ECE368: Probabilistic Reasoning

Lab 1: Classification with Multinomial and Gaussian Models

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You should hand in: 1) A scanned .pdf version of this sheet with your answers (file size should be under 2 MB); 2) one figure for Question 1.2.(c) and two figures for Question 2.1.(c) in the .pdf format; and 3) two Python files classifier.py and Idaqda.py that contain your code. All these files should be uploaded to Quercus.

1 Naïve Bayes Classifier for Spam Filtering

1. (a) Write down the estimators for p_d and q_d as functions of the training data $\{\mathbf{x}_n, y_n\}, n = 1, 2, \dots, N$ using the technique of "Laplace smoothing". (1 **pt**)

Let D be the total # of distinct words in spam and hom. $P_{d} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_{id} 1(y_{i}=1) + 1 \qquad Q_{d} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_{id} 1(y_{i}=0) + 1 \qquad \text{where}$ $\sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} x_{ij} 1(y_{i}=1) + 0 \qquad \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{N} x_{ij} 1(y_{i}=0) + 0 \qquad 1(y_{i}=j) = \begin{cases} 1 & y_{i}=j \\ 0 & y_{i}\neq j \end{cases}$

- (b) Complete function learn_distributions in python file classifier.py based on the expressions. (1 pt)
- 2. (a) Write down the MAP rule to decide whether y=1 or y=0 based on its feature vector \mathbf{x} for a new email $\{\mathbf{x},y\}$. The d-th entry of \mathbf{x} is denoted by x_d . Please incorporate p_d and q_d in your expression. Please assume that $\pi=0.5$. (1 pt)

 $y = \underset{y}{\operatorname{argmax}} \frac{P(x|y) P(y)}{P(x)}$ p(y=1) = p(y=0) = 0.5 $y = \underset{y}{\operatorname{argmax}} \frac{P(x|y) P(y)}{P(x)} = \underset{x_1 \mid x_2 \mid \cdots \mid x_0}{\operatorname{argmax}} \frac{\left(x_1 + x_2 + \cdots + x_0\right)!}{x_1 \mid x_2 \mid \cdots \mid x_0!} \prod_{d=1}^{D} P(x_d \mid y)^{x_d}$ $\underset{ham}{\xrightarrow{D}} \frac{P(x_1 \mid y) P(y)}{A_{11}} = \underset{x_1 \mid x_2 \mid \cdots \mid x_0}{\operatorname{argmax}} \frac{\left(x_1 + x_2 + \cdots + x_0\right)!}{x_1 \mid x_2 \mid \cdots \mid x_0!} \prod_{d=1}^{D} P(x_d \mid y)^{x_d}$

- (b) Complete function classify_new_email in classifier.py, and test the classifier on the testing set. The number of Type 1 errors is 2, and the number of Type 2 errors is 4. (1.5 pt)
- (c) Write down the modified decision rule in the classifier such that these two types of error can be traded off. Please introduce a new parameter to achieve such a trade-off. (0.5 pt)

Introduce new parameter, r, which is the ratio

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Write your code in file classifier.py to implement your modified decision rule. Test it on the testing set and plot a figure to show the trade-off between Type 1 error and Type 2 error. In the figure, the x-axis should be the number of Type 1 errors and the y-axis should be the number of Type 2 errors. Plot at least 10 points corresponding to different pairs of these two types of error in your figure. The two end points of the plot should be: 1) the point with zero Type 1 error; and 2) the point with zero Type 2 error. Please save the figure with name nbc.pdf. (1 pt)

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2 Linear/Quadratic Discriminant Analysis for Height/Weight Data

1. (a) Write down the maximum likelihood estimates of the parameters μ_m , μ_f , Σ , Σ_m , and Σ_f as functions of the training data $\{\mathbf{x}_n, y_n\}$, n = 1, 2, ..., N. (1 **pt**)

$$U_{m} = \frac{1}{\# \text{ of males}} \sum_{i=1}^{N} 1 \{y_{i} = 1\} x_{i}$$

$$U_{f} = \frac{1}{\# \text{ of females}} \sum_{i=1}^{N} 1 \{y_{i} = 2\} x_{i}$$

$$\sum_{m} \frac{1}{\# \text{ of males}} \sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_{i} - u_{m}) (x_{i} - u_{m})^{T} 1 \{y_{i} = 1\}$$

$$\sum_{f} \frac{1}{\# \text{ of females}} \sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_{i} - u_{f}) (x_{i} - u_{f})^{T} 1 \{y_{i} = 2\}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} (\sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_{i} - u_{m}) (x_{i} - u_{m})^{T} 1 \{y_{i} = 1\} + (x_{i} - u_{f}) (x_{i} - u_{f})^{T} 1 \{y_{i} = 2\}$$

(b) In the case of LDA, write down the decision boundary as a linear equation of \mathbf{x} with parameters μ_m , μ_f , and Σ . Note that we assume $\pi = 0.5$. (0.5 **pt**)

In the case of QDA, write down the decision boundary as a quadratic equation of \mathbf{x} with parameters μ_m , μ_f , Σ_m , and Σ_f . Note that we assume $\pi = 0.5$. (0.5 pt)

$$-\frac{1}{2}(x-u_m)^{T} \xi_m^{-1}(x-u_m) - \frac{1}{2}\log(|\xi_m|) = -\frac{1}{2}(x-u_f)^{T} \xi_f^{-1}$$

$$(x-u_f)^* - \frac{1}{2}\log(|\xi_f|)$$

- (c) Complete function discrimAnalysis in Idaqda.py to visualize LDA and QDA models and the corresponding decision boundaries. Please name the figures as Ida.pdf, and qda.pdf. (1 pt)
- 2. The misclassification rates are 0.11818 for LDA, and 0.10909 for QDA. (1 pt)