```
ln[99]:= pts = \{\{0.0, 0.8810487\}, \{0.5, 0.52062547\}, \{1.0, 0.32412635\}, \{2.0, 0.15319098\}\}
          (*these are the points I found in python in the format {redshift, growth}*)
Out[99]=
        \{\{0., 0.881049\}, \{0.5, 0.520625\}, \{1., 0.324126\}, \{2., 0.153191\}\}
In[103]:=
        (*use NDSolve to solve our diffeq in terms of u =
          ln(a). also there was a sign error in the equation in the pset!!*)
        s = NDSolve \left[ \left\{ g''[u] + \left( \frac{5}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \Omega DE \right) g'[u] + 3 \Omega DE g[u] == 0 \text{ /. } \Omega DE \rightarrow \frac{1}{1 + \left( \frac{Exp[u]}{a \Delta m} \right)^{-3}} \text{ /. } a \Delta m \rightarrow 0.77, \right] \right]
In[104]:=
            g[-5] = 1, g'[-5] = 0, g, \{u, -5, 0\}
Out[104]=
        In[105]:=
        (g /. s[1]) [-0.001]
        (*check the growth value close to zero and make sure we get close to 0.78!*)
Out[105]=
        0.787285
In[107]:=
        (*plot the growth function along with the four points
           we calculated from the data in python - it's not a bad fit*)
In[110]:=
        Module [\{a, u\}, Show [Plot [(a = 1 / (1 + z));
               u = Log[a];
               ag[u]) /. s[1], {z, 0, 2}, PlotRange \rightarrow {{0, 2}, {0, 1}},
            Frame → True, FrameLabel → {"z", "D(a)"}], ListPlot[pts]]]
Out[110]=
           0.8
           0.6
           0.4
           0.2
           0.0
                           0.5
                                         1.0
                                                                     2.0
```