# Package 'civilR'

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all\_member\_sizes

Extract a vector of all member sizes

## Description

Extract a vector of all member sizes for specified steel grade (S355/S275) and member type (UC/UB)

## Usage

```
all_member_sizes(steel_grade, member_type, list_reference_tables)
```

## Arguments

## Value

Vector of all member sizes [ height (mm) x width (mm) x mass (kg/m) ]

```
axial_compression_force
```

Calculate the axial compression force

## Description

Compute Axial Compression Force,  $N_{ed}$  [kN], for member without including Temperature effect. Used as trial for the top level strut where temperature changes could not be neglected. As well can be used to calculate final  $N_{ed}$  for struts from low levels of excavation, where temperature effect could be neglected.

#### Usage

```
axial_compression_force(isTopLevel = T, DL = 1, LL = 1, L = 12.5,
P = 247, theta = 90, spacing = 6, Lcry = 12.7, Lcrz = 1,
steel_grade = "S355", member_type = "UB", alpha_T = 1.2e-05,
delta_T = 10, k_T = 0.8, E = 210, IL = 50, gamma = 1.35,
list_reference_tables)
```

## Arguments

isTopLevel	Is member located at top level? [boolean]	
DL	Dead load / self-weight of member $[kN/m]$	
LL	Live load / imposed load $[kN/m]$	
L	Total length of member $[m]$	
Р	Axial compression force of member per meter $[kN/m]$	
theta	Angle to wall $[deg]$	
spacing	spacing $[m]$	
Lcry	critical length major axis $[m]$	
Lcrz	critical length minor axis $[m]$	
$steel\_grade$	steel_grade $[N/mm^2]$ , categorical: 'S355' or 'S275'	
$member_type$	member_type, categorical: 'UC' or 'UB'	
alpha_T	Thermal coef. of expansion $[degC]$	
delta_T	Change in temperature from the Installation temperature $[degC]$	
k_T	Coefficient Of Temperature Effect [dimensionless]	
Е	Young's Modulus of Elasticity $[GPa]$	
IL	Accidental Impact Load $[kN/m]$	
gamma	Partial factor for action [dimensionless], as per EN 1990:2002 standard	
list_reference_tables		

#### **Details**

First of all function check which combination govern in ULS (Ultimate Limit State) without including Temperature load, TL [kN]. Then include TL calculations for Load Combinations applying partial factors based on the Table A1.2(B), EN1990-2002, p53 Compare maximum from ULS and ALS to define which mistake could govern.

List of reference tables

#### Value

 $N_{ed}$  Axial compression force [kN], TL Temperature Load [kN]

```
axial_compression_force_given_member
```

Calculate the axial compression force for a given member size

#### Description

Compute Axial Compression Force,  $N_{ed}$  [kN], for member without including Temperature effect. Used as trial for the top level strut where temperature changes could not be neglected. As well can be used to calculate final  $N_{ed}$  for struts from low levels of excavation, where temperature effect could be neglected.

#### Usage

```
axial_compression_force_given_member(isTopLevel = T, Ned_no_TL = 6987,
  member_size, alpha_T = 1.2e-05, delta_T = 10, k_T = 0.8, E = 210,
  list_reference_tables)
```

#### Arguments

isTopLevel Is member located at top level? [boolean]

alpha\_T Thermal coef. of expansion [degC]delta\_T Change in temperature from the Installation temperature [degC]k\_T Coefficient Of Temperature Effect [dimensionless]

E Young's Modulus of Elasticity [GPa]

 $list\_reference\_tables$ 

List of reference tables

#### **Details**

First of all function check which combination govern in ULS (Ultimate Limit State) without including Temperature load, TL [kN]. Then include TL calculations for Load Combinations applying partial factors based on the Table A1.2(B), EN1990-2002, p53 Compare maximum from ULS and ALS to define which mistake could govern.

#### Value

 $N_{ed}$  Axial compression force [kN], TL Temperature Load [kN]

calculated\_NEd 5

calculated_NEd	Generate	calculated N	JEd
Caicaiaccainea	G CHUCH GUC		$L_{L}u$

## Description

```
Generate calculated N_{E_d}, N_{E_{dc}} [kN].
```

## Usage

```
calculated_NEd(N_b_Rd, Ieff, MEd, h0, A)
```

#### Arguments

N_b_Rd	Overall buckling resistance of the struts about the axis $[kN]$
Ieff	Effective second moment of area $[mm^4]$
MEd	Second order moment $[kN.m]$
h0	Distance between centroids of chords $[m]$

Cross-section area of strut  $[cm^2]$ 

#### Value

Α

```
N_{E_{dc}} Calculated N_{E_{d}} [kN]
```

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} check-all\_member\_sizes & Generate\ a\ table\ with\ all\ member\ sizes\ and\ apply\ all\ checks\ on\ each\ of\ them \end{tabular}$ 

#### Description

Generate a table with all member sizes and apply all checks on each of them

## Usage

```
check_all_member_sizes(steel_grade = "S355", member_type = "UB",
    k = 0.8, L = 12.5, E = 210, h0 = 1000, Lch = 1000, Ad = 1140,
    n = 2, isTopLevel = T, alpha_T = 1.2e-05, delta_T = 10,
    k_T = 0.8, Ned_no_TL = 6987,
    file_name = "tables/input/all_member_sizes_checked.xlsx",
    export_xlsx = T)
```

#### Arguments

Lch Length of chord [mm]

Ad Section area of diagonal (lacing),  $[cm^2]$  n Number of planes of lacing, default [n=2] is TopLevel Is member located at top level? [boolean]

alpha\_T Thermal coef. of expansion [degC]

delta\_T Change in temperature from the Installation temperature [deqC]

k\_T Coefficient Of Temperature Effect [dimensionless]

Ned\_no\_TL Axial Compressional Force without Temperature Load [kN]

file\_name Path and file name of the output table

export\_xlsx Boolean to export Excel spreadsheet or not [T/F]

#### Value

Dataframe containing relevant input and all computed data

check\_local\_buckling\_resistance\_about\_zz\_axis

Perform check #3, calculating the local buckling resistance of struts about minor z - z axis

#### Description

Calculate the local buckling resistance of member about minor z-z axis, based on EC3 Approach.

$$L_e = kL_{ch}$$

[mm] where L is the critical length for buckling about minor axis z-z Steps of the check performed for laced struts:

1. Plastic resistance of the cross-section to compression [kN]

$$N_{pl,R_d,ch} = 2(A f y)$$

2. The Euler buckling load [kN]

$$N_{cr,ch} = \frac{\pi^2 E I_{zz}}{L_e^2}$$

3. Relative slenderness [dimensionless]

$$\bar{\lambda_{ch}} = \sqrt{\frac{N_{pl,R_d,ch}}{N_{cr,ch}}}$$

4. Calculate  $\Phi_{ch}$  parameter for slenderness reduction factor

$$\Phi_{ch} = 0.5 \left[ 1 + \alpha \left( \overline{\lambda_{ch}} - 0.2 \right) + \overline{\lambda_{ch}}^2 \right]$$

5. Slenderness reduction factor [dimensionless]

$$X_{ch} = \frac{1}{\Phi_{ch} + \sqrt{{\Phi_{ch}}^2 - {\lambda_{ch}^-}^2}}$$

6. Output overall buckling resistance of the struts about z-z minor axis [kN]

$$N_{b,R_d,ch} = X_{ch} N_{pl,R_d,ch}$$

The partial factors  $\gamma_M$  that are applied to resistance of members to instability:  $\gamma_{M_1} = 1$ 

#### Usage

```
check_local_buckling_resistance_about_zz_axis(trial_member_size,
  member_type, steel_grade, k, Lch, E, list_reference_tables)
```

#### Arguments

trial\_member\_size

Trial member size

member\_type member\_type, categorical: 'UC' or 'UB'

steel\_grade steel\_grade  $[N/mm^2]$ , categorical: 'S355' or 'S275'

k Coefficient [dimensionless] Lch Length of chord [mm]

E Young's Modulus of Elasticity [GPa]

list\_reference\_tables

List of reference tables

#### Value

 $N_{b,Rd,X}$  Local buckling resistance of struts about z-z axis  $[kN], f_y, N_{pl,R_d}, N_{cr}, \bar{\lambda}, \alpha_{yy}, X$ 

check\_overall\_buckling\_resistance\_about\_yy\_axis

Perform check #1, calculating the overall buckling resistance of member about major y - y axis

#### Description

Calculate the overall buckling resistance of member about y-y axis, based on EC3 Approach.

$$L_e = kL$$

[mm] where L is the critical length for buckling about major axis y-y Steps of the check performed for laced struts:

1. Plastic resistance of the cross-section to compression [kN]

$$N_{pl,R_d} = 2(A f y)$$

2. The Euler buckling load [kN]

$$N_{cr,X} = \frac{\pi^2 E I_{yy}}{L_e^2}$$

3. Relative slenderness [dimensionless]

$$\bar{\lambda_X} = \sqrt{\frac{N_{pl,R_d}}{N_{cr,X}}}$$

4. Calculate  $\Phi_X$  parameter for slenderness reduction factor

$$\Phi_X = 0.5 \left[ 1 + \alpha \left( \bar{\lambda_X} - 0.2 \right) + \bar{\lambda_X}^2 \right]$$

5. Slenderness reduction factor [dimensionless]

$$X_{x} = \frac{1}{\Phi_{X} + \sqrt{\Phi_{X}^{2} - \bar{\lambda_{X}^{2}}^{2}}}$$

6. Output overall buckling resistance of the struts about y - y axis [kN]

$$N_{b,R_d,X} = X_X N_{pl,R_d}$$

The partial factors  $\gamma_M$  that are applied to resistance of members to instability:  $\gamma_{M_1} = 1$ 

#### Usage

```
check_overall_buckling_resistance_about_yy_axis(trial_member_size,
  member_type, steel_grade, k, L, E, list_reference_tables)
```

#### Arguments

trial\_member\_size

Trial member size

member\_type, categorical: 'UC' or 'UB'

steel\_grade steel\_grade  $[N/mm^2]$ , categorical: 'S355' or 'S275'

k Coefficient [dimensionless]

L Total length of member [m]

E Young's Modulus of Elasticity [GPa]

list\_reference\_tables

List of reference tables

## Value

 $N_{b,Rd,X}$  Overall buckling resistance of struts about major y-y axis [kN],  $N_{b,R_d,X}$ ,  $f_y$ ,  $N_{pl,R_d}$ ,  $N_{cr,X}$ ,  $\lambda_X$ ,  $\alpha_{yy}$ , X

check\_overall\_buckling\_resistance\_about\_zz\_axis

Perform check #2, calculating the overall buckling resistance of struts about major z - z axis

#### Description

Calculate the overall buckling resistance of member about z-z axis, based on EC3 Approach.

$$L_e = k L$$

[mm] where L is the critical length for buckling about major axis z-z Steps of the check performed for laced struts:

1. Plastic resistance of the cross-section to compression [kN]

$$N_{pl,R_d} = 2(A f y)$$

2. The Euler buckling load [kN]

$$N_{cr,Y} = \frac{\pi^2 E I_{eff}}{{L_e}^2}$$

3. Relative slenderness [dimensionless]

$$\bar{\lambda_Y} = \sqrt{\frac{N_{pl,R_d}}{N_{cr,Y}}}$$

4. Calculate  $\Phi_Y$  parameter for slenderness reduction factor

$$\Phi_Y = 0.5 \left[ 1 + \alpha \left( \bar{\lambda_Y} - 0.2 \right) + \bar{\lambda_Y}^2 \right]$$

5. Slenderness reduction factor [dimensionless]

$$X_Y = \frac{1}{\Phi_Y + \sqrt{\Phi_Y^2 - \bar{\lambda_Y}^2}}$$

6. Output overall buckling resistance of the struts about z-z axis [kN]

$$N_{b,R_d,Y} = X_Y N_{pl,R_d}$$

The partial factors  $\gamma_M$  that are applied to resistance of members to instability:  $\gamma_{M_1} = 1$ 

#### Usage

check\_overall\_buckling\_resistance\_about\_zz\_axis(trial\_member\_size,
 member\_type, steel\_grade, k, L, E, h0, list\_reference\_tables)

#### Arguments

trial\_member\_size

Trial member size

member\_type, categorical: 'UC' or 'UB'

steel\_grade steel\_grade  $[N/mm^2]$ , categorical: 'S355' or 'S275'

k Coefficient [dimensionless]
L Total length of member [m]

E Young's Modulus of Elasticity [GPa]

h0 Distance between centroids of chords [mm]

list\_reference\_tables

List of reference tables

#### Value

 $N_{b,Rd,Y}$  Overall buckling resistance of struts about z-z axis [kN],  $N_{b,R_d,Y}$ ,  $f_y$ ,  $N_{pl,R_d}$ ,  $I_{eff}$ ,  $N_{cr,Y}$ ,  $\lambda_Y$ ,  $\alpha_{yy}$ , X

civilR

Package civilR

#### Description

Civil Engineering package.

compute\_output\_table

Export output table to Excel file

#### Description

Export output table to Excel file.

## Usage

compute\_output\_table(file\_name = "tables/input/output\_processed\_table.xlsx")

## Arguments

file\_name

Path and file name of the output table

#### Value

None

 ${\tt convert\_member\_dimensions\_string\_to\_elements}$ 

 $Convert\ individual\ member\ dimensions\ to\ a\ string$ 

## Description

Convert individual member dimensions to a string.

## Usage

convert\_member\_dimensions\_string\_to\_elements(s)

#### Arguments

s

String of the member dimensions

#### Value

- h Member height [mm]
- b Member width [mm]
- m Member weight [kg/m]

#### convert\_member\_dimensions\_to\_string

Convert the member size individual dimensions to a standard string

#### Description

Generate a combined string from given three individual elements, separated by "x".

## Usage

```
convert_member_dimensions_to_string(h, b, m)
```

## Arguments

```
\begin{array}{lll} \mathbf{h} & & \mathbf{Member\ height}\ [mm] \\ \mathbf{b} & & \mathbf{Member\ width}\ [mm] \\ \mathbf{m} & & \mathbf{Member\ mass}\ [kg/m] \end{array}
```

#### Value

String of the member dimensions

```
effective_length_of_member
```

Calculate the effective length of member

## Description

Calculate the effective length of member,  $L_e$  [m].

## Usage

```
effective_length_of_member(k, L)
```

## Arguments

k Effective length coefficient [dimensionless]
L Length of strut between restraints [m]

#### Value

 $L_e$  Effective length of strut [m]

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effective\_second\_moment\_of\_area

Calculate the effective second moment of area

## Description

Compute the effective second moment of area  $[mm^4]$ .  $I_{eff}$  is a function of the distance between the centroids of the chords and the section area of a chord, calculated as  $I_{eff} = 0.5 h_0^2 A$ .

## Usage

```
effective_second_moment_of_area(h0, A)
```

#### Arguments

h0 Distance between centroids of chords [mm]

A Cross-section area of strut  $[cm^2]$ 

#### Value

 $I_{eff}$  Effective second moment of area  $[mm^4]$ 

Euler\_buckling\_load

Calculate the Euler buckling load

#### Description

Calculate the Euler buckling load [kN]

$$N_{cr,ch} = \frac{\pi^2 E I}{L_e^2}$$

#### Usage

Euler\_buckling\_load(Le, E, I)

#### Arguments

Le Effective length of strut [mm]

E Young modulus  $[MPa \text{ or } MN/m^2]$ 

I - check 1:  $I_{yy}$ , second moment of area Axis y - y [ $cm^4$ ]. Check 2:  $I_{eff}$ , Effective second moment of area [ $mm^4$ ]. Check 3:  $I_{eff}$  or  $I_{zz}$  [ $mm^4$ ]

#### Value

 $N_{cr}$  Euler buckling load [kN]

extract\_member\_dimensions

Extract dimensions from reference table

## Description

Function that looks into the Blue Book https://www.steelforlifebluebook.co.uk/ for dimensions and properties.

#### Usage

```
extract_member_dimensions(h, b, m, member_type, list_reference_tables)
```

## Arguments

```
\begin{array}{lll} {\sf h} & & {\sf Member\ height}\ [mm] \\ {\sf b} & & {\sf Member\ width}\ [mm] \\ {\sf m} & & {\sf Member\ mass}\ [kg/m] \\ {\sf member\_type} & & {\sf Member\ type,\ 'UB'\ or\ 'UC'} \\ {\sf list\_reference\_tables} \end{array}
```

List of reference tables

## Value

- A Area of section  $[cm^2]$
- tw Thickness of web [mm]
- tf Thickness of flange [mm]
- Iyy Second moment of area axis y y [ $cm^4$ ]
- sh Depth of section [mm]
- sb Width of section [mm]
- Izz Second moment of area axis z z [ $cm^4$ ]

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} imperfection\_factor\_yy & \it Calculate~the~imperfection~factor~\alpha\_yy~for~rolled~section~[dimensionless] \end{tabular}$ 

## Description

Calculate the imperfection factor  $\alpha_{yy}$  for rolled section [dimensionless].

#### Usage

```
imperfection_factor_yy(h, b, tf)
```

#### Arguments

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{h} & \mbox{Member height } [mm] \\ \mbox{b} & \mbox{Member width } [mm] \end{array}$ 

tf thickness of the flange [mm]

#### Value

 $\alpha_{yy}$  Imperfection factor for y-y axis [dimensionless]

 ${\tt imperfection\_factor\_zz} \ \ {\it Calculate the imperfection factor} \ \alpha\_{\it zz for rolled section}$ 

## Description

Calculate the imperfection factor  $\alpha_{zz}$  for rolled section.

#### Usage

```
imperfection_factor_zz(h, b, tf)
```

#### Arguments

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{h} & \mbox{Member height } [mm] \\ \mbox{b} & \mbox{Member width } [mm] \end{array}$ 

tf thickness of the flange [mm]

## Value

 $\alpha_{zz}$  Imperfection factor for z-z axis [dimensionless]

import\_reference\_BlueBook\_tables

Import Reference BlueBook Tables from Excel files

## Description

Import Reference BlueBook Tables from Excel files.

## Usage

```
import_reference_BlueBook_tables()
```

## Arguments

None

#### Value

List of 4 BlueBook reference tables

maximum\_shear\_force\_in\_the\_lacing

Calculate the maximum shear force in the lacing

## Description

Calculate the maximum shear force in the lacing,  $V_{E_d}$  [kN] (for a laced strut subject to a compressive axial force only)

 $V_{E_d} = \pi \, \frac{M_{E_d}}{L}$ 

#### Usage

maximum\_shear\_force\_in\_the\_lacing(MEd, L)

#### Arguments

MEd Second order moment [kN.m]

Length of strut between restraints [m]

#### Value

 $V_{E_d}$  Maximum shear force in the lacing [kN] (for a laced strut subject to a compressive axial force only)

max\_compressive\_axial\_force\_in\_chords

Maximum compressive axial force in the chords

#### Description

Determine maximum compressive axial force in the chords at mid-length of the strut,  $N_{ch,E_d}$  [kN]

#### Usage

```
max_compressive_axial_force_in_chords(trial_member_size, member_type,
   steel_grade, k, L, n, Ad, Lch, E, h0, Ned, list_reference_tables)
```

## Arguments

 $trial\_member\_size$ 

Trial member size

 ${\tt member\_type} \qquad {\tt member\_type}, \ {\tt categorical:} \ {\tt 'UC'} \ {\tt or} \ {\tt 'UB'}$ 

 ${\tt steel\_grade} \qquad {\tt steel\_grade} \ [N/mm^2], \ {\tt categorical:} \ 'S355' \ {\tt or} \ 'S275'$ 

k Coefficient of length as function of wall rigidity [dimensionless]

Length between two restraints [m]

n Number of lacing planes, default [n=2]

Ad Section area of diagonal (lacing),  $[cm^2]$ 

Length of chord of between restrains (lace points) [m]

E Young modulus  $[GPa \text{ or } GN/m^2]$ 

h0 Distance between centroids of chords [m]

Ned Axial compression Force [kN]

list\_reference\_tables

List of reference tables

#### Value

 $N_{ch,E_d}$  Maximum compressive axial force in the chords [kN],  $S_v$ ,  $N_{cr,ch}$ ,  $M_{E_d}$ 

## overall\_buckling\_resistance\_about\_axis

Calculate the overall buckling resistance of the memeber about the axis

#### Description

General case to compute the overall buckling resistance of the member,  $N_{b,R_d}$  [kN], about the axis, calculated as:

$$N_{b,R_d} = X N_{pl,R_d}$$

#### Usage

overall\_buckling\_resistance\_about\_axis(X, N\_pl\_Rd)

#### Arguments

X Slenderness reduction factor [dimentionless]

N\_pl\_Rd Plastic resistance of the cross-section to compression [kN]

#### Value

 $N_{b,R_d}$  Overall buckling resistance of the struts about the axis [kN]

## $\verb|plastic_resistance_of_cross_section_to_compression|$

 ${\it Calculate}$  the plastic resistance of the cross-section to compression

#### Description

Calculate the plastic resistance of the cross-section to compression [N], based on cross-section area A and yield strength  $f_y$ .

#### Usage

plastic\_resistance\_of\_cross\_section\_to\_compression(A, fy)

read\_input\_table 17

#### Arguments

A Cross-section area of the strut  $[cm^2]$ 

fy Yield strength  $[kN/mm^2]$ 

#### Value

 $N_{pl,R_d}$  Plastic resistance of the cross-section to compression [N]

read\_input\_table

Read input table from given Excel file

## Description

Read input table from given Excel file.

#### Usage

```
read_input_table(file_name = "tables/input/trial1_kotik.xlsx")
```

#### Arguments

file\_name

Path and file name of the input table

#### Value

Input table

 $relative\_slenderness$ 

Calculate the relative slenderness

## Description

Calculate the relative slenderness [dimensionless]

$$\bar{\lambda} = \sqrt{\frac{N_{pl,R_d}}{N_{cr}}}$$

#### Usage

relative\_slenderness(N\_pl\_Rd, Ncr)

#### Arguments

N\_pl\_Rd Plastic resistance of the cross-section to compression [kN]

Ncr Euler buckling load [kN]

#### Value

 $\bar{\lambda}$  Relative slenderness [dimentionless]

18 shear\_stiffness

 $second\_order\_bending\_moment$ 

Calculate the second order bending moment

#### Description

Compute the second order bending moment,  $M_{E_d}$  [kN.m]. The maximum bending moment, including the bow imperfection and the second order effects, calculated as:

$$M_{E_d} = \frac{N_{E_d} e_0 + M_{E_d}^{\ I}}{1 - \frac{N_{E_d}}{N_{cr,Y}} - \frac{N_{E_d}}{S_v}}$$

## Usage

second\_order\_bending\_moment(L, Ned, Sv, Ncr)

## Arguments

Length of strut between restraints [mm]

Ned axial\_compression\_force [kN]

Sv Shear stiffness for K-shape lacing [kN]

Ncr Euler buckling load from check #2 global zz [kN]

#### Value

 $M_{E_d}$  Second order moment [kN.m]

 $shear\_stiffness$ 

Calculate the shear stiffness for K-shape lacing

#### Description

Calculate the shear stiffness for K-shape lacing [kN]. The expression of shear stiffness is:

$$S_v = \frac{n E A_d L_{ch} h_0^2}{d^3}$$

### Usage

 $shear_stiffness(n = 2, Ad, Lch, E, h0)$ 

## Arguments

n	Number of planes of lacing, default $[n=2]$
Ad	Section area of diagonal (lacing), $[cm^2]$

Length of chord of between restrains (lace points) [m]

E Young modulus  $[GPa \text{ or } GN/m^2]$ 

h0 Distance between centroids of chords [m]

#### Value

 $S_v$  Shear stiffness for K-shape lacing [kN]

slenderness\_reduction\_factor

Calculate the slenderness reduction factor

#### Description

Calculate the slenderness reduction factor X [dimentionless] for the general case.

$$\Phi = 0.5 \left[ 1 + \alpha \left( \bar{\lambda} - 0.2 \right) + \bar{\lambda}^2 \right]$$
$$X = \frac{1}{\Phi + \sqrt{\Phi^2 - \bar{\lambda}^2}}$$

#### Usage

slenderness\_reduction\_factor(alpha, lambda\_bar)

#### Arguments

alpha Check #1: imperfection factor  $\alpha_{yy}$  for rolled section [dimentionless].

Check 2 & 3: imperfection factor  $\alpha_{zz}$  for rolled section [dimentionless]

lambda\_bar, Relative slenderness  $\bar{\lambda}$  [dimentionless]

#### Value

X Slenderness reduction factor [dimentionless]

#### Description

Calculate Temperature Load as a function of a surface changes of temperature, TL [kN]. Usually used for calculation of Axial Compression Force for the top level member.

$$TL = \alpha_T \, \delta_T \, k_T \, E \, A$$

#### Usage

temperature\_load(alpha\_T = 1.2e-05, delta\_T = 10, 
$$k_T = 0.8$$
,  $E = 210$ ,  $A = 94.4$ )

#### Arguments

alpha\_T Thermal coefficient of expansion [degC] delta\_T Change in temperature from the Installation temperature [degC] k\_T Coefficient Of temperature effect [dimensionless] E Young's Modulus of Elasticity [GPa or GN/m2] A Sectional area from table for given member size  $[cm^2]$ 

#### Value

TL Temperature load [kN]

20 yield\_strength

trial\_member\_size
Determine member size

## Description

Find optimized designation [ height (mm) x width (mm) x mass (kg/m) ] (also called member size) for given Axial Compression Force and critical length for major and minor axis. Searching into the tables based on the 'Compression' tables of the Blue Book https://www.steelforlifebluebook.co.uk/

#### Usage

```
trial_member_size(Lcry, Lcrz, Ned, steel_grade, member_type,
   list_reference_tables)
```

#### Arguments

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Lcry} & \mbox{critical length major axis} \ [m] \\ \mbox{Lcrz} & \mbox{critical length minor axis} \ [m] \\ \mbox{Ned} & \mbox{Axial compression force} \ [kN] \\ \end{array}$ 

steel\_grade steel\_grade  $[N/mm^2]$ , categorical: 'S355' or 'S275'

member\_type member\_type, categorical: 'UC' or 'UB'

 $list\_reference\_tables$ 

List of reference tables

#### Value

Member size [ height (mm) x width (mm) x mass (kg/m) ]

yield\_strength Calcu

Calculate the yield strength

## Description

```
Calculate the yield strength, f_y [N/mm<sup>2</sup>]
```

## Usage

```
yield_strength(tw, tf, steel_grade)
```

## Arguments

tw Thickness of the web [mm]tf Thickness of the flange [mm]

steel\_grade steel\_grade  $[N/mm^2]$ , categorical: 'S355' or 'S275'

## Value

```
f_y Yield strength [N/mm^2]
```

yield\_strength 21

## Examples

yield\_strength(tw=47.6, tf=77, steel\_grade="S355")

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