

## 动词时态专项测试

### I. 单选题

1.The new secretary	y is supposed to r	eport to the manager a	as soon as she					
A. will arrive	B. arrives	C. is going to arrive	D. is arriving					
2.When I was at co	llege I	three foreign languag	es, but I all except a					
few words of each.	ew words of each.							
A. spoke; had forgo	otten	B. spoke; have	forgotten					
C. had spoken; had	forgotten	D. had spoken;	have forgotten					
3.—Come on in, Pe	eter. I want to sho	w you something.						
—Oh, how nice of	you! I yo	u to bring me	a gift.					
A. never think; are	going	B. never though	t; were going					
C. didn't think; wer	e going	D. hadn't thoug	ht; were going					
4.The volleyball ma	atch will be put of	ff if it	452					
A. will rain	B. rains	C. rained	D. is raining					
5.Mary a dr	ess when she cut	her finger.						
A. made	B. is making	C. was making	D. makes					
6. When Jack arrive	ed he learned Mai	y for almost	an hour.					
A. had gone	B. had set off	C. had left	D. had been away					
7Do you know o	our town at all?		ISH					
No, this is the fir	st time I	here.	ICNS					
A. was	B. have been	C. came D.	am coming					
8.—How long	each other bef	ore theymarried?	—For about a year.					
A. have they known; get B. did they know; were going to get								
C. do they know; are going to get D. had they known; got								
9. My dictionary I have looked for it everywhere but stillit.								
A. has lost; don't fin	nd	B. is missing; don't find						
C. has lost; haven't	found	D. is missing; haven't found						
10. We were all surprised when he made it clear that he office soon.								

	A. leaves	B. would leave	C. left	D.	had left
11. You don't need to describe her. I _			1	ner several t	imes.
	A. had met	B. have met	C. met		D. meet
	12. I first met Lisa	three years ago. Sl	ne	at a radio sl	nop at the time.
	A. has worked		B. was	working	
	C. had been working	ng	D. had	worked	
	13. Shirleya bo	ok about China las	st year bu	ıt I don't kn	ow whether she has finished in
	A. has written	B. wrote	C. had	written	D. was writing
	14Hi, Tracy, you	look tired.			
	I am tired. I	the living room	n all day	•	
	A. painted		B. had	painted	
	C. have been painti	ng	D. hav	e painted	
	15. The new suspen	nsion bridge	b	y the end of	f last month.
	A. has been design	ned	B. had	d been desig	gned
	C. was designed		D. wo	ould be desig	gned
	Ⅱ. 用动词的适当	形式填空			
	1. He	back a month ago	. (come)		
	2. We	football when it b	egan to 1	rain. (play)	
	3. Please come to o	our meeting if you		free to	morrow. (be)
	4. She	_ to the Great Wal	l several	times. (goes	s)
	5. In his letter, he s	aid that he	us	s very much	. (miss)
	6. The film1	for nearly fifteen n	ninutes v	vhen I got to	the cinema. (be)
	7. I will	_ Li Ming the goo	d news a	s soon as I	see him. (告诉)
	8. Great changes	in our cou	ntry sinc	e 1978. (tak	e place)
	9. I m	y daughter since la	ist montl	h. (hear fron	n)
	10. It	me two days to wr	ite the a	rticle. (花费	)



## 现在完成时基础练习

### I. 句型转换

1. He has alread	dy gone home.					
Не		home		. (7	否定句)	
:	he	home		? (	一般疑问	句)
2. He has lunch						
Не	<u> </u>	lunch at h	nome.	(否:	定句)	
3. He has been	there twice.					
		·	ł	ne be	en there?	(划线提问)
4. I have lunch						
	you	·	lunch	?(划	线提问)	
II.用适当的时	态填空					
1.She's	(live)	here ever sinc	e she w	as te	n.	
2.Both of them		(b	e) in H	ong l	Kong for t	en days.
3.Both of them	(	come) to Hong	Kong t	ten d	ays ago.	
4. Half an hour		(pass) since the	e train _		(le	eave).
5. Mary	(lose)	her pen	you		(see) it	here and ther
6	you	(find)	your v	vatch	yet?	TGH!
7Are you th	irsty?	(have)				Ma.
No I	just	(have)	some c	rang	ge.	, *
8. We	already		(ret	turn)	the book.	
9						
10. I		(not finish) my	home	work	. Can you	help me?
11. My father _	(read) the novel twice.					
	_ (buy) a book just now.					
13. I	_(lost) my wa	ntch yesterday.				
14. My father _		(read	l) this b	ook	since yest	erday.

III. 用 have/has been to/in, have gone to 及 go to 形式填空						
1) Where is Jack? He	his country yesterday.					
2) David the pa	ırk just now.					
3) How long he	this village?					
4) The Smiths Beijing for	or 5 years.					
5) you ever	America? Yes, I there many					
times.						
6) I 1	this school since three years ago.					
7) Where is Jim? He	the farm since I came here.					
8) When he?	He an hour ago.					
9) Would you like to	the zoo with me?Yes, but I there before.					
10) Where you	now? I the zoo.					
11) He often swimi	ming.					
12) you ther	re last year?					
13) they often	_ skating in winter?					
Ⅳ. 延续性动词和瞬间性动词	之间的转化					
1.He died 10 years ago	He for 10 years / since 10 years ago.					
2. He borrowed the book 2 week	ks ago Hethe book for 2 weeks.					
3. He bought the motorbike a m	onth agoHethe motorbike for a month.					
4. He arrived here three days ago Hehere since three days ago.						
5. He left here 2 years ago Hefrom here for 2 years.						
6. The film began 30 minutes ag	go The film for 30 minutes.					
7. They closed the door an hour	ago The doorfor an hour.					
8. He joined the army last year. He the army for a year.						



## 非谓语动词专项练习

1the road on	the right, you'll find his	house.	
A. Follow	B. Following	C. To follow	D. Followed
2under the t	ree, the girl seems to be t	hinking about somet	thing delightful.
A. Standing	B. To stand	C. Stood	D. Stands
3by the terro	orists, several tall building	gs in that area collap	osed.
A. To be attacked		B. Having been atta	acked
C. Having attacked		D. Being attacked	
4the descrip	tion of it from a book one	ce, she knew the place	ce quite well.
A. Reading	B. Having read	C. Had read	D. To read
5.She stood still for	r a long time,what	to say to her dad.	
A. wondered	B. to wondering	C. wondering	D.having wondered
6with the co	rresponding period of las	t year, the output of	chemical fibers in the
quarter of this year	rose by 15%.		
A. Comparing	B. To compare	C. Compared	D. Compare
7. The hospital has	recently introduced new	medical equipmen	t,more patients
be treated.			
A. being allowed		B. allowing	
C. having been allo	owed	D. allowed	15/11
8an importa	nt role in a new movie, A	ndy has got a chanc	e to become famous.
A. Offer	B. Offering	C. Offered	D. To offer
9by the teac	her, the students didn't m	ake such mistakes ar	ny more.
A. Having warned		B. Having been wa	rned
C. To be warned		D. Being warned	
10. The weather	_ fine, they decided to go	out for a walk.	
A. were	B. was	C. is	D. being
11. The last plane_	, they had to stay in th	e hotel for another n	night.
A. left	B. having left	C. having been left	D. be leaving

12. Everything into considera	ition, his v	vork is well don	e.			
A. taking B. taken		C. has been ta	ken	D. being taken		
13. All his work, he left his o	ffice at ea	se.				
A. finished B. had been f	finished	C. finishing		D. to finish		
14. Cars, they were punish	ed by the	police.				
A. parking illegally	B. parke	ed illegally				
C. being parked illegally	D. havii	ng parked illegal	ly			
15. There, we left.						
A. being nothing else to do	B. is no	thing else to do				
C. was nothing else to do	D. havii	ng nothing else t	o do			
非谓语动词对比练习						
1. (1)from the tower, or	ır Tianjii	n city looks m	ore beaut	iful.		
(2) from the tower, w	ve can se	e our beautifu	l Tianjin	city.		
A. Seeing B. Seen	C.	To see	D. Havi	ng seen		
2. (1)The sport meet next week is of great importance.						
(2)The sports meet now is very important						
(3)The sports meet1	ast week	is of great im	portance.			
A. holding B. being he	ld C.	to be held	D. held			
3. (1)Most of us went to see	her,	some girls.				
(2)Most of us went to see her, some girls						
A. include B. including	g C.	included	D. to inc	clude		
4. (1)If time, I'll go to	see my f	riends tomorro	ow.			
(2)Time, I'll go to so	ee my fri	ends tomorrov	v.			
A. permitted B. permits	C.	permitting	D. perm	it		



## 名词性从句作业

1. Modern science has given clear evidence \_\_\_\_\_smoking can lead to many diseases.

A. what	B. which	C. that	D. where			
2the delayed flight will take off depends largely on the weather						
A. Why	B. When	C. That	D. What			
3. I have no idea	we 're going to spend	d our summer vacation.				
A. who	B. When	C. which	D. it			
4we underst	and things has a lot to do	with how we feel				
A. Where	B. How	C. Why	D. When			
5 I was unc	ertain about was	we could overcome the	difficulties all by			
ourselves.						
A. Whether: that	B. Why; what	C. What: whether	D. That: what			
6. It suddenly occu	rred to Jackhe had	left his homework at hor	me.			
A. whether	B where	C. which	D. That			
7 is to attend	d the party tomorrow will	be given a beautiful sma	ll gift.			
A. Who	B. Whom	C. Whoever	D. Whomever			
8 she was in	vited to the dance made l	ner very happy				
A. What	B. That	C. How	D. Which			
9. The headmaster	wanted to know a	t the entrance of the scho	ol.			
A. who were you w	vaiting for	B. what were you v	vaiting for			
C. that you were w	aiting for	D. whom you were	waiting for			
10. It is difficult for	r us to Imagine the	life was like for slaves in	the ancient world.			
A. Where	B. what	C. which	D. why			
11. This is a very sl	hort distance. It doesn't m					
A. this	B. whether	C. what	D. why			
12. We haven't disc	cussed yetwe are	going to place our new fu	ırniture.			
A. that	B. which	C. what	D. where			
13. She had a big smile on her face all day long. No one in the class knewshe was						
so happy.						
A. Where	B. whether	C. that	D. why			
14. I don't doubthe 'll come to the cafe to see me on time.						
A. that	B. if	C. what	D. whether			
15. These wild flow	vers are so rare that I will	doI can to save	them.			

A. whatever	B. that	C. which	D. whichever				
16ma	akes the book so special is	the creative imagination	on of the writer.				
A. That	B. What	C. Those	D. Which				
17. I'd like to start my own business-that's I'd do if I had money.							
A. why	B. when	C. which	D. what				
18. The reason	18. The reason why I didn't go there was I got a new job.						
A. why	B. because	C. due to	D. that				
19. The fact	19. The factwe are still behind the other classes makes us discouraged.						
A. why	B. what	C. that	D. which				
20. The present problem is we should operate the new machine correctly.							
A. why	B. how	C. which	D. what				



# 被动语态专项作业

1. In some countries , tea with milk	and sugar.
A. is serving	B. is served
C. serves	D. served
2. Great changes in my hometown sir	nce 1980.
A. have been taken place	B. took place
C. have taken place	D. were taken place
3. The new type of car is going to in	three years.
A. turn out	B. be turned out
C. has turned out	D. have been turned out
4. The woman murdered her friend and	to
A. was sentenced, death	B. sentencing, die
C. sentenced, death	D. sentenced, die
5. —Do you like the skirt? —It	soft.
A. is feeling B. felt	C. feels D. is felt
6. Are you still here? You were here an hou	r ago .
Who for ?	
A. are you waiting	B. did you wait
C. were you waiting	D. do you wait
7 to know Professor Zhang.	
A. He said B. I said	C. He is said D. It says
8. —I want to sit at the table near the wir	ndow.
—Sorry, already.	
A. it took	B. it takes
C. it is taking	D. it has been taken
9. The letter three days ago and it_	yesterday.
A. had post, had arrived	B. was posted, arrived
C. posted, arrived	D. had been posted, was arrived
10. He told me that the final examination	next Thursday.
A. is given	B. will be given
C. would have given	D. would be given
11. Water into ice.	

	A. will changed	B. must be changed	
	C. should change	D. can be changed	
	12. Plays twice a month in that the	neatre.	
	A. put on	B. are put on	
	C. was put on	D. often put on	
	13. The birds fly away last Satu	rday.	
	A. let to B. is let to	C. was let D. were	let to
	14. A strange sound yesterday ev	rening.	
	A. was heard B. hears	C. heard D. is hear	ard
	15. A beautiful bike him by his	classmates.	
	A. sent to	B. will sent to	
	C. was sent to	D. will be sent for	
	16. Miss Chen to s	speak at the meeting.	
	A. has ···been asked	B. has beenasked	
	C. Have been asked	D. havebeen asked	
	17. Meat out in this shop . We d	an now.	
	A. have been sold, get nothing	B. has been sold, get n	othing
	C. has been sold, get some	D. have been sold, get	some
	18. The new play in theatre now	v . Why don't you go in and	see it?
3	A. is being shown B. is showing	C. is shown D.	shows
NO	19. Can you tell?		
11	A. when did it happen	B. when was it happened	ed
,	C. when it happened	D. when it was happened	ed
	20 the job by Lucy or by	y John ?	
	Tell me the truth, please.		
	A. Has finished	B. Hasbeing finished	d
	C. Isfinish	D. Hasbeen finished	
ed			



## 虚拟语气第一大类

1.	If only hequie	etly as the doctor ins	structed, he would no	ot suffer so much now.
	A. lies	B. lay	C. had lain	D. should lie
2.	How I wish every fan	nilya large hou	se with a beautiful g	garden.
	A. has	B. had	C. will have	D. had had
3.	You did not let me dri	ive. If wein tur	n, you so tired	
	A. drove; didn't get		B. drove; wouldn't	get
	C. were driving; would	ldn't get	D. had driven; wor	uldn't have got
4.	it rain tomorrow,	we would have to pu	at off the visit to the	Yangpu Bridge.
	A. Were	B. Should	C. Would	D. Will
5.	When a pencil is part	ly in a glass of water	r, it looks as if it	_
	A. breaks	B. has broken	C. were broken	D.had been broken
6.	Your aunt invites y	ou to the movies too	lay	
	-I would rather she	me tomorrow tha	n today	
	A. tells	B. told	C. would tell	D. had told
7.	I was ill that day, other	erwise I the spe	orts meet.	THE N
	A. would have taken	part in	B. took part in	SHILL
	C. had taken part in		D. would take part	in
8.	the clouds, you w	ould find the airplan	e in the sky easily.	
	A. Had it not been for	r	B. If it were not	
	C. If it had not been f	or	D. Were it not for	
9.	hard, he would h	nave passed the exan	1.	
	A. If he were to work		B. Had he worked	
	C. Should he work		D. Were he to work	3

10today, he	would get there by F	riday.	
A. Were he to leave	e	B. If he had left	
C. Did he to leave		D. Had he left	
11. Had you listene	ed to the doctor, you	all right now .	
A. are	B. were	C. would be	D. would have been
预习虚拟语气第二	二类:		
1. The teacher dem	anded that the work	before 4 o'clo	ock.
A. finished	B. be finished	C. should finish	D. finish
2 What did the	doctor say about yo	ur mother's illness?	
He suggest	ted that she ar	n operation at once.	
A. must have	B. had	C. have	D. had had
3. Is it necessary th	at he the exa	mination?	
A. takes	B. has to take	C. must take	D. take
4. It is strange that	he you this.		
A. would tell	B. should tell	C. had told	D. has told
5. His suggestion t	hat you once	more sounds reasonal	ble.
A. try	B. tries	C. must try	D. can try



## 主动表被动专项作业

1. I like getting up v	ery early in summer. T	od	A. hasbeen asked			
A. to be breathed	B. to breath	C. breathing	D. being breathed	C. Have been	asked	
2. If there's a lot of v	work, I'm very	happy to keep on until	it is finished.	17 to know I	Professor Zhang.	
A. to do	B. to be doing	C. done	D. doing	A. He said	B. I said	
3. The surface of the	tablesmooth	enough.		18. −I want to sit a	at the table near the windo	
A. hasn't felt	B. doesn't feel	C. isn't feeling	D. isn't felt	A. it took	B. it takes	
4. I'll come after the	meeting if time	_·		19. The letter	three days ago and it_	
A. permits	B. is permitting	C. is permitted	D. has permitted	A. had post, had	l arrived	
5. When the speaker	entered the hall, all the	e listeners		C. posted, arrive	ed	
A. had seated	B. were seated	C. seated	D. were seating	20. He told me that	the final examination	
6. — Do you like th	he new pen?			A. is given		
— Yes, it	very well.			C. would have g	iven	
A. is written	B. is writing	D. Wrote	C. writes		No	
7. The notice	_ "No smoking."				~101	
A. is wrote	B. reads	C. writes	D. is read		/ / ,	
8. With a lot of prob	lem to, the new	vly elected president is l	naving a hard time.			
A. settled	B. settling	C. to settle	D. being settled			
9. In many people's	opinion, that company,	though relatively small	, is			
pleasant			- NC			
A. to deal with	B. dealing with	C. to be dealt with	D. dealt with			
10. Ladies and gen	ntlemen, please remain	n until the	plane has come to a			
complete stop.						
A. seated	B. seating	C. to seat	D. seat			
11. These young see	dlings will need	_ carefully.				
A. look after	B. looking after	C. to look after	D. looked after			
12. I found the car co	omfortable					
A. to ride	B. riding	C. to ride in	D. riding in			
13. — Who is	for starting the fire	? — Sorry, I have no i	dea.			
A. to be blamed	B. blaming	C. being blamed	D. to blame			
14."Harry Potter" is	worth, appeali	ng to millions of teens.				
A. to read	B. reading	C. to be read	D. being read			
15. A beautiful bike	him by his cla	assmates.				

	A. sent to	B. will sent to	C. was sent to	D. will be sent for			
16	. Miss Chen	_just to speak	at the meeting.				
	A. hasbeen asked	1	B. has beenaske	ed			
	C. Have been asl	ked	D. havebeen asked				
17	to know Prof	essor Zhang.					
	A. He said	B. I said	C. He is said	D. It says			
18	. —I want to sit at th	e table near the window	w. —Sorry,	already.			
	A. it took	B. it takes	C. it is taking	D. it has been taken			
19	. The letter1	three days ago and it	yesterday.				
	A. had post, had arr	rived	B. was posted, arri	ived			
	C. posted, arrived		D. had been posted	, was arrived			
20	. He told me that the	final examination	next Thursday	y.			
	A. is given		B. will be given				
	C. would have given	1	D. would be given				

16. Have you read the book written Charles Dickens? It's worth\_\_\_\_\_



### 非谓语动词其它用法作业

	II 114 1 24 1 42 1			A. to read	B. read	C. reading	D. to being read	
1. I would rather	home thanfootba	ll. It's too hot outside.		17. Our English tea	cher has told us ma	any times to spend more tin	neby ourselves.	
A. stay; playing		B. stay; play		A. learning	B. to learn	C. for learning	D. learn	
C. to stay; to play  D. to stay; playing			18. Jack could do	18. Jack could do nothing butto his mother that he was wrong and he shouldn'				
2. There are so many	kinds of pens here. I can	't decide		have argued with h	er.			
A. when to choose B. to choose which			A. admitting	B. admits	C. admit	D. to admit		
C. which one to choose D. which one chooses			19. The flu is believedby viruses that like to reproduce in the cells inside the body.					
3. We scored a goal and won when there were only two minutes				A. cause		B. being caused		
A. leave	B. to have left	C. left	D. leaving	C. to be caused		D. to have caused		
4. Father was busy_	the meal when he got	t a call from his client	•	20. Since you use	20. Since you used toin the remote village, I believe you can get used to			
A. cooking	B. to cook	C. cooked	D. to be cooking	under difficult cond	litions.			
5. She finished typin	g her report and stopped_	some snacks in t	he kitchen.	A. live; working	1	B. Living; work		
A. to eat	B. eating	C. to have eaten	D. eat	C. Living; working		D. Live; work		
6. The air conditioner was on all night, because I forgot				21. The thief stole i	into the house, only	yby the owner.		
A. turning it off	B. having turned it of	ff C. to turn it off	D. turn it off	A. to catch	~\(\mathcal{O}\) i	B. to be caught		
7. The policeman wa	arned the young man	_after drinking.		C. having been cau	ght l	D. catching		
A. not to drive	B. to not drive	C. not driving	D. not drive	22. We can't think t	hat we can still esc	capeeven if we do sor	nething very bad.	
8. He didn't feel like	with his fellows for	fear of harming their	relationship.	A. punished	B. to be punished	C. punishing	D. being punished	
A. to compete	B. being competed	C. competed	D. competing	23. It is no use	_all these old cloth	nes. Let's give them to those	e in need.	
9. The room is not be	ig enough for us all		N	A. to keep	B. kept	C. keeping	D. being kept	
A. to stay at	B. to be staved	C. to staying	D. stayed at	24. The library requ	uires, and for	ur students are asked to help	do the work.	
10. He lets everyonethat he is a qualified engineer.			A. cleaning	B. be cleaned	C. clean	D. being cleaned		
A. realize	B. to realize	C. realizing	D. realized	25. George stood up	p to answer the que	estion in order to make hims	selfby others.	
11. Despite the traffi	c jam, there are still many	peopleto buy o	cars.	A seen	B. to see	C. seeing	D. see	
A. want	B. wanted	C. wanting	D.to want	分析是什么从句?	主句和从句的调	胃语动词分别是什么?		
12. The poor boy was seenfrom his bike in front of his friends				Where he was conf	used me.		_	
A. fell	B. to fall	C. falling	D. fallen	She wanted to know where he was.				
13. It is the best way wild animals from being hunted and killed			He decided to stay at the place where he was.					
A. protecting	B. to protecting	C. protected	D. to protect	He decided to stay where he was.				
14. You'd better have	e your carIt's too di	irty.		_				
A. to wash	B. washed	C. washing	D. wash	•				
15. He made it easy	for old peoplecomp	outers by inventing nev	w software.	The woman neglect	ted the question wh	nere he was.		
A. use	B. using	C. to use	D. used					