Hive Database

Create Database

create database if not exists testdatabase;

create database if not exists movie comment "This database holds all tables about movies";

Create database accounting location '/user/cloudera';

Show Database

show databases;

show databases like 'm*';

Describe Database

Describe database movie;

Describe formatted database movie;

Drop Database

Drop database movie;

Drop database movie cascade;



Hive Managed Tables

Create Managed Table

CREATE TABLE customers

(custId INT, fName STRING, IName STRING, city STRING)

ROW FORMAT DELIMITED

FIELDS TERMINATED BY '|'

STORED AS TEXTFILE;

sqoop import --connect "jdbc:mysql://localhost/retail_db" --username root --password cloudera --table customers --target-dir /user/cloudera/customer-hive --fields-terminated-by '|' --delete-target-dir --columns "customer_id,customer_fname,customer_lname,customer_city"

Load Data From HDFS Location

LOAD DATA INPATH '/user/cloudera/customer-hive ' overwrite into table customers;

Load Data From Local File System

LOAD DATA LOCAL INPATH '/user/cloudera/customer-hive ' overwrite into table 'customers';

Drop Managed Table

Drop table customers;



Hive External Tables

Create External Table

CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE customers

(custId INT, fName STRING, IName STRING, city STRING)

ROW FORMAT DELIMITED

FIELDS TERMINATED BY '|'

STORED AS TEXTFILE

LOCATION '/user/cloudera/customer-hive';

sqoop import --connect "jdbc:mysql://localhost/retail_db" --username root --password cloudera --table customers --target-dir /user/cloudera/customer-hive --fields-terminated-by '|' --delete-target-dir --columns "customer_id,customer_fname,customer_lname,customer_city"

Drop External Table

DROP TABLE customers;

Create Table

CREATE TABLE customer_new as SELECT * from customers;

Hive Analysis

GroupBy/OrderBy Function

Select city, count(*)

from customers

group by city

order by city

limit 100;

GroupBy/Having/OrderBy Function

Select city, count(*)

from customers

group by city

having count(*)>200

order by city

limit 5;

IF clause

Select city,

if (count(*) >50,1,0) as bigCity

from customers

group by city;

Min/Max/Sum Function

Select min(custid),max(custid),sum(custid),avg(custid) from customers;



Different formats/Compressions

Parquet Format

Create table customer_parquet

stored as parquet

location '/user/cloudera/customers-parquet'

as select * from customers;

SET parquet.compression=SNAPPY;

SET hive.exec.compress.output=true;

Parquet Format with Snappy compression

Create table customer_parquet_snappy

stored as parquet

location '/user/cloudera/customer-parquet-snappy'

as select * from customers;



sqoop import --connect "jdbc:mysql://localhost/retail_db" --username root --password cloudera --table customers --target-dir /user/cloudera/customer-avro --fields-terminated-by '|' --columns "customer_id,customer_fname,customer_lname,customer_city" --as-avrodatafile

avro-tools getschema hdfs://localhost/user/cloudera/customer-avro/part-m-00000.avro > customer.avsc

hdfs dfs -mkdir /user/cloudera/customer-avro-schema

hdfs dfs -put customer.avsc /user/cloudera/customer-avro-schema

Auro Format

CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE customers_avro

(custld INT, fName STRING, IName STRING, city STRING)

ROW FORMAT DELIMITED

FIELDS TERMINATED BY '|'

STORED AS AVRO

location '/user/cloudera/customer-avro'

TBLPROPERTIES ('avro.schema.url'='/user/cloudera/customer-avro-schema/customer.avsc');

Fixed File format using Regular Expressions

```
Create External Table employee_fixed

(empld int,
name STRING,
age int)

ROW FORMAT SERDE 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.serde2.RegexSerDe'
with SERDEPROPERTIES("input.regex" = "(.{4})(.{10})(.{2})")
location '/user/cloudera/employee-fixed';
```

Auro Format with Snappy Compressions

```
CREATE TABLE customers_avro_snappy
```

STORED AS AVRO

location '/user/cloudera/customer-avro-snappy'

TBLPROPERTIES ('avro.schema.url'='/user/cloudera/customer-avro-schema/customer.avsc', "avro.output.codec"="snappy")

as Select * from customers;

Hive String Functions

Concat Function

select

concat(fname,'+',Iname,':',city)

from customers;

Concat_ws Function

Select

concat_ws(' ',fname,Iname,'is from',city)

from customers;

Length Function

select

concat(fname,' ',Iname)

from customers

where length(concat(fname,lname))>8;

Lower/Upper/Reverse Function

Select

UPPER(fname),LOWER(Iname),REVERSE(city)

from customers;

LPAD/RPAD Function

Select

LPAD(fname,6,'#'),RPAD(Iname,6,'*')

from customers;

Split Function

select

split(fname,'a')

from customers;

SUBSTR Function

select

SUBSTR(fname,3)

from customers;

Regexp_extract Function

Select

regexp_replace(city,'Las','Allas')

from customers

where city like '%Las%';

Hive Date Functions

Month, Year, Day Function

```
select
year('1970-01-01'),
month('1970-01-11'),
day('1970-01-11')
from customers limit 1
```

Hour/Minute/Second Function

```
Select
hour('2009-07-30 12:58:59'),
minute('2009-07-30 12:58:59'),
second('2009-07-30 12:58:59')
from customers limit 1;
```

DateDiff Function

```
select
datediff('2019-03-01', '2019-02-27')
from customers limit 1;
```

Date_Add/Date_Sub Function

```
select
date_add('2019-01-26', 2),
date_sub('2019-12-31', 1)
from customers limit 1;
```

Add_months/months_between Function

```
select
add_months('2019-01-26', 2),
months_between('2019-04-01', '2019-01-01')
from customers limit 1;
```

Current_date/current_timestamp Function

```
select
current_date,
current_timestamp
from customers limit 1;
```

Unix_Timestamp Function

select
unix_timestamp()
from customers limit 1;

Date to Unix_Timestamp conversion

select unix_timestamp('2019-03-20 11:30:01') from customers limit 1;
select unix_timestamp('2019/03/20','yyyy/MM/dd') from customers limit
1;



Hive Partioning

sqoop import --connect "jdbc:mysql://localhost/retail_db" --username root --password cloudera --table orders --target-dir "/user/cloudera/orders"

Order Table

CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE orders

(ordid INT, date STRING, custid INT, status STRING)

ROW FORMAT DELIMITED

FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','

Location '/user/cloudera/orders';

Partitioned based on status

CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE orders_partitioned

(ordid INT, date STRING, custid INT)

PARTITIONED BY (status STRING)

ROW FORMAT DELIMITED

FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',';

set hive.exec.dynamic.partition=true; set hive.exec.dynamic.partition.mode=nonstrict;

Populate partitions

INSERT OVERWRITE TABLE orders_partitioned PARTITION (status)
SELECT ordid, date, custid, status from orders;

Show partitions

SHOW PARTITIONS orders_partitioned;

```
hive> SHOW PARTITIONS orders_partitioned;

OK
status=CANCELED
status=CLOSED
status=COMPLETE
status=ON_HOLD
status=PAYMENT_REVIEW
status=PENDING
status=PENDING_PAYMENT
status=PROCESSING
status=SUSPECTED_FRAUD
Time taken: 0.32 seconds, Fetched: 9 row(s)
```



Hive Bucketing

Bucketed on custID

CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE orders_bucketed

(ordid INT, date STRING, custid INT, status STRING)

CLUSTERED BY (custid) into 10 BUCKETS

ROW FORMAT DELIMITED

FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',';

set hive.enforce.bucketing = true;

Populate buckets

INSERT OVERWRITE TABLE orders_bucketed SELECT ordid, date, custid, status from orders;

Partitioned based on status/Bucketed on date

CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE orders_partitioned_bucketed

(ordid INT, date STRING, custid INT)

PARTITIONED BY (status STRING)

CLUSTERED BY (custid) into 10 BUCKETS

ROW FORMAT DELIMITED

FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',';

Populate partitions

INSERT OVERWRITE TABLE orders_partitioned_bucketed PARTITION (status)

SELECT ordid, date, custid, status from orders;