & -1 & 0 \\ -19.6 & s & -6.26 \\ 0 & 0 & s+3 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$G(s) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{s}{s^2-19.6} & \frac{1}{s^2-19.6} & \frac{6.26}{(s+3)(s^2-19.6)} \\ \frac{19.6}{s^2-19.6} & \frac{s}{s^2-19.6} & \frac{6.26s}{(s+3)(s^2-19.6)} \\ 0 & 0 & (s+3)^{-1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{s}{s^2-19.6} & \frac{1}{s^2-19.6} & \frac{6.26}{(s+3)(s^2-19.6)} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{6.26}{(s+3)(s^2-19.6)}$$

$$= \frac{6.26}{(s+3)(s+\sqrt{19.6})(s-\sqrt{19.6})}$$

There aren't any zeros,
but the poles are:

$$-\sqrt{19.6}, -3, \sqrt{19.6}$$

Question 4:

$$\textcircled{4} G(s) = \frac{6.26}{(s+3)(s+\sqrt{19.6})(s-\sqrt{19.6})}$$

$$= \frac{6.26}{(s+3)(s+4.43)(s-4.43)}$$

$$g(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{6.26}{(s+3)(s+4.43)(s-4.43)} \right\}$$

Use Residue Theorem

$$g(t) = \left[\frac{6.26 e^{st}}{(s+4.43)(s-4.43)} \Big|_{s=-3} + \frac{6.26 e^{st}}{(s+3)(s+4.43)} \Big|_{s=4.43} + \frac{6.26 e^{st}}{(s+3)(s-4.43)} \Big|_{s=-4.43} \right] \cdot 1(t)$$

$$= \left[-0.59 e^{-3t} + 0.095 e^{4.43t} + 0.49 e^{-4.43t} \right] \cdot 1(t)$$

Graph of $g(t)$:

